


SCHEME INFORMATION DOCUMENT

Principal Retirement Savings Fund

[An open ended retirement solution oriented scheme having a lock-in of 5 years or till retirement age (whichever is earlier)]

This product is suitable for investors who are seeking*:

Conservative Plan	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Income generation and capital appreciation over the medium to long term. Investment in equity and equity related instruments, debt and money market instruments and arbitrage opportunities. 	<div style="text-align: center;">  <p>RISKOMETER</p> <p>LOW HIGH</p> </div> <p>Investors understand that their principal will be at moderately high risk</p>
Moderate Plan	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Income and Long term capital growth. Investment in equity & equity related securities, debt/money market securities as well as derivatives. 	
Progressive Plan	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Long term Capital Growth Investment in equity & equity related securities including equity derivatives of companies across market capitalization. 	

*Investors should consult their financial advisers if in doubt about whether the product is suitable for them.

Continuous Offer for Units at NAV based Prices

Name of Mutual Fund	Principal Mutual Fund
Name of Asset Management Company	Principal Asset Management Private Limited (formerly known as Principal Pnb Asset Management Company Limited)
Name of Trustee Company	Principal Trustee Company Private Limited

Address, Website of the Entities:

Principal Mutual Fund	Address: Exchange Plaza, 'B' Wing, Ground Floor, NSE Building, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai - 400 051 Website: www.principalindia.com Email: customer@principalindia.com Toll Free No.: 1800 425 5600 Fax No. – (022) 67720512
Principal Asset Management Private Limited (formerly known as Principal Pnb Asset Management Company Private Limited)	
Principal Trustee Company Private Limited	

The particulars of the Scheme have been prepared in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations 1996, (herein after referred to as SEBI (MF) Regulations) as amended till date, and filed with SEBI, along with a Due Diligence Certificate from Principal Asset Management Pvt. Ltd (formerly known as Principal Pnb Asset Management Company Private Limited). The units being offered for public subscription have not been approved or recommended by SEBI nor has SEBI certified the accuracy or adequacy of the Scheme Information Document.

The Scheme Information Document sets forth concisely the information about the scheme that a prospective investor ought to know before investing. Before investing, investors should also ascertain about any further changes to this Scheme Information Document after the date of this Document from the Mutual Fund/ Investor Service Centres/ Website/ Distributors or Brokers.

The investors are advised to refer to the Statement of Additional Information (SAI) for details of Principal Mutual Fund, Tax and Legal issues and general information on www.principalindia.com.

SAI is incorporated by reference and is legally a part of the Scheme Information Document. For a free copy of the current SAI, please contact your nearest Investor Service Centre or log on to our website. The Scheme Information Document should be read in conjunction with the SAI and not in isolation.

This Scheme Information Document is dated September 29, 2020.

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SECTION I: HIGHLIGHTS/SUMMARY OF THE SCHEME

<p>Name of the Scheme</p>	<p>Principal Retirement Savings Fund with three separate plans namely; (i) Conservative Plan; (ii) Moderate Plan; (iii) Progressive Plan.</p> <p><i>(Erstwhile known as Principal Asset Allocation Fund-of- Funds (i) Conservative Plan; (ii) Moderate Plan; (iii) Aggressive Plan)</i></p>						
<p>Type of the scheme</p>	<p>An open ended retirement solution oriented scheme having a lock-in of 5 years or till retirement age (whichever is earlier).</p>						
<p>Investment Objective</p>	<p>The investment objective of the scheme is to provide capital appreciation and income generation to enable investors save over the long term towards their retirement savings goals, by investing in a mix of securities comprising of equity, equity related instruments and fixed income securities.</p> <p>However, there can be no assurance or guarantee that the investment objective of the Scheme will be achieved.</p>						
<p>Liquidity</p>	<p>Lock - in Period in the scheme: 5 years or till attainment of retirement age of 60 years, from the date of allotment of units, whichever is earlier. Lock-in period is applicable at the scheme level. Investors will be allowed to switch between the Plans in the Scheme during the lock in period.</p> <p>Auto transfer facility and switch option is available across the three plans namely Progressive Plan, Moderate Plan & Conservative Plan during the lock – in period.</p> <p>Liquidity will be available through sale and repurchase of units on all business days on an ongoing basis. Unitholders can subscribe to and get their units repurchased on all business days at NAV related prices after the completion of the lock-in period (with exit load as may be mandated by AMC from time to time).</p> <p>As per SEBI Regulations, the Mutual Fund shall dispatch Redemption proceeds within 10 Business Days of receiving the Redemption request. A penal interest of 15% or such other rate as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time will be paid in case the redemption proceeds are not dispatched within 10 Business Days of the date of Redemption request.</p> <p>However, under normal circumstances, the Mutual Fund will endeavor to dispatch the Redemption proceeds well before 10 Business Days from the acceptance of the duly completed Redemption request.</p>						
<p>Benchmark</p>	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>Conservative Plan</td> <td>Composite Benchmark: 30% Nifty 50 + 70% Crisil Liquid Fund Index</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Moderate Plan</td> <td>Crisil Hybrid 35+65 - Aggressive Index</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Progressive Plan</td> <td>Nifty 200 Full Market Cap Index</td> </tr> </table> <p>The Scheme/Plan reserves the right to change the said benchmark and/or adopt one/more other benchmarks to compare the performance of the Scheme/Plan, subject to SEBI Regulations.</p>	Conservative Plan	Composite Benchmark: 30% Nifty 50 + 70% Crisil Liquid Fund Index	Moderate Plan	Crisil Hybrid 35+65 - Aggressive Index	Progressive Plan	Nifty 200 Full Market Cap Index
Conservative Plan	Composite Benchmark: 30% Nifty 50 + 70% Crisil Liquid Fund Index						
Moderate Plan	Crisil Hybrid 35+65 - Aggressive Index						
Progressive Plan	Nifty 200 Full Market Cap Index						
<p>Transparency / NAV Disclosure.</p>	<p>The NAV will be calculated by the AMC for each business day. The AMC shall update the NAVs on the website of the Mutual Fund (www. principalindia.com) and on the</p>						

	<p>website of Association of Mutual Funds in India - AMFI (www.amfiindia.com) by 11.00 p.m. every Business Day and or such other time as may be prescribed by SEBI/AMFI from time to time.</p> <p>In case of any delay, the reasons for such delay would be explained to AMFI in writing. If the NAVs are not available before the commencement of business hours on the following day due to any reasons, a press release shall be issued giving reasons and explaining when the AMC would be able to publish the NAVs.</p> <p>The fund shall within one month of the close of each half year that is 31st March and 30th September, host unaudited financial results of the Scheme on its website: www.principalindia.com in a user friendly and downloadable format (preferably in a spread sheet). An advertisement intimating the same, shall be published in at least one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation and in a newspaper having wide circulation published in the language of the region where the Head Office of the Mutual Fund is situated.</p> <p>The Fund shall disclose portfolio (along with ISIN) as on the last day of the month/ half-year for the Scheme on its website www.principalindia.com and on the website of AMFI within 10 days from the close of each month/ half-year respectively in a user friendly and downloadable format.</p>
<p>Loads (During NFO as well as ongoing basis) "Entry Load" "Exit Load" or "Redemption Load" (Load on Redemption / Switch out of Units)</p>	<p><u>For each of the Plan(s) under the Scheme:</u></p> <p>Entry Load: Not Applicable</p> <p>Exit Load –</p> <p>i. Nil in case of RWP/Redemption/Switch out from Principal Retirement Savings Fund after completion of 5 years lock in period, or after attainment of retirement age of 60 years whichever is earlier.</p> <p>ii. Nil in case of Auto transfer facility and switch option across the three plans namely Progressive Plan, Moderate Plan & Conservative Plan during lock – in period. (Note: Age will be computed with reference to years completed on the date of transaction)</p>
<p>Minimum Application Amount (New Investor)</p>	<p>Minimum application amount will be Rs.5,000/- and any amount thereafter under each Plan/Sub-Plan.</p> <p>Systematic Investment Plan: Minimum Six installments of Rs. 2000/- each.</p> <p>Systematic Transfer Plan: Minimum Six installments of Rs.1000/- each (available after the completion of lock-in period.</p> <p>Regular Withdrawal Plan: Minimum Six installments of Rs.500/- each (available after completion of lock-in period.</p> <p>Auto transfer facility and switch option is available across the three plans namely Progressive Plan, Moderate Plan & Conservative Plan during the lock – in period</p>
<p>Minimum Application Amount (Existing Investor)</p>	<p>Rs.1000/- and any amount thereafter under each Plan/Sub-Plan.</p>
<p>Minimum Repurchase/Redemption Amount</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Where the holding amount / units exceed Rs. 500/- / 50 units - Rs. 500/- or 50 units;

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Where the holding is less than Rs. 500/- or 50 units - entire balance needs to be redeemed. In case redemptions sought is for lesser value / quantity, entire balance will be redeemed
Sub-Plans (s) / Option(s)	<p>The Scheme/Plans will have two Sub-Plans[#] i.e. Regular Sub-Plan & Direct Sub-Plan with a common portfolio and separate NAVs. Investors should indicate the Sub-Plan for which the subscription is being made by indicating the choice in the application form.</p> <p>Each of the Sub-Plans mentioned above offers Growth Option (default) and Dividend Option.</p> <p>[#] Direct Sub-Plan is only for investors who purchase /subscribe Units in a Scheme directly with the Fund. This Sub-plan is not available for investors who wish to purchase/subscribe units through a Distributor – such investors have to subscribe for Regular Sub-Plan.</p> <p>Regular Sub-Plan and Direct Sub-Plan have the same features (i.e. Investment Objective, Asset Allocation Pattern, Investment Strategy, Risk factors) and Facilities offered including terms and conditions except that Direct Sub-Plan shall have a lower expense ratio excluding distribution expenses, commission, etc and no commission for distribution of Units will be paid / charged under Direct Sub-Plan.</p> <p>Dividend Option: Under Dividend Option, dividend will be declared subject to availability of distributable surplus and at the discretion of AMC/Trustee. The undistributed portion of the income will remain in the Option and be reflected in the NAV, on an ongoing basis. The Trustee decision with regard to availability and adequacy, rate, timing and frequency of distribution of dividend shall be final.</p> <p>Further, the Dividend Option will have the facility of Re-investment, Payout and Sweep. Applicants should indicate the Option/Facility for which the subscription is made by indicating the choice in the appropriate box provided for this purpose in the Application Form. Applicants can allocate the investment in both the Options subject to a minimum investment amount of the Scheme.</p> <p>Dividend option will have the facility of Payout, Re-investment and Sweep.</p> <p>Dividend Payout Facility Under this Facility, the unit holders would receive payout of their dividend.</p> <p>Dividend Re-investment Facility Under this Facility, dividend declared will be re-invested in the Scheme/Option itself, at applicable NAV based prices</p> <p>Dividend Sweep Facility Under this facility, the unit holders may reinvest their dividend in any other open ended scheme of the Fund at the applicable NAV based prices, subject to the minimum investment and eligibility requirements of the scheme in which the dividend is being invested. The appropriate number of units shall be credited to unit holder's account at the applicable NAV on the same date when the NAV is ex-dividend.</p>

	<p>Default Plan for scheme: In case investor fails to specify any Plan, then units shall, by default, be issued under the following Plan depending upon the age of the investors:</p> <p>i) In case the age of investor is less than 52 years then units shall, by default, be allotted under “Progressive Plan”.</p> <p>ii) In case the age of investor is 52 years or more but less than 57 years then units shall, by default, be allotted under “Moderate Plan”</p> <p>iii) In case the age of investor is 57 years or more then units shall, by default, be allotted under “Conservative Plan”.</p> <p>In case the investor doesn’t specify :</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. the Plan under which the investor intends to make an investment; or 2. the age of the investor at the time of investment, <p>then the units shall be allotted under “Moderate Plan” (default plan).</p>
<p>Fund Manager & Managing the Current Fund from</p>	<p>Mr. Ravi Gopalakrishnan– July 2019</p> <p>Tenure of the Fund Manager: Mr. Ravi Gopalakrishnan– 1 year 1Month</p>

SECTION II. INTRODUCTION

A. RISK FACTORS

Standard Risk Factors:

- Investment in Mutual Fund Units involves investment risks such as trading volumes, settlement risk, liquidity risk, default risk including the possible loss of principal.
- As the price / value / interest rates of the securities in which the Scheme invests fluctuates, the value of your investment in the Scheme may go up or down. As with any investment in stocks, shares and securities, the NAV of the Units under the Scheme can go up or down, depending on the factors and forces affecting the capital markets.
- Past performance of the Sponsor/AMC/Mutual Fund does not guarantee future performance of the Scheme.
- Principal Retirement Savings Fund is only the name of the Scheme and does not in any manner indicate either the quality of the Scheme or its future prospects and returns.
- The sponsor or any of its associates including co-settlers are not responsible or liable for any loss resulting from the operation of the Scheme beyond the initial contribution of Rs. 25 lakhs made by it towards setting up the Fund.
- The present scheme is not a guaranteed or assured return scheme

Scheme Specific Risk Factors:

Risk Associated with Investing in Equities & Units of Equity Mutual Fund Schemes (applicable where the asset allocation pattern of the Scheme provides such investment)

- The value of Scheme's / Plan's investments may be affected by factors affecting the Securities markets and price and volume volatility in the capital markets, interest rates, currency exchange rates, changes in law/policies if the Government, taxation laws and political, economic or other developments which may have an adverse bearing on individual securities, a specific sector or all sectors. Consequently, the NAV of the units of the Scheme/Plan may be affected.
- Equity & Equity related securities are volatile and prone to price fluctuations on a daily basis. The liquidity of investments made in the Scheme/Plan may be restricted by trading volumes and settlement periods. Settlement periods may be extended significantly by unforeseen circumstances. The inability of the Scheme/Plan to make intended securities purchases due to settlement problems could cause the Scheme/Plan to miss certain investment opportunities. Similarly, the inability to sell securities held in the Scheme's/Plan's portfolio may result, at times, in potential losses to the Scheme/Plan, should there be a subsequent decline in the value of securities held in the Scheme's / Plan's portfolio.
- The liquidity and valuation of the Scheme's / Plan's investments due to the holdings of unlisted securities may be affected if they have to be sold prior to the target date of disinvestment.
- Securities which are not quoted on the stock exchanges are inherently illiquid in nature and carry a larger liquidity risk in comparison with securities that are listed on the exchanges or offer other exit options to the investors, including put options.
- The liquidity of the Scheme/Plan is inherently restricted by trading volumes in securities in which it invests.
- Investment decisions made by the Investment Manager may not always be profitable.

To the extent the underlying mutual fund scheme(s) invest in Equity and Equity related Instruments, the Scheme/Plan which invest in Equity Mutual Fund Schemes (where the asset allocation pattern of the Scheme/Plan provides such investment) shall be affected by the afore mentioned risk factors. The Net Asset Value (NAV) of the units of the Scheme/Plan is likely to get effected on accounts of such risk factors. Any change in the investment policies or fundamental attributes of any underlying

scheme is likely to affect the performance of the Scheme/Plan. Further, the liquidity of the Scheme's / Plan's investments may be inherently restricted by the liquidity of the underlying schemes in which it has invested.

Risk Associated with Investing in Debt and/or Money Market Instruments- -

Price-Risk or Interest-Rate Risk: Fixed income securities such as bonds, debentures and money market instruments run price-risk or interest-rate risk. Generally, when interest rates rise, prices of existing fixed income securities fall and when interest rates drop, such prices increase. The extent of fall or rise in the prices is a function of the existing coupon, days to maturity and the increase or decrease in the level of interest rates.

Credit Risk: In simple terms this risk means that the issuer of a debenture/ bond or a money market instrument may default on interest payment or even in paying back the principal amount on maturity. Even where no default occurs, the price of a security may go down because the credit rating of an issuer goes down. It must, however, be noted that where the Scheme has invested in Government Securities, there is no credit risk to that extent.

Re-investment Risk: Investments in fixed income securities may carry re-investment risk as interest rates prevailing on the interest or maturity due dates may differ from the original coupon of the bond. Consequently, the proceeds may get invested at a lower rate.

Interest Rate Movement (Basis Risk): The changes in the prevailing rates of interest will likely affect the value of the Scheme's holdings until the next reset date and thus the value of the Schemes' Units will be affected. Increased rates of interest, which frequently accompany inflation and/ or a growing economy, are likely to have a negative effect on the value of the Units. The value of securities held by the Scheme generally will vary inversely with changes in prevailing interest rates. The fund could be exposed to the interest rate risk (i) to the extent of time gap in resetting of the benchmark rates, and (ii) to the extent the benchmark index fails to capture the interest rate movement.

Prepayments Risk: In the event of prepayments, investors may be exposed to changes in tenor and yield.

Spread Risk: In a floating rate security the coupon is expressed in terms of a spread or mark up over the benchmark rate. However depending upon the market conditions the spreads may move adversely or favourably leading to fluctuation in NAV.

To the extent the underlying Mutual Fund Scheme invest in Debt / Money Market Instruments, the Scheme/Plan shall be affected by the afore mentioned risk factors viz. Price Risk, Interest Rate Risk, Credit Risk, Reinvestment Risk, Interest Rate Movement Risk, Prepayment Risk, Spread Risk etc. The Net Asset Value (NAV) of the units of the Scheme/Plan is likely to get effected on accounts of such risk factors. Any change in the investment policies or fundamental attributes of any underlying scheme is likely to affect the performance of the Scheme/Plan. Further, the liquidity of the Scheme's/Plan's investments may be inherently restricted by the liquidity of the underlying schemes in which it has invested.

Risks associated with Investing in Derivatives

Derivative products are leveraged instruments and can provide disproportionate gains as well as disproportionate losses to the investor. Execution of such strategies depends upon the ability of the fund manager to identify such opportunities. Identification and execution of the strategies to be pursued by the fund manager involve uncertainty and decision of fund manager may not always be profitable. No assurance can be given that the fund manager will be able to identify or execute such strategies.

The risks associated with the use of derivatives are different from or possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in securities and other traditional investments. The AMC may use various derivative products, as permitted and within the limits prescribed by SEBI and the RBI from time to time, in an attempt to optimize the value of the portfolio and enhance Unit holder's interest/value of the Scheme. As and when the Scheme trades in the derivatives market there are risk factors and issues concerning the use of derivatives that investors should understand. Derivative products are specialized instruments that require investment techniques and risk analysis different from those associated with stocks and bonds. The use of a derivative requires an understanding not only of the underlying instrument but also of the derivative itself. Derivatives require the

maintenance of adequate controls to monitor the transactions entered into, the ability to assess the risk that a derivative adds to the portfolio and the ability to forecast price or interest rate movements correctly. There is a possibility that a loss may be sustained by the portfolio as a result of the failure of another party (usually referred to as the “counter party”) to comply with the terms of the derivatives contract. The Scheme bears a risk that it may not be able to correctly forecast future market trends or the value of assets, indices or other financial or economic factors in establishing derivative positions for the Scheme. Other risks in using derivatives include the risk of mispricing or improper valuation of derivatives and the inability of derivatives to correlate in line with underlying assets, rates and indices.

Also, the market for derivative instruments is relatively nascent in India and does not have the volumes which may be seen in other developed markets, which may result in volatility to the values. Derivatives require the maintenance of adequate controls to monitor the transactions and the embedded market risks that a derivative adds to the portfolio. Besides the price of the underlying asset, the volatility, tenor and interest rates affect the pricing of derivatives.

Other risks in using derivatives include but are not limited to:

- (a) **Credit Risk** – this occurs when a counterparty defaults on a transaction before settlement and therefore the Scheme is compelled to negotiate with another counter party, at the then prevailing (possibly unfavorable) market price, in order to maintain the validity of the hedge. For exchange traded derivatives, the risk is mitigated as the exchange provides a guaranteed settlement but one takes the performance risk on the exchange.
- (b) **Market Liquidity risk** – this occurs where the derivatives cannot be sold (unwound) at prices that reflect the underlying assets, rates and indices.
- (c) **Model Risk** - the risk of mispricing or improper valuation of derivatives.
- (d) **Basis Risk** – This risk arises when the instrument used as a hedge does not match the movement in the instrument/ underlying asset being hedged. The risks may be inter-related also; for e.g. interest rate movements can affect equity prices, which could influence specific issuer/industry assets.

Trading in derivatives carry a high degree of risk although they are traded at a relatively small amount of margin which provides the possibility of great profit or loss in comparison with the principal investment amount. The Scheme may find it difficult or impossible to execute derivative transactions in certain circumstances. For example, when there are insufficient bids or suspension of trading due to price limit or circuit breakers, the Scheme may face a liquidity issue.

Interest Rate Swaps (IRS) are highly specialized instruments that require investment technique and risk analysis different from those associated with equity shares and other traditional securities. The use of a IRS requires not only an understanding of the referenced asset, reference rate, or index but also of the swap itself, without the benefit of observing the performance of the swap under all possible market conditions. Swap agreements are also subject to liquidity risk, which exists when a particular swap is difficult to purchase or sell. Swap agreements may be subject to pricing risk, which exists when a particular swap becomes extraordinarily expensive (or cheap) relative to historical prices or the prices of corresponding cash market instruments. IRS agreements are also subject to counterparty risk on account of insolvency or bankruptcy or failure of the counterparty to make required payments or otherwise comply with the terms of the agreement.

Risks associated with investing in Securitised Debt

The Scheme may invest in domestic securitised debt such as Asset Backed Securities (ABS) or Mortgage Backed Securities (MBS). Asset Backed Securities (ABS) are securitised debts where the underlying assets are receivables arising from various loans including automobile loans, personal loans, loans against consumer durables, etc. Mortgage Backed Securities (MBS) are securitised debts where the underlying assets are receivables arising from loans backed by mortgage of residential / commercial properties. ABS/ MBS instruments reflect the undivided interest in the underlying pool of assets and do not represent the obligation of the issuer of ABS/MBS or the originator of the underlying receivables. The ABS/MBS holders have a limited recourse to the extent of credit enhancement provided. If the delinquencies and credit losses in the underlying pool exceed the credit enhancement provided, ABS/MBS holders will suffer credit losses. ABS/MBS are also normally exposed to a higher level of reinvestment risk as compared to the normal corporate or sovereign debt.

At present in Indian market, following types of loans are securitised:

- Auto Loans (cars / commercial vehicles / two wheelers)
- Residential Mortgages or Housing Loans
- Consumer Durable Loans
- Personal Loans
- Corporates Loans

The main risks pertaining to each of the asset classes above are described below:

Auto Loans (cars / commercial vehicles /two wheelers)

The underlying assets (cars, commercial vehicles, two wheelers etc.) are susceptible to depreciation in value whereas the loans are given at high loan to value ratios. Thus, after a few months, the value of asset becomes lower than the loan outstanding. The borrowers, therefore, may sometimes tend to default on loans and allow the vehicle to be repossessed. These loans are also subject to model risk i.e. if a particular automobile model does not become popular, loans given for financing that model have a much higher likelihood of turning bad. In such cases, loss on sale of repossession vehicles is higher than usual. Commercial vehicle loans are susceptible to the cyclicity in the economy. In a downturn in economy, freight rates drop leading to higher defaults in commercial vehicle loans. Further, the second hand prices of these vehicles also decline in such economic environment.

Housing Loans

Housing loans in India have shown very low default rates historically. However, in recent years, loans have been given at high loan to value ratios and to a much younger borrower classes. The loans have not yet gone through the full economic cycle and have not yet seen a period of declining property prices. Thus the performance of these housing loans is yet to be tested and it need not conform to the historical experience of low default rates.

Consumer Durable Loans

The underlying security for such loans is easily transferable without the bank's knowledge and hence repossession is difficult. The underlying security for such loans is also susceptible to quick depreciation in value. This gives the borrowers a high incentive to default.

Personal Loans

These are unsecured loans. In case of a default, the bank has no security to fall back on. The lender has no control over how the borrower has used the borrowed money.

Corporate Loans

These are loans given to single or multiple corporates. The receivables from a pool of loans to corporates are assigned to a trust that issues Pass Through Certificates (PTC) in turn. The credit risk in such PTCs is on the underlying pool of loans to corporates. The credit risk of the underlying loans to the corporates would in turn depend of economic cycles.

Further, all the above categories of loans have the following common risks:

All the above loans are retail, relatively small value loans. There is a possibility that the borrower takes different loans using the same income proof and thus the income is not sufficient to meet the debt service obligations of all these loans. In India, there is no ready database available regarding past credit record of borrowers. Thus, loans may be given to borrowers with poor credit record. In retail loans, the risks due to frauds are high.

Trading volumes, settlement periods and transfer procedures may restrict the liquidity of some of these investments. Different segments of the Indian financial markets have different settlement periods, and such periods may be extended significantly by unforeseen circumstances. The length of time for settlement may affect the Scheme in the event it has to meet an inordinately large number of redemption or of restructuring of the Scheme's investment portfolio.

Risks associated with Short Selling and Securities Lending

- **Short selling –**

Short-selling is the sale of shares that the seller does not own at the time of trading. Instead, he borrows it from someone who already owns it. Later, the short seller buys back the stock he shorted and returns the stock to close out the loan. If the price of the stock has fallen, he can buy the stock back for less than he received for selling it and profits from it (the difference between higher short sale price and the lower purchase price). However, Short positions carry the risk of losing money and these losses may grow theoretically unlimited if the price increases without limit and shall result into major losses in the portfolio. In addition, the short selling will also have the risk of inability to borrow the securities by the seller. Then, it might be possible that the short seller will be required to purchase the securities sold short to cover the short even if the price of the security is higher at the time of the short sale.

If a stock starts to rise and a large number of short sellers try to cover their positions at the same time, it can quickly drive up the price even further. This phenomenon is known as a short squeeze. This might result in major losses in the portfolio.

- **Securities Lending :**

It may be noted that Securities Lending activity would have the inherent probability of collateral value drastically falling in times of strong downward market trends or due to it being comprised of tainted/forged securities, resulting in inadequate value of collateral until such time as that diminution in value is replenished by additional security. It is also possible that the borrowing party and /or the approved intermediary may suddenly suffer severe business setback and become unable to honor its commitments. This along with a simultaneous fall in value of collateral would render potential loss to the Scheme. Besides, there can also be temporary illiquidity of the securities that are lent out and the Scheme may not be able to sell such lent out securities.

Risks associated with investing in Tri-Party Repo through CCIL (TREPS)

Tri-party Repo i.e. TREPS facilitates, borrowing and lending of funds, in Triparty Repo arrangement. CCIL would be the Central Counterparty to all trades from Tri Party Repo Dealing System (TREPS) and would also perform the role and responsibilities of Triparty Repo Agent, in terms of Repurchase Transactions (Repo) (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2018 as amended from time to time. The mutual fund is a member of securities segment and Tri-party Repo trade settlement of the Clearing Corporation of India (CCIL). All TREPS trades are settled anonymously and centrally through the infrastructure and settlement systems provided by CCIL. Further the settlement is guaranteed by CCIL. This is a collateralized investment whereby borrowers have to give adequate amount of securities on which a haircut is applied by CCIL. CCIL periodically prescribes a list of securities eligible for contributions as collateral by members. Presently, all Central Government securities and Treasury bills are accepted as collateral by CCIL. The risk factors may undergo change in case the CCIL notifies securities other than Government of India securities as eligible for contribution as collateral.”

CCIL has several risk management processes in place such as initial margin, borrowing limits, identification of eligible collateral, haircuts on eligible collateral, mark to market margins (MTM) and volatility margin are applicable for Triparty Repo trades. There is a default fund for Triparty Repo trades. The exposure monitoring is online and on a pre-order basis, ensuring that orders can be placed only if the member has sufficient initial margin and/or borrowing limits to support the resultant trades. CCIL may temporarily impose volatility margin in case of a sudden increase in volatility in interest rates. Thus the settlement and counterparty risks are considerably low.

In the event of a clearing member failing to honour his settlement obligations, the default Fund is utilized to handle any shortfall arising out of such default and to complete the settlement. The sequence in which the above resources are used is known as the “Default Waterfall”. As per the waterfall mechanism, after the defaulter’s margins and the defaulter’s contribution to the default fund have been appropriated, CCIL’s contribution is used to meet the losses. Post utilization of CCIL’s contribution if there is a residual loss, it is appropriated from the default fund contributions of the non-defaulting members. Thus the scheme is subject to risk of the initial margin and default fund contribution being invoked in the event of

failure of any settlement obligations. In addition, the fund contribution is allowed to be used to meet the residual loss in case of default by the other clearing member (the defaulting member).

B. REQUIRMENT OF MINIMUM NUMBER OF INVESTORS

The Scheme/Plan shall have a minimum of 20 investors and no single investor shall account for more than 25% of the corpus of the Scheme/Plan. However, if such limit is breached during the NFO of the Scheme/Plan, the Fund will endeavour to ensure that within a period of three months or the end of the succeeding calendar quarter from the close of the NFO of the Scheme/Plan, whichever is earlier, the Scheme/Plan complies with these two conditions. In case the Scheme/Plan does not have a minimum of 20 investors in the stipulated period, the provisions of Regulation 39(2)(c) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations would become applicable automatically without any reference from SEBI and accordingly the Scheme/Plan shall be wound up and the units would be redeemed at applicable NAV. The two conditions mentioned above shall also be complied within each subsequent calendar quarter thereafter, on an average basis, as specified by SEBI. If there is a breach of the 25% limit by any investor over the quarter, a rebalancing period of one month would be allowed and thereafter the investor who is in breach of the rule shall be given 15 days' notice to redeem his exposure over the 25 % limit. Failure on the part of the said investor to redeem his exposure over the 25 % limit within the aforesaid 15 days would lead to automatic redemption by the Mutual Fund on the applicable Net Asset Value on the 15th day of the notice period. The Fund shall adhere to the requirements prescribed by SEBI from time to time in this regard.

C. SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS, IF ANY

Investment in the Scheme/Plan should be viewed by an investor/unitholder as a long term investment as mutual funds carry normal market risks and there can be no assurance and no guarantee that the Scheme/Plan will achieve its objective. It is recommended that an investment in the Scheme/Plan should not constitute a substantial proportion of an investment portfolio and may not be appropriate for all, as investment decisions made by the AMC will not always be profitable or prove to be correct. As with any investment in stocks and securities, the NAV of the Units under the Scheme/Plan can go up or down, depending on the factors and forces affecting the capital markets. Past performance of the schemes of Principal Mutual Fund, the Sponsor or its Group affiliates is not indicative of and does not guarantee the future performance of the Scheme/Plan. The name of the Scheme/Plan does not in any manner indicate the quality of the Scheme/Plan, its future prospects or the returns. Units may trade at a premium/discount to the Scheme's / Plan's NAV. The Scheme/Plan is not intended as a complete investment program. Investors, therefore, are urged to study the terms of this offer carefully and consult their Investment Advisor before they invest in the Scheme/Plan. Investors'/unitholders' attention is drawn to the risk factors set out in the beginning of this Scheme Information Document and also to the following specific risks:

Regulatory Risks: Neither this SID nor the Units have been registered in any jurisdiction. The distribution of this SID in certain jurisdictions may be restricted or subject to registration requirements and, accordingly, persons who come into possession of this SID are required to inform themselves about, and to observe, any such restrictions. No person receiving a copy of this Scheme Information Document or any accompanying application form in such jurisdiction may treat this SID or such application form as constituting an invitation to them to subscribe for Units, nor should they in any event use any such application form, unless in the relevant jurisdiction such an invitation could lawfully be made to them and such application form could lawfully be used without compliance with any registration or other legal requirements. Accordingly, this Scheme Information Document does not constitute an offer or solicitation by anyone in any jurisdiction in which such offer or solicitation is not lawful or in which the person making such offer or solicitation is not qualified to do so or to anyone to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation. It is the responsibility of any persons in possession of this Scheme Information Document and any persons wishing to apply for Units pursuant to this Scheme Information Document to inform themselves of and to observe, all applicable laws and Regulations of such relevant jurisdiction.

Prospective investors should review/study this SID along with SAI and KIM carefully and in its entirety and shall not construe the contents hereof or regard the summaries contained herein as advice relating to legal, taxation, or financial/investment matters and are advised to consult their own professional advisor(s) as to the legal or any other requirements or restrictions relating to the subscription, gifting, acquisition, holding, disposal (sale, transfer, switch or redemption or conversion into money) of Units and to the treatment of income (if any), capitalization, capital gains, any distribution, and other tax consequences relevant to their subscription, acquisition, holding, capitalization, disposal (sale, transfer, switch or redemption or conversion into money) of Units within their jurisdiction/of nationality, residence, domicile etc. or under the laws of any

jurisdiction to which they or any managed Funds to be used to purchase/gift Units are subject, and (also) to determine possible legal, tax, financial or other consequences of subscribing/gifting to, purchasing or holding Units before making an application for Units.

No person has been authorized to give any information or to make any representations not confirmed in this SID in connection with the Offer of Units, and any information or representations not contained herein must not be relied upon as having been authorized by the Mutual Fund or the AMC or the Trustee. Statements made in this SID are based on the law and practice currently in force in India and are subject to change therein. Neither the delivery of this SID nor any sale made hereunder shall, under any circumstances, create any impression that the information herein is correct as of any time subsequent to the date hereof.

Performance Risk: The value of (and income from) an investment in the Scheme/Plan can decrease as well as increase, depending on a variety of factors, which may affect the values and income generated by a Scheme's/Plan's portfolio of securities. The returns of a Scheme's/Plan's investments are based on the current yields of the securities, which may be affected generally by factors affecting capital markets such as price and volume, volatility in the stock markets, interest rates, currency exchange rates, changes in government and Reserve Bank of India policy, taxation, political, economic or other developments and closure of the stock exchanges. Investors should understand that the investment composition indicated for the Scheme/Plan, in line with prevailing market conditions, is only a hypothetical example as all investments involve risk and there can be no assurance that the Scheme's/Plan's investment objective will be attained nor will the Scheme be in a position to maintain the model percentage of investment pattern/composition particularly under exceptional circumstances such that the interest of the unitholders are protected.

Political Risk: Whereas the Indian market was formerly restrictive, a process of deregulation has been taking place over recent years. This process has involved the removal of trade barriers and other protectionist measures, which could adversely affect the value of investments. It is possible that future changes in the Indian political situation, including political, social, or economic instability, diplomatic developments and changes in laws or regulations could have an effect on the value of investments. Expropriation, confiscatory taxation, or other relevant developments could also affect the value of investments.

Forex Risk: The scheme may also invest in overseas financial assets in accordance with the guidelines issued by the concerned regulatory authorities in India. To the extent that the assets of the Scheme will be invested in securities denominated in foreign currencies, the Indian Rupee equivalent of the net assets, distribution and income may be adversely affected by changes in the value of respective foreign currencies relative to the Indian rupee. The repatriation of capital to India may also be hampered by changes in regulations concerning exchange controls or political circumstances as well as the application to it or other restrictions on investment. In addition, country risks would include events such as introduction of extraordinary exchange controls, economic deterioration and bi-lateral conflict leading to immobilisation of the overseas financial assets.

Liquidity and Settlement Risks: The liquidity of the Scheme's investments may be inherently restricted by trading volumes, transfer procedures and settlement periods. From time to time, the Scheme will invest in certain securities of certain companies, industries, sectors etc. based on certain investment parameters as adopted internally by AMC. While at all times the Trustees and the AMC will endeavor that excessive holding/investment in certain securities of industries, sectors etc. by the Scheme be avoided, the assets invested by the Scheme in certain securities of industries, sectors, etc. may acquire a substantial portion of the Scheme's investment portfolio and collectively may constitute a risk associated with non-diversification and thus could affect the value of investments. The Scheme may have difficulty in disposing of certain securities because the security may be unlisted, due to greater price fluctuations there may be a thin trading market, different settlement periods and transfer procedures for a particular security at any given time. Settlement, if accomplished through physical delivery of stock certificates, is labour and paper intensive and may affect the liquidity. It should be noted that the Fund bears the risk of purchasing fraudulent or tainted papers. The secondary market for money market/debt securities does exist, but is generally not as liquid as the secondary market for other securities. Reduced liquidity in the secondary market may have an adverse impact on market price and the Scheme's ability to dispose of particular securities, when necessary, to meet the Scheme's liquidity needs or in response to a specific economic event, such as the deterioration in the creditworthiness of the issuer, etc. or during restructuring of the Scheme's investment portfolio. Furthermore, from time to time, the AMC, the Custodian, the Registrar, any Associate, any distributor, dealer, any company, corporate body, trust, any scheme/Mutual Fund managed by the AMC or by any other AMC may invest in the Scheme. While at all times the Trustees and the AMC will endeavor that

excessive holding of Units in the Scheme among a few unit holders is avoided, however, the amounts invested by these aforesaid persons may acquire a substantial portion of the Scheme's outstanding Units and collectively may constitute a majority unit holder in the Scheme. Accordingly, redemption of Units held by such persons may have an adverse impact on the value of the redemption and may impact the ability of the unit holders to redeem their respective Units.

D. DEFINITIONS/ABBREVIATIONS

ADRs and GDRs: American Depository Receipts (ADR) is negotiable certificates issued to represent a specified number of shares (or one share) in a foreign stock that is traded on a U.S. exchange. ADRs are denominated in U.S. dollars. Global Depository Receipts (GDRs) are negotiable certificates held in the bank of one country representing a specific number of shares of a stock traded on an exchange of another country.

AMC/Asset Management Company/Investment Manager/Principal: Principal Asset Management Private Limited (formerly known as Principal Pnb Asset Management Company Private Limited).

Applicable NAV:

The NAV applicable for subscription / redemption / switch in /switch out based on the time of the business day on which the application is accepted.

Business Day: A day other than:

- (i) Saturday and Sunday,
- (ii) a day on which the Banks in Mumbai and/or RBI are closed for business/clearing,
- (iii) a day on which the Bombay Stock Exchange Limited and/or National Stock Exchange of India Limited are closed,
- (iv) a day which is a public and/or bank holiday at an Investor Service Centre where the application is received,
- (v) a day on which sale and repurchase of units is suspended by the AMC,
- (vi) a day on which normal business could not be transacted due to storms, floods, bandhs, strikes etc.
- (vii) a day on which it is a non-business day for the underlying mutual fund(s).

The AMC reserves the right to declare any day as a Business Day or otherwise at any or all Investor Service Centres.

Calendar Year / Year: A Calendar Year shall be full English Calendar months viz. 12 months commencing from 1st January and ending on 31st December.

FPI: Foreign Portfolio Investor (FPI) means a person who satisfies the eligibility criteria prescribed under Regulation 4 and has been registered under Chapter II of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Foreign Portfolio Investor) Regulations, 2014

CDSC: Contingent Deferred Sales Charge permitted under the Regulations to be borne by the Unit Holder upon exiting (whether by way of redemption or Inter-scheme switching) based on the amount of investment (if applicable) and period of holding of Units.

Co-Settlers: Principal International India Ltd is a co-settlor to the Principal Mutual Fund, Principal Financial Group (Mauritius) Limited being the settlor.

Credit Risk: Risk of default in payment of principal or interest or both.

Custodian: An entity (for the time being SBI-SG Global Securities Services Private Limited) appointed for holding the securities and other assets of the Fund.

Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL)/ National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL): A Depository registered with SEBI under the SEBI (Depositories and Participant) Regulations, 1996, as amended from time to time.

Central Know Your Customers (CKYC): Central KYC Registry is a centralized repository of KYC records of customers in the financial sector with uniform KYC norms and inter-usability of the KYC records across the sector with an objective to reduce the burden of producing KYC documents and getting those verified every time when the customer creates a new relationship with a financial entity.

Day : Any day (including Saturday, Sunday and holiday) as per English Calendar viz 365 days in a year.

Debt Instruments : Government securities including Treasury Bills, corporate debentures, bonds, promissory notes, money market instruments, pass-through obligations and other possible similar securities.

Dematerialisation: It is a process by which physical certificates of an investor are converted to an equivalent number of securities in electronic form and credited in the investors account with its Depository Participant.

Depository: Depository as defined in the Depository Act, 1996 (22 of 1996).

Depository Participant: A person registered as participant under sub section (1A) of section 12 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 and who acts like an intermediary between the Depository and the investors to offer depository related services.

Dividend: Income distributed by the Mutual Fund on the units.

Entry Load: Load, if any, on sale/switch in of units.

Exit Load: Load on repurchase/switch out of units.

Equity related instruments: Equity related instruments include convertible debentures, bonds, warrants, ADRs/GDRs equity derivatives and other like instruments.

Financial Year : A Financial Year shall be full English Calendar months viz. 12 months commencing from 1st April and ending on 31st March.

Fund/Mutual Fund : Principal Mutual Fund, a trust set up under the provisions of the Indian Trust Act, 1882 and registered with SEBI bearing Registration No. MF/019/94/0 dated December 13, 1994.

Fixed Income Securities/Fixed Rate Debt Instruments: Debt Securities created and issued by, inter alia, Central Government, State Government, Local Authorities, Municipal Corporations, PSUs, Public Companies, Private Companies, Bodies Corporate, Unincorporated Special Purpose Vehicles (SPVs) and any other entities which may be recognised/permitted which yield at fixed or variable rate by way of interest, premium, discount or a combination of any of them.

GOI : Government of India.

Group: As defined in clause (ef) of section 2 of the Monopolies and Restrictive Trade Practices Act, 1969 (54 of 1969).

GST: Goods and Services Tax

Investment Management Agreement/IMA: Investment Management Agreement dated 25/11/94 as amended from time to time, between the Trustee and AMC.

ISC: Offices of AMC and such other centres / offices as may be designated by the AMC from time to time as its Investor Service Centre. It shall also include the Official Points of Acceptance as mentioned on the last /back cover page of this SID.

Load: A sum of money deducted from the value received or paid to the unitholder towards Repurchase of units.

Lock - in Period: 5 years or till attainment of retirement age of 60 years, from the date of allotment of units, whichever is earlier. Lock-in period is applicable at the scheme level. Investors will be allowed to switch between the Plans in the Scheme during the lock in period.

Market Price: Price which could be at premium /discount to the NAV depending upon the demand and supply of units.

MFSS: Mutual Fund Service System (MFSS) is an online order collection system provided by NSE to its eligible brokers for placing subscription or redemption orders on MFSS, based on orders received from the investors.

Money Market Instruments: Includes Commercial Papers, Commercial Bills, Treasury Bills, Government securities having an unexpired maturity up to one year Call or Notice Money, Certificate of Deposit, Usance Bill and any other like instrument as specified by RBI from time to time.

NAV: Net Asset Value of the units of the Scheme (and Plans / Sub-Plans therein) calculated in the manner provided in this Scheme Information Document by dividing the net assets by the number of outstanding units (on any valuation day) or as may be prescribed by the SEBI Regulations from time to time. The NAV will be computed upto four decimal places.

Net Assets : Net Assets of the Scheme at any time shall be the total value of the Schemes' assets, less its liabilities taking into consideration the accruals and the provision.

NFO: New Fund Offer

Non-Resident/NRI: Non-resident is any person who is not a resident in India.

NSE: National Stock Exchange.

Overseas Corporate Bodies (OCB) : Overseas Corporate Bodies, partnership firms and societies which are held directly or indirectly but ultimately to the extent of at least 60% by non-resident individuals of Indian nationality or origin, as also an overseas trust in which at least 60% of the beneficial interest is irrevocably held by such persons.

Official Points of Acceptance: Offices as specified by AMC from time to time where application for subscription / redemption / switch will be accepted on an ongoing basis.

Person of Indian Origin: A person (not being a citizen of Pakistan or Bangladesh or Sri Lanka) shall be deemed to be of Indian origin, if: -

- (i) He (She), at any time, held an Indian Passport;
- (ii) He (She) or either of his (her) parents or any of his (her) grandparents was a citizen of India by virtue of the Constitution of India or the Citizenship Act, 1955 (57 of 1955);
- (iii) The person is the spouse of an Indian citizen or of a person of Indian origin (not being a citizen of Pakistan or Bangladesh or Sri Lanka).

Permissible Investments or Investments: Collective or group investments made on account of the unitholders of the scheme(s) in Securities and other assets in accordance with the SEBI/RBI Regulations and amendments thereto.

Plan: Plan(s) (each with separate Portfolio) launched under the Scheme namely (i) Conservative Plan; (ii) Moderate Plan; (iii) Progressive Plan.

Portfolio: Portfolio at any time shall include all Permissible Investments and Cash.

Principal: Principal Mutual Fund, a trust set up under the provisions of the Indian Trust Act, 1882 and registered with SEBI bearing Registration No. MF/019/94/0 dated December 13, 1994.

RBI: Reserve Bank of India, established under the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, as amended from time to time.

Registrars/Registrar and Transfer Agent: Registrar for the time being of the Mutual Fund which, at present, is K Fin Technologies Private Limited., or such agency appointed by the AMC.

Regulations: Regulations imply SEBI Regulations and the relevant rules and provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Depositories and Participants) Regulations 1996; Public Debt Act, 1944; The Income Tax Act, 1961; Wealth Tax Act, 1957, the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999, the Indian Trusts Act, 1882 as amended from time to time and shall also include any Circulars, Press releases or Notifications that may be issued by SEBI or the Government of India or the Reserve Bank of India.

Repo/Reverse Repo : Sale/Purchase of Securities as may be allowed by RBI from time to time with simultaneous agreement to repurchase/resell them at a later date.

Repurchase/Redemption: The units of Scheme which will be bought back by the Fund on an ongoing basis.

Resident: A resident means any person resident in India under the Foreign Exchange Management Act, and under the Income Tax Act, 1961 including amendments thereto from time to time.

SAI: Statement of Additional Information of Principal Mutual Fund.

Sale/ Subscription: The units of the scheme(s) which will be offered for sale to the unit holders on an ongoing basis.

Scheme/ Plans: would mean Principal Retirement Savings Fund and Plans/Sub-Plans thereunder offered by the Scheme.

Scheme Information Document/SID: This document issued by Principal Mutual Fund, inviting to subscribe to the units of Principal Retirement Savings Fund.

SEBI: Securities and Exchange Board of India, established under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992, as amended from time to time.

SEBI Regulations/Mutual Fund Regulations: The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996, or such other Regulation in force from time to time including any amendment thereto or any replacement or re-enactment thereof/clarification and guidelines in the form of notes or circulars etc. issued from time to time for regulating Mutual Funds in India, by SEBI.

Securities : As defined under Section 2(h) of the Securities Contracts (Regulations) Act, 1956 of India and includes but without limitation debt instruments like notes, bonds, debentures, debenture stock, warrants, derivatives etc. or other transferable securities of a like nature in or of any incorporated company or other body corporate, Gilts/Government securities, Mutual Fund units, Money Market Instruments like Call Deposit, Commercial Paper, Treasury Bills etc. such other instruments as may be declared by GOI and/or SEBI and/or RBI and/or any other regulatory authority to be securities; and rights or interest in securities etc.

Securities Consolidated Account Statement ('SCAS') is a statement sent by the Statement ('SCAS') Depository that shall contain details relating to all the transaction(s) viz. purchase, redemption, switch, dividend payout, dividend reinvestment, systematic investment plan, systematic withdrawal advantage plan, systematic transfer plan, bonus transactions, etc. carried out by the Beneficial Owner(s) (including transaction charges paid to the distributor) across all schemes of all mutual funds

and transactions in securities held in dematerialized form across demat accounts, during the month and holdings at the end of the month.

Sponsor: Principal Financial Services Inc., USA acting through its wholly owned subsidiaries Principal Financial Group (Mauritius) Limited and Principal International India Ltd

Stock Exchange: Would mean and include Bombay Stock Exchange Limited (BSE), National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE) and such other stock exchange(s) where the units of the scheme may be listed.

Switch: Redemption of a Unit(s) in any scheme of Principal Mutual Fund against purchase of a Unit in another scheme of the Principal Mutual Fund.

Systematic Investment Plan(s): A plan enabling the investors to systematically save and invest in the Scheme on periodical basis by submitting post-dated cheques / payment instructions

Systematic Transfer /Switch Plan(s): A Plan enabling the investors to transfer sums on a periodical basis from the Schemes to the other Schemes of the Mutual Fund existing or launched in future from time to time, by giving a simple instruction.

Regular Withdrawal Plan(s): A Plan enabling the investors to withdraw amounts from the Scheme on a periodical basis by giving a simple instruction.

Tax Act: Income Tax Act, 1961 and Wealth Tax Act 1957 , or such other legislation in force from time to time including any amendment thereto or any replacement or re-enactment thereof/rules, regulations any clarification and guidelines issued from time to time by the GOI.

Total Assets: Total Assets of the Scheme at any time shall be the total value of the Scheme's assets, taking into consideration the accruals.

TREPS - Tri-party repo is a type of repo contract where a third entity (apart from the borrower and lender), called a Tri-Party Agent, acts as an intermediary between the two parties to the repo to facilitate services like collateral selection, payment and settlement, custody and management during the life of the transaction.

Trust Deed: The Trust Deed of the Mutual Fund dated November 25, 1994 made by and between the Sponsor and the Trustee as amended from time to time or any replacement or substitution thereof.

Trustee(s): Principal Trustee Company Private Limited incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956.

Unitholder: A unitholder means any individual / non-individual, holding units of the Scheme.

Units of Funds/Units of Mutual Fund Scheme(s): Units of Mutual Fund Schemes offered by Principal Mutual Fund and/or other Mutual Fund(s) registered in India.

Units: Undivided Share of a unitholder in the assets of the Scheme (and of the option(s),if any) as evidenced by any letter/advice or any other statement/certificate/instrument.

Year: A year shall be full English Calendar months. Viz.12 months.

Interpretation

For all purposes of this Scheme Information Document, except as otherwise expressly provided or unless the context otherwise requires:

- The terms defined in this Scheme Information Document include the plural as well as the singular.

- Pronouns having a masculine or feminine gender shall be deemed to include the other.
- Reference to ‘Scheme’ would mean and include all the Series of the Schemes under this Scheme Information Document unless specified otherwise.

In this Scheme Information Document, all references to “dollars” or “\$” refers to United States dollars, and “R” refers to Indian Rupees. A “crore” means “ten million” and a “lakh” means a “hundred thousand”.

E. DUE DILIGENCE BY THE ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY

It is confirmed that:

- a. The Scheme Information Document for Principal Retirement Savings Fund forwarded to SEBI is in accordance with the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines and directives issued by SEBI from time to time.
- b. all legal requirements connected with the launching of the Scheme as also the guidelines, instructions, etc., issued by the Government and any other competent authority in this behalf, have been duly complied with.
- c. the disclosures made in the Scheme Information Document are true, fair and adequate to enable the investors to make a well informed decision regarding investment in the proposed Scheme.
- d. the intermediaries named in the Scheme Information Document and Statement of Additional Information are registered with SEBI and their registration is valid, as on date.

For Principal Asset Management Private Limited
(formerly known as Principal Pnb Asset Management Company Private Limited)

Sd/-

Richa Parasrampur
Head- Compliance

Date: September 29, 2020.

SECTION III. INFORMATION ABOUT THE SCHEME

A. TYPE OF THE SCHEME

An open ended retirement solution oriented scheme having a lock-in of 5 years or till retirement age (whichever is earlier).

B. WHAT IS THE INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE OF THE SCHEME?

Scheme/Plan(s)	Investment Objective
Conservative Plan	The investment objective of the scheme is to provide capital appreciation and income generation to enable investors save over the long term towards their retirement savings goals, by investing in a mix of securities comprising of equity, equity related instruments and fixed income securities. However, there can be no assurance or guarantee that the investment objective of the Scheme will be achieved
Moderate Plan	
Progressive Plan	

C. WHAT IS THE INVESTMENT STRATEGY

The Principal Retirement Savings Fund's investment strategy offers three relevant plans, namely a Progressive Plan, a Moderate plan and a Conservative plan, as described in the table below. These three plans with different levels risk orientations thereby offer a comprehensive retirement solution to enable investors save over the long term towards their retirement savings goals, by investing in a mix of securities comprising of equity, equity related instruments and fixed income securities.

Progressive Plan	<p>The scheme will invest its assets in a portfolio of equity and equity related instruments. The focus of the investment strategy would be to identify stocks which can provide capital appreciation in the long term. Companies selected for the portfolio which in the opinion of the AMC would possess some of the characteristics mentioned below:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Superior management quality – Distinct and sustainable competitive advantage – Good growth prospects and – Strong financial strength <p>The aim will be to build a diversified portfolio across major industries and economic sectors by using "Fundamental Analysis" approach as its selection process.</p>
Moderate Plan	<p>The Scheme will invest in equity and equity related instruments. The Scheme will also invest in fixed income instruments rated investment grade or higher or otherwise comparable including units of Liquid / Money Market / Debt Mutual Fund Schemes. The Scheme shall not take high risks in managing equity portion of the portfolio. For the equity portion of the portfolio, companies would be selected after research covering areas such as quality of management, competitive position and financial analysis.</p>
Conservative Plan	<p>The investment strategy is aimed at generating income by investing in arbitrage opportunities in the cash and derivatives segments of the equity markets and in debt securities and at the same time attempting to enhance returns through long exposure in equity and equity related instruments. If suitable arbitrage opportunities are not available in the opinion of the Fund Manager, the Scheme may predominantly invest in debt and money market securities.</p> <p>Net Long Equity :</p>

The Scheme will invest its assets in a portfolio of equity and equity related instruments including units of Equity mutual Funds Schemes.

The focus of the investment strategy would be to identify stocks which can provide capital appreciation in the long term. Companies selected for the portfolio which in the opinion of the AMC would possess some of the characteristics mentioned below:

- Superior management quality
- Distinct and sustainable competitive advantage
- Good growth prospects; and
- Strong financial strength

Equity Derivatives:

The Scheme will endeavor to invest predominantly in arbitrage opportunities between spot and futures prices of exchange traded equities. In absence of profitable arbitrage opportunities available in the market, the Scheme may predominantly invest in short-term debt and money market securities. The fund manager will evaluate the difference between the price of a stock in the futures market and in the spot market. If the price of a stock in the futures market is higher than in the spot market, after adjusting for costs and taxes the Scheme shall buy the stock in the spot market and sell the same stock in equal quantity in the futures market, simultaneously. For example, on December 4, 2014, the Scheme buys a share of XYZ Company on spot @ Rs. 1000 and at the same time sells XYZ Company futures for December 2014 expiry @ Rs. 1020. The Scheme thus enters into a fully hedged transaction by selling the equity position in the futures market for expiry on say December 24, 2014. If the Scheme holds this position till expiry of the futures, the Scheme earns profit of Rs. 20 on the date of expiry before accounting for trading costs and taxes.

In case the Scheme has to unwind the transaction prior to the expiry date on account of redemption pressures or any other reason, the returns would be a function of the spread at which the transaction is unwound. For example, if spot is sold at Rs. 980 and the futures are bought at Rs. 1010 then there would be negative returns on the trade. If the spot is sold at Rs. 1020 and the futures are bought at Rs. 1015 then there would be positive returns from the trade. On the date of expiry, if the price differential between the spot and futures position of the subsequent month maturity still remains attractive, the Scheme may rollover the futures position and hold onto the position in the spot market. In case such an opportunity is not available, the Scheme would liquidate the spot position and settle the futures position simultaneously. Rolling over of the futures transaction means unwinding the short position in the futures of the current month and simultaneously shorting futures of the subsequent month maturity while holding onto the spot position. There could also be occasions when both the spot and the future position is unwound before the expiry of the current-month future to increase the base return or to meet redemption. Return enhancement through the use of arbitrage opportunity would depend primarily on the availability of such opportunities. The Scheme will strive to build similar market neutral positions that offer an arbitrage potential for e.g. buying the basket of index constituents in the cash segment and selling the index futures, Buying ADR/GDR and selling the corresponding stock future etc. The Scheme would also look to avail of opportunities between one futures contract and another. For example on 16 December 2014, the Scheme buys 1000 futures contracts of ABC Ltd. for December expiry at Rs.3000 each and sells an equivalent 1000 futures contract of ABC Ltd. for January expiry at Rs.3030. Thereby the Scheme enters into a fully hedged transaction. Closer to the expiry date of the December contract, the Scheme has two options. 1) Unwind the transaction by selling the 1000 December contracts and buying 1000 January contracts of ABC. The returns are a function of the spread between the sale price of the January contract and the buy price of the December contract. If this spread is less than Rs. 30, the returns are positive else the returns are negative. 2) On the expiry date i.e.

24 December, 2014, the Scheme would let the December contract expire and square off 1000 contracts that it holds for January maturity. The returns would be a function of the spread between settlement price of the December contract and the price at which January contracts are squared-off. If this spread is lower than Rs. 30 then the returns are positive and if it is higher than Rs. 30 the returns are negative. The Scheme can also initiate the transaction in the opposite direction i.e. by selling the December futures and buying the January futures, if it sees a profit potential. Under all circumstances the Scheme would keep its net exposures neutral to the underlying direction of the market by maintaining completely hedged positions. In addition to stock specific futures, the Scheme can also take offsetting positions in index futures of different calendar month.

The debt and money market instruments include any margin money that has to be maintained for the derivative position. The margin money could also be maintained partly as Fixed deposits with Scheduled commercial banks.

Debt Instruments:

The Scheme would invest in a range of debt and money market instruments including units of Debt/Liquid/Money Market Mutual Fund Schemes. Further the Scheme may also invest in financial derivatives such as options and futures & Interest Rate Swap (IRS) that are permitted or may become permissible under SEBI/RBI Regulations. The proportion of assets to be so invested would be decided by the AMC at the appropriate time, and would be done in accordance with the relevant guidelines to be issued by SEBI/RBI and other authorities.

D. HOW WILL THE SCHEME/PLAN ALLOCATE ITS ASSETS

Progressive Plan:

Under normal circumstances, the asset allocation would be as follows:

Types of Instruments	Normal Allocation (% of Net Assets)		Risk Profile
	Minimum	Maximum	
Equity and Equity Related Instruments	65	100	High
Debt (including securitised debt*) and Money market instruments	0	35	Low to Medium

* Investment in Securitised Debt may be up to 35% of the net assets of the Scheme.

The Asset Management Company (AMC) reserves the right to invest in Derivatives upto 50% of the net assets of the Scheme. The AMC further reserves the right to invest in ADRs / GDRs and / or Overseas Financial debt instruments including units of Overseas Mutual Funds not exceeding 15% of the net assets of the Scheme. Investment in Derivatives / ADRs / GDRs / Overseas Financial debt instruments shall be subject to restrictions imposed by SEBI / RBI or any other regulatory authority from time to time.

Subject to the SEBI Regulations, the Mutual Fund may deploy upto 20% of its total net assets of the Scheme in Stock Lending.

Moderate Plan:

Under normal circumstances, the asset allocation will be as under:

Type of Instrument	Normal Allocation (% of Net Assets)		Risk Profile
	Minimum	Maximum	
Equity & Equity Related Instruments	65%	70%	Medium to High
Debt and Money Market Instruments (including units of Liquid/ Money Market/ Debt Mutual Fund Schemes and Securitised Debt*)	30%	40%	Low to Medium

* Investment in Securitised Debt may be upto 20% of the net assets of the Scheme.

The Asset Management Company reserves the right to invest in derivatives as follows:

Particulars	Normal Allocation (% of Net Assets)
Derivatives	Upto 50% of the net assets of the Scheme

Investment in Overseas Financial Instruments are as follows:

Particulars	Normal Allocation (% of Net Assets)
ADRs / GDRs	Not exceeding 15% of the Scheme's Assets
Overseas Financial Debt Instruments including overseas Mutual Funds	Not exceeding 25% of the Scheme's Assets

Subject to the SEBI Regulations, the Mutual Fund may deploy upto 20% of its total net assets of the Scheme in Stock Lending.

Conservative Plan:

Under normal circumstances, the asset allocation would be as follows:

Type of instrument	Normal Allocation (% of Net Assets)		Risk Profile
	Minimum	Maximum	
Equity and equity related instruments	65	90	Medium to High
Of which Net Long Equity Exposure (including units of Equity Mutual Fund Schemes)*	20	35	High
Of which Equity Exposure Equity (only arbitrage opportunity)**	40	70	Low to Medium
Debt securities and money market instruments# (including margin for derivatives) and Fixed Income Derivatives	10	35	Low

* In the scheme, unhedged equity exposure shall be limited to 35% of the portfolio value. Unhedged equity exposure means exposure to equity shares alone without a corresponding equity derivative exposure.

** Equity exposure would be completely hedged with corresponding equity derivatives.; the exposure to derivatives shown in the above asset allocation tables is exposure taken against the underlying equity investments and should not be considered for calculating the total asset allocation and / or investment restrictions on the issuer. The margin money requirement for the purposes of derivative exposure may be held in the form of Term Deposits.

The Scheme may invest in Treasury Bills, Repos, Reverse Repos, Tri Party Repo Dealing System (TREPS), cash and cash equivalents and units of Debt/Liquid/ Money Market Mutual Fund Schemes. Subject to the SEBI Regulations, the Mutual Fund may deploy upto 20% of its total net assets of the Scheme in Stock Lending.

When adequate arbitrage opportunities are not available in the Derivative and Equity markets, the anticipated alternate asset allocation on defensive considerations would be in accordance with the allocation given below. However, in case no arbitrage opportunity is available, then 100% of the remaining investible corpus (excluding margin for derivatives and to the extent not deployed in arbitrage opportunities in the asset allocation pattern mentioned above) will be deployed in short term debt and money market instruments with tenure not exceeding 91 days (including investments in securitized debt).

Type of instrument	Normal Allocation (%) of Net Assets)		Risk Profile
	Minimum	Maximum	
Equity and equity related instruments	20	75	Medium to High
Of which Net Long Equity Exposure (including units of Equity Mutual Fund Schemes)*	20	35	High
Of which Equity Exposure Equity (only arbitrage opportunity)**	0	55	Low to Medium
Debt securities and money market instruments# (including margin for derivatives) and Fixed Income Derivatives	25	80	Low

* In the scheme, unhedged equity exposure shall be limited to 35% of the portfolio value. Unhedged equity exposure means exposure to equity shares alone without a corresponding equity derivative exposure.

** Equity exposure would be completely hedged with corresponding equity derivatives.; the exposure to derivatives shown in the above asset allocation tables is exposure taken against the underlying equity investments and should not be considered for calculating the total asset allocation and / or investment restrictions on the issuer. The margin money requirement for the purposes of derivative exposure may be held in the form of Term Deposits.

The Scheme may invest in Treasury Bills, Repos, Reverse Repos, Tri Party Repo Dealing System (TREPS), cash and cash equivalents and units of Debt/Liquid/ Money Market Mutual Fund Schemes.

Investment in Securitized Debt may be up to 30% of the net assets of the Scheme.

Subject to the SEBI Regulations, the Mutual Fund may deploy upto 20% of its total net assets of the Scheme in Stock Lending.

At the time of changes in the investment pattern during defensive considerations as stated above, the fund manager may choose to have a lower equity exposure. Accordingly, the Scheme may not be able to meet the criteria for equity oriented scheme as specified under the extant Income-tax laws. Consequently, the Unit holders may not be able to avail tax advantage available to an equity oriented fund in that particular financial year. During the

defensive circumstances the Tax benefit available for equity oriented scheme will not be applicable and shall be communicated to unit holders vide letters, addendum published in the newspapers as per regulations.

STOCK LENDING BY THE MUTUAL FUND

Stock Lending means the lending of stock to another person or entity for a fixed period of time, at a negotiated compensation in order to enhance returns of the portfolio. The securities lent are to be returned by the borrower on the expiry of the stipulated period.

To augment revenue generation the Scheme, may lend the securities held by it to eligible brokers, dealers, financial institutions through approved intermediaries, in amounts up to 20% of its total net assets at the time of lending, in accordance with the terms of the Securities Lending Scheme announced by SEBI. The Fund may enter into an agreement with the approved intermediary for depositing the securities for the purpose of lending through the approved intermediary on satisfactory terms as to security.

The Scheme would limit its exposure, with regard to securities lending, for a single intermediary, other than the National Securities Clearing Corporation Ltd (NSCCL), to the extent of 5% of the total net assets of the Scheme at the time of lending. For NSCCL, such exposure limit would be up to 20% of the total net assets of the Scheme. Collateral must be obtained by the approved intermediary for the lending transactions and this collateral must exceed in value of the Securities lent. The collateral can be in the form of cash, bank guarantee, government securities, certificate of deposits or other securities as may be agreed upon with the approved intermediary. It should be noted that any default/delay by the parties to return the securities lent to them may have an adverse impact on the net assets (and consequently the performance) of the Scheme.

Overview of Debt & Money Market in India:

Indian debt markets have witnessed a rapid growth in last couple of years aided by increased government and corporate borrowing and initiatives by RBI and SEBI to enhance liquidity and deepen the debt market. The debt market is primarily divided into four segments - government securities market (Gsecs, SDLs, Non SLR SDLs), corporate bond market, money markets (CDs, CPs, Tbills, overnight instruments like TREPS, Call, Repo, etc) and Interest Rate Derivatives market (Interest rate futures and swaps). CCIL's NDS terminals account for bulk of the turnover in government securities and overnight market. Trades in the corporate bond market, money markets and derivatives market happen Over-the-Counter (OTC) either directly with market counterparties or through intermediaries. The main participants in debt market are banks, primary dealers, mutual funds, insurance companies, provident/pension funds and corporates. Over past few years FIIs (Foreign Institutional Investors) have also been quite active in the debt market. Several other innovative structures have also been appearing over the past few years like Securitized Debt, CMBS (commercial mortgage backed securities), Banks AT1 perpetual Bonds, LAS (Loan Against Shares) bonds, Infra bonds, etc. The regulators have also facilitated introduction of new instruments like IRFs, corporate bond repos, CDS and most recently interest rate options. RBI's Monetary policy and liquidity management framework are the main crucial pillars of the debt market which give a direction to interest rates both long term and short term.

Following table exhibits various debt instruments along with recent indicative yields (as on September 21, 2020)

Source: Bloomberg, NDS OMS, CBRICS, FTRAC

Instrument and Maturity Profile	Indicative	Liquidity Profile	Risk
	Yield (p.a)		
Treasury bills 3 months - 1 year	3.35 – 3.55	High	Low
Government of India Securities – 1 – 3 Years	3.70 – 4.98	High	Low
Government of India Securities – 3 - 7 Years	4.98 – 6.11	High	Moderate
Government of India Securities – 7 -15 Years	6.11 – 6.45	High	High
Certificate of Deposits 3 months - 1 year	3.35– 3.80	High	Low
Commercial Papers (NBFC) 3 months - 1 year	3.60– 6.50	Moderate	Low
AAA rated Corporate Bonds – 1 -3 Years Maturity	4.25– 5.55	Moderate to High	Low to Moderate
Corporate Bonds AAA rated 3-5 years Maturity	5.55 – 6.50	Moderate to High	Moderate
Corporate Bonds below AAA rated but of investment grade 3-5 years	7.00– 12.50	Low to Moderate	Moderate to High

E. INVESTMENT PROCESS

There is separate team for investment in fixed income instruments & equities. The team works under the supervision of Chief Investment Officer (CIO). CIO is overall in charge for the Fund's investment.

The Investment Manager will carry out the daily investment activities within the framework of SEBI guidelines in accordance with the investment objective as per the Scheme Information Document. The Board of AMC and Trustee review the performance of the Scheme in comparison to corresponding schemes of other mutual funds with similar investment objective and asset profile generally. The performance of the Scheme is compared with benchmark.

Depository

Securities of the Scheme will be held in dematerialised form. In case the securities are held in dematerialized (electronic) mode, the rules of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, 1996, would apply. The service charges payable to the Depository Participant will form a part of the annual recurring expenses.

Review by Board of AMC and Trustees

A detailed review of the schemes of the Fund including their performance vis-à-vis benchmark index, assets size, rankings/ratings received, if any is placed before the Board of Directors of AMC and to the Trustee on a quarterly basis.

F. WHERE WILL THE SCHEME/ PLAN (S) INVEST?

The Plans under the scheme can invest in the following:

- i) Equity and equity-related Securities including but not limited to derivatives (stock futures/ index futures and other such permitted derivative instruments including options), equity warrants and convertible instruments.
- ii) The securities mentioned above could be listed or unlisted, secured or unsecured, and of varying maturity, as enabled under SEBI (MF) Regulations/circulars/ RBI. The securities may be acquired through Initial Public Offerings (IPOs), secondary market operations, private placement, rights offers or negotiated deals.
- iii) The Scheme may also invest in units of equity mutual fund schemes without charging any fees on such investments, within the limits specified under SEBI Regulations;
- iv) Securities created and issued by the Central and State Governments and/or repos/reverse repos in such Government Securities as may be permitted by RBI (including but not limited to coupon bearing bonds, zero coupon bonds and treasury bills).
- v) Securities guaranteed by the Central and State Governments (including but not limited to coupon bearing bonds, zero coupon bonds and treasury bills).
- vi) Debt obligations of domestic Government agencies and statutory bodies, which may or may not carry a Central/State Government guarantee.
- vii) Corporate debt and Debentures (including repo in corporate bonds) (of both public and private sector undertakings).
- viii) Money Market Instruments include commercial papers, commercial bills, treasury bills, Government of India Securities having an unexpired maturity upto one year, call or notice money, certificates of deposit, Repos, Reverse Repos, Bills Re-discounting TREPS and any other like instruments as specified by Reserve Bank of India from time to time.
- ix) Deposits with domestic banks and other corporate bodies as may be permitted by SEBI from time to time.
- x) Scheme may also invest a part of its assets in financial derivatives such as options and futures & Interest Rate Swaps (IRS) (comprising of government securities) that are permitted or may become permissible under SEBI/RBI Regulations.
- xi) The Scheme may invest a part of its corpus in Debt and Money Market Securities/Units of Liquid/Money Market/Debt Mutual Fund Schemes.
- xii) However, due to market conditions, the AMC may invest beyond the range set out above. Such deviations shall normally be for a short term defensive considerations, and the intention being at all times to protect the interests of the Unit Holder.
- xiii) Domestic securitized debt, pass through obligations, various types of securitization issuances, including but not limited to asset backed securitization, mortgage backed securitization, and personal loan backed securitization.
- xiv) Securities Lending & Borrowing as permitted by SEBI from time to time.
- xv) The AMC further reserves the right to invest in ADRs / GDRs and / or Overseas Financial debt instruments including units of Overseas Mutual Funds not exceeding 15% of the net assets of the Scheme. Investment in

Derivatives / ADRs / GDRs / Overseas Financial debt instruments shall be subject to restrictions imposed by SEBI / RBI or any other regulatory authority from time to time.

xvi) Overseas Financial Debt Instruments including overseas Mutual Funds

The securities may be acquired by the Scheme through Initial Public Offerings (IPOs), secondary market operations, private placement, right offers or negotiated deals. Securities shall be purchased in public offerings, primary/ reissues/ Open Market Operations (OMO) auctions / OMO sales, private placement, right offers, negotiated deals or any other mode of investment made available in the market from time to time.

The regulation and limits as applicable under the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 are specified under the Para of Investment Restrictions.

1. Participation in reverse repo/repo transactions in Corporate Debt Securities

The scheme(s) may undertake reverse repo/repo transactions in corporate debt securities in accordance with the directions issued by RBI and SEBI from time to time. Such investment shall be made subject to the guidelines which may be prescribed by the Board of Directors of the AMC and Trustee.

2. Exposure Limit

The scheme(s) shall participate in repos in corporate debt securities as per the following conditions:

- i. The gross exposure of the scheme(s) to repo transactions in corporate debt securities shall not be more than 10 % of the net assets of the respective scheme(s);
- ii. The cumulative gross exposure through repo transactions in corporate debt securities along with equity, debt and derivatives shall not exceed 100% of the net assets of the respective scheme(s);
- iii. The scheme(s) shall borrow through repo transactions only if the tenor of the transaction does not exceed a period of six months;
- iv. The scheme(s) shall participate in repo transactions only in AA and above rated corporate debt securities.
- v. The exposure limit/investment restrictions prescribed under the Seventh Schedule of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and circulars issued there under (wherever applicable) shall be applicable to repo transactions in corporate bonds.

The abovementioned exposure limit is subject to guidelines issued by SEBI and/or RBI and the guidelines framed by Board of Directors of AMC and Trustee, from time to time.

3. Guidelines approved by AMC and Trustee

- a. Category of counterparty: Banks, Primary Dealers, Insurance Companies (set up by commercial banks) and Corporates would be considered as eligible counterparties.
- b. Credit rating of counterparty: The scheme(s) intend to deal with only those eligible counterparties who have the highest short term rating of A1+ from any of SEBI registered credit rating agencies. For those counterparties who do not have an issuer rating, bank lines/CD/CP ratings would be considered as a proxy for short term rating. Rating requirement will not be applicable to insurance companies
- c. Single counterparty exposure: For lending/borrowing purposes i.e. reverse repo/repo transactions, exposure to a single counterparty would be restricted to 10% of the schemes' net assets or ` 100 Crores whichever is lower.
- d. Tenor of repo/reverse repo transactions: Tenor of repo shall be capped to 3 months as against maximum permissible tenor of 6 months.
- e. Tenor of collateral: There shall be no restriction / limitation on the tenor of collateral.
- f. Applicable haircuts: As per the extant SEBI/RBI guidelines. The existing applicable haircuts as per the current RBI guidelines are as under:

Rating	Minimum Haircut
AAA	7.5%
AA+	8.5%
AA	10%

4. Risk factors associated with repo transactions in corporate bonds

Counterparty Risk: The scheme(s) may be exposed to counter party risk in case of repo lending transactions in the event of the counterparty failing to honour the repurchase agreement. However in repo transactions, the collateral may be sold and a loss is realized only if the sale price is less than the repo amount. The risk is further mitigated through over-collateralization (the value of the collateral being more than the repo amount).

Settlement Risk: Corporate Bond Repo will be settled between two counterparties in the OTC segment unlike in the case of TREPS transactions where CCIL stands as central counterparty on all transactions (no settlement risk).

Credit Risk of collateral: The scheme(s) will be exposed to credit risk on the underlying collateral – downward migration of rating. The scheme(s) will impose adequate haircut on the collateral to cushion against any diminution in the value of the collateral. Collateral will require to be rated AAA or equivalent. The Mutual Fund will mitigate this risk by a thorough in-house credit research on the quality of collateral with the objective to minimize instance of rating downgrades on collateral.

Illiquidity Risk of collateral: In the event of default by the counterparty, the scheme(s) would have recourse to recover its investments by selling the collateral in the market. If the underlying collateral is illiquid, then the scheme(s) may incur an impact cost at the time of sale (lower price realization).

5. Disclosure

The details of repo transactions of the scheme(s) in corporate debt securities, if any including details of counterparties, amount involved and percentage of NAV shall be disclosed to investors in the half yearly portfolio statements and to SEBI in the half yearly trustee report.

TRADING IN DERIVATIVES

The Scheme may take derivatives position based on the opportunities available subject to the guidelines provided by SEBI from time to time and in line with the overall investment objective of the Scheme. SEBI has vide its Circulars inter alia, DNP/DF-29/2005 dated September 14, 2005, DNP/DF-30/2006 dated January 20, 2006 and CIR/IMD/DF/11/2010 dated August 18, 2010, specified the guidelines pertaining to trading by Mutual Fund in Exchange traded derivatives and SEBI Circular DNP/DF-31/2006 dated September 22, 2006 modifying the position limits for Index derivative contracts.

A derivative is an instrument whose value is derived from the value of one or more of the underlying assets which can be commodities, precious metals, bonds, currency, etc. Common examples of Derivative instruments are Interest Rate Swaps, Forward Rate Agreements, Futures, Options, etc.

In case of equity derivatives, the Scheme may transact in exchange traded equity derivatives only and these instruments may take the form of Index Futures, Index Options, Futures and Options on individual equities/securities and such other derivative instruments as may be appropriate and permitted under the SEBI Regulations and guidelines from time to time.

Derivative positions taken would be guided by the following principles:

Exposure to Equity Derivatives

The net derivatives position in the Scheme may be up to the limit as set forth in the asset allocation pattern of the Scheme, subject to the following regulatory limits:

i. Position limit for the Mutual Fund in index options contracts:

- a. The Mutual Fund position limit in all index options contracts on a particular underlying index shall be Rs. 500 crore or 15% of the total open interest in the market in index options, whichever is higher, per Stock Exchange.
- b. This limit would be applicable on open positions in all options contracts on a particular underlying index.

ii. Position limit for the Mutual Fund in index futures contracts:

- a. The Mutual Fund position limit in all index futures contracts on a particular underlying index shall be Rs. 500 crore or 15% of the total open interest in the market in index futures, whichever is higher, per Stock Exchange.
- b. This limit would be applicable on open positions in all futures contracts on a particular underlying index.

iii. Additional position limit for hedging:

In addition to the position limits at point (i) and (ii) above, Fund may take exposure in equity index derivatives subject to the following limits:

- a. Short positions in index derivatives (short futures and long puts) shall not exceed (in notional value) the Mutual Fund's holding of stocks.
- b. Long positions in index derivatives (long futures and long calls) shall not exceed (in notional value) the Mutual Fund's holding of cash, government securities, T-Bills and similar instruments.

iv. Position limit for the Mutual Fund for stock based derivative contracts:

The Mutual Fund position limit in a derivative contract on a particular underlying stock, i.e. stock option contracts and stock futures contracts:

- The combined futures and options position limit shall be 20% of the applicable Market Wide Position Limit (MWPL).

v. Position limit for the Scheme:

The position limits for the Scheme and disclosure requirements are as follows:

- a. For stock option and stock futures contracts, the gross open position across all derivative contracts on a particular underlying stock of a scheme of a Fund shall not exceed the higher of :1% of free float market capitalization (in terms of number of shares).

Or

5% of the open interest in the derivative contracts on a particular underlying stock (in terms of number of contracts).

- b. This position limit shall be applicable on the combined position in all derivative contracts on an underlying stock at a Stock Exchange.
- c. For index based contracts, the Mutual Fund shall disclose the total open interest held by its scheme or all schemes put together in a particular underlying index, if such open interest equals to or exceeds 15% of the open interest of all derivative contracts on that underlying index.

As and when SEBI notifies amended limits in position limits for exchange traded derivative contracts in future, the aforesaid position limits, to the extent relevant, shall be read as if they were substituted with the SEBI amended limits.

The Scheme may purchase call and put options in securities in which it invests and on securities indices. Through the sale and purchase of futures contracts the Fund would seek to hedge against a decline in securities owned by the Fund or an increase in the prices of securities which the Fund plans to purchase. The Fund would sell futures contracts on securities indices in anticipation of a fall in stock prices, to offset a decline in the value of its equity portfolio. When this type of hedging is successful, the futures contract increase in value while the Fund's investment portfolio declines in value and thereby keep the Fund's net asset value from declining as much as it otherwise would. Similarly, when the Fund is not fully invested, and an increase in the price of equities is expected, the Fund would purchase futures contracts to gain rapid market exposure that may partially or entirely offset increase in the cost of the equity securities it intends to purchase. In certain cases the Fund might invest in futures contracts as against underlying cash stocks for reasons of liquidity and lower impact costs.

Stock and Index Futures

Hedging against an anticipated rise in equity prices:-

The scheme has a corpus of Rs. 100 crores and has cash of Rs. 15 crores available to invest. The Fund may buy index/stock futures of a value of Rs. 15 crores. The scheme may reduce the exposure to the future contract by taking an offsetting position as investments are made in the equities; the scheme wants to invest in. Here, if the market rises, the scheme gains by having invested in the index futures.

Hedging against anticipated fall in equity prices:-

If the Fund has a negative view on the market and would not like to sell stocks as the market might be weak, the scheme of the Fund can go short on index/stock futures. Later, the scheme can unwind the future positions. A short position in the future would offset the long position in the underlying stocks and this can curtail potential loss in the portfolio. The Fund's successful use of futures contracts is subject to the Fund Manager's ability to predict correctly the market factor affecting the market value of the Fund's portfolio securities. For example if a Fund is hedged against a fall in the securities using a short position in index futures, and the market instead rises, the Fund loses part or all of the benefit of the increase in securities prices on account of the offset losses in index futures. Imperfect co-relation between the price movements in the securities index on the one hand and the stocks held by the Fund or the futures contracts itself on the other hand may result in trading losses. The Fund may not be able to close an open futures position due to insufficient liquidity in the futures market. Under such circumstances, the Fund would be required to make daily cash payments of variation margin in the event of adverse price movements. If the Fund has insufficient cash, the Fund may be required to sell portfolio securities to meet daily variation margin requirement at a time when it may be disadvantageous to do so.

A hedge is designed to offset a loss on a portfolio with a gain in the hedge position. At the same time, however, a properly correlated hedge will result in a gain in the portfolio position being offset by a loss in the hedge position. As a result the use of derivatives could limit any potential gain from an increase in value of the position hedged. In addition, an exposure to derivatives in excess of the hedging requirement can lead to losses.

Stock and Index Options:

Option contracts are of two types - Call and Put; the former being the right, but not obligation, to purchase a prescribed number of shares at a specified price before or on a specific expiration date and the latter being the right, but not obligation, to sell a prescribed number of shares at a specified price before or on a specific expiration date. The price at which the shares are contracted to be purchased or sold is called the strike price. Options that can be exercised on or before the expiration date are called American Options, while those that can be exercised only on the expiration date are called European Options. In India, all individual stock options are American Options, whereas all index options are European Options. Option contracts are designated by the type of option, name of the underlying, expiry month and the strike price.

Example for Options:

Buying a Call Option: Let us assume that the Fund buys a call option of XYZ Ltd. with strike price of Rs.1000/-, at a premium of Rs.25/-. If the market price of ABC Ltd on the expiration date is more than Rs.1000/-, the option will be exercised. The Fund will earn profits once the share price crosses Rs.1025/- (Strike Price + Premium i.e. 1000+25). Suppose the price of the stock is Rs.1100/-, the option will be exercised and the Fund will buy 1 share of XYZ Ltd. from the seller of the option at Rs.1000/- and sell it in the market at Rs.1100/-, making a profit of Rs.75/-. In another scenario, if on the expiration date the stock price falls below Rs.1000/-, say it touches Rs.900/-, the Fund will choose not to exercise the option. In this case the Fund loses the premium (Rs.25), which will be the profit earned by the seller of the call option.

Buying a Put Option: Let us assume the Fund owns the shares of XYZ Ltd, which is trading at Rs.500/-. The fund wishes to hedge this position in the short-term as it perceives some downside to the stock in the short-term. It can buy a Put Option at Rs.500 by paying a premium of say Rs.10/- In case the stock goes down to Rs.450/- the fund has protected its downside to only the premium i.e Rs.10/- instead of Rs.50/-. On the contrary if the stock moves up to say Rs.550/- the fund may let the Option expire and forego the premium thereby capturing Rs.40/- upside. The strategy is useful for downside protection at cost of foregoing some upside.

For an option buyer, loss is limited to the premium that he has paid and gains are unlimited. .

The above example is hypothetical in nature and all figures are assumed for the purpose of illustrating the use of call options in individual stocks. Similar analogy can be used for Index Options too when the fund wishes to hedge a part of the total portfolio or cash.

The following section describes some of the more common debt derivatives transactions along with their benefits:

Interest Rate Futures (IRF)

An interest rate futures contract is "an agreement to buy or sell a debt instrument at a specified future date at a price that is fixed today." Interest rate futures are derivative contracts which have a notional interest bearing security as the underlying instrument. The buyer of an interest rate futures contract agrees to take delivery of the underlying debt instruments when the contract expires and the seller of interest rate futures agrees to deliver the debt instrument.

The fund can effectively use interest rate futures to hedge from increase in interest rates

Interest Rate Swap (IRS)

An IRS is an agreement between two parties to exchange stated interest obligations for an agreed period in respect of a notional principal amount. The most common form is a fixed to floating rate swap where one party receives a fixed (pre-determined) rate of interest while other receives a floating (variable) rate of interest.

Forward Rate Agreement (FRA)

A FRA is basically a forward starting IRS. It is an agreement between two parties to pay or receive the difference between an agreed fixed rate (the FRA rate) and the interest rate (reference rate) prevailing on a stipulated future date, based on a notional principal amount for an agreed period. The only cash flow is the difference between the FRA rate and the reference rate. As is the case with IRS, the notional amounts are not exchanged in FRAs.

Example

Let us assume that a scheme has an investment of Rs. 10 crore in an instrument which pays interest linked to NSE Mibor. Since the NSE Mibor would vary daily, the scheme is running an interest rate risk on its investment and would stand to lose if rates go down. To hedge itself against this risk, the scheme could do an IRS where it receives a fixed rate (assume 10%) for the next 5 days on the notional amount of Rs. 10 crore and pay a floating rate (NSE Mibor). In doing this, the scheme would effectively lock itself into a fixed rate of 10% for the next five days. The steps would be.

1. The scheme enters into an IRS on Rs. 10 crore from March 1, 2013 to March 6, 2013. It receives a fixed rate of interest at 10% and the counter party receives the floating rate (NSE Mibor). The Scheme and the counter party exchange a contract of having entered into this IRS.
2. On a daily basis, the NSE Mibor will be tracked by the counterparties to determine the floating rate payable by the scheme.
3. On March 6, 2013, the counterparty will calculate the following;
 - The scheme will receive interest on Rs. 10 crore at 10% p.a. for 5 days i.e. Rs. 1,36,986/-
 - The scheme will pay the compounded NSE Mibor for 5 days
 - Effectively, the scheme has earned interest at 10% p.a. for 5 days by converting its floating rate asset into a fixed rate through the IRS.

If the total interest on the compounded NSE Mibor rate is lower than Rs. 1,36,986/-, the scheme will receive the difference from the counterparty and vice-versa. In case the interest on compounded NSE Mibor is higher, the scheme would make a lower return than what it would have made had it not undertaken IRS.

Further, SEBI vide its circular no. Cir/ IMD/ DF/ 11/ 2010 dated August 18, 2010, has prescribed the following restrictions in respect of investment in derivatives:

- 1) The cumulative gross exposure through equity, debt and derivative positions shall not exceed 100% of the net assets of the Scheme.
- 2) The Scheme shall not write options or purchase instruments with embedded written options.
- 3) The total exposure related to option premium paid must not exceed 20% of the net assets of the Scheme.
- 4) Cash or cash equivalents with residual maturity of less than 91 days may be treated as not creating any exposure.
- 5) Exposure due to hedging positions may not be included in the above mentioned limits, subject the following:
 - (a) Hedging positions are the derivative positions that reduce possible losses on existing positions in securities and till the existing position remains.
 - (b) Hedging positions cannot be taken for existing derivative positions. Exposure due to such positions shall have to be added and treated under limits mentioned in Point 1.
 - (c) Any derivative instrument used to hedge has the same underlying security as the existing positions being hedged.
 - (d) The quantity of underlying associated with the derivative positions taken for hedging purposes does not exceed the quantity of the existing position against which hedge has been taken.
- 6) The Scheme may enter into plain vanilla interest rate swaps for hedging purposes. The counter party in such transactions has to be an entity recognized as a market maker by RBI. Further, the value of the notional principal in such cases must not exceed the value of respective existing assets being hedged by the scheme. Exposure to a single counterparty in such transactions should not exceed 10% of the net assets of the scheme.
- 7) Exposure due to derivative positions taken for hedging purposes in excess of the underlying positions against which the hedging position has been taken, shall be treated under the limits mentioned in Point 1.
- 8) Position taken in derivatives shall have an associated exposure as defined under. Exposure is the maximum possible loss that may occur on a position. However, certain derivative positions may theoretically have unlimited possible loss. Exposure in derivative positions shall be computed as follows: -

Position	Exposure
Long Future	Futures Price * Lot Size * Number of Contracts
Short Future	Futures Price * Lot Size * Number of Contracts
Option bought	Option premium Paid * Lot Size* Number of Contracts

G. FUNDAMENTAL ATTRIBUTES

Following are the Fundamental Attributes of the Scheme, in terms of Regulation 18 (15A) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations:

(i) Type of a scheme

An open ended retirement solution oriented scheme having a lock-in of 5 years or till retirement age (whichever is earlier)

(ii) Investment Objective

- Main Objective - Please refer “What is the investment objective of the Scheme?”
- Investment pattern - Please refer “How will the Scheme allocate its assets?”

(iii) Terms of Issue

- Liquidity provisions such as listing - Please refer section on “ongoing offer details”
- Aggregate fees and expenses charged to the scheme - Please refer section on “Fees and Expenses”
- Any safety net or guarantee provided - Not applicable

In accordance with Regulation 18(15A) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations, the Trustees shall ensure that no change in the fundamental attributes of the Scheme and the Plan(s) / Sub-Plan(s) thereunder or the trust or fee and expenses payable or any other change which would modify the Scheme and the Plan(s) / Sub-Plan(s) thereunder and affect the interests of Unitholders is carried out unless:

- A written communication about the proposed change is sent to each Unitholder and an advertisement is given in one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation as well as in a newspaper published in the language of the region where the Head Office of the Mutual Fund is situated; and
- The Unitholders are given an option for a period of 30 days to exit at the prevailing Net Asset Value without any exit load.

H. HOW WILL THE SCHEME BENCHMARK ITS PERFORMANCE?

Conservative Plan	Composite Benchmark 30% Nifty 50 + 70% Crisil Liquid Fund Index
Moderate Plan	Crisil Hybrid 35+65 - Aggressive Index
Progressive Plan	Nifty 200 Full Market Cap Index

The Scheme/Plan reserves the right to change the said benchmark and/or adopt one/more other benchmarks to compare the performance of the Scheme/Plan, subject to SEBI Regulations.

I. WHO MANAGES THE SCHEME?

Fund Manager	Designation	Age & Qualification	Brief Experience	Name of Schemes under his management
Mr. Ravi Gopalakrishnan – July 29, 2019 He has been managing the fund for 1 year 1 month.	Head-Equity of the company	53 years M.S. Finance (Investments) & M.B.A.	Has over 26 years of experience in research and asset management business. During his career, he has worked across many Asset Management Companies, including Canara Robeco AMC, Pramerica AMC, and Sun F&C AMC. He has managed several funds across Large Cap, Multi-cap and Mid cap strategies. He has a very strong research background and has sound knowledge of the fund management business.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Principal Emerging Bluechip Fund b) Principal Hybrid Equity Fund (Equity Portion) c) Principal Retirement Savings Fund - Conservative Plan Principal Retirement Savings Fund - Moderate Plan d) Principal Retirement Savings Fund - Progressive Plan e) Principal Multi Cap Growth Fund f) Principal Balanced Advantage Fund (Equity Portion) g) Principal Small Cap Fund h) Principal Focused Multicap Fund i) Principal Dividend Yield Fund

J. WHAT ARE THE INVESTMENT RESTRICTIONS?

Following Investment limitations/restrictions are specific to these Schemes:-

- The Fund under all its Schemes should not own more than 10% of any company's paid up capital carrying voting rights.

- Transfers of investments from one scheme to another scheme of Principal Mutual Fund shall be allowed only if:
 - i. The securities so transferred shall be in conformity with the investment objective of the scheme to which such transfer has been made.
 - ii. Such transfer shall be carried out at the price obtained from valuation agencies in accordance with the guidelines provided in the SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/DF4/CIR/P/2019/102 dated September 24, 2019.
 - iii. If prices are not received from any valuation agencies within the turn-around-time, such transfers shall be done at the prevailing market price for quoted instruments on spot basis.
[Explanation - “Spot basis” shall have same meaning as specified by stock exchange for spot transactions.]

- A scheme may invest in another scheme under the same asset management company or any other mutual fund without charging any fees, provided that aggregate interscheme investment made by all schemes under the same management or in schemes under the management of any other asset management company shall not exceed 5% of the net asset value of the mutual fund.

- The Mutual Fund shall buy and sell securities on the basis of deliveries and shall in all cases of purchases, take delivery of relative securities and in all cases of sale, deliver the securities. Provided that the Scheme may engage in short selling of securities in accordance with the framework relating to short selling and securities lending and borrowing specified by SEBI. Provided further that the Scheme may also enter into derivatives transactions in a recognized stock exchange, subject to the framework specified by the Board. Provided further that sale of government security already contracted for purchase shall be permitted in accordance with the guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India in this regard.

- The Mutual Fund shall get the securities purchased or transferred in the name of the Mutual Fund on account of the concerned scheme, wherever investments are intended to be of long-term nature.

- Pending deployment of Funds of the scheme in terms of investment objective, Mutual Fund may invest them in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks, subject to the following:
 - The scheme shall not park more than 15% of the net assets in Short term deposit(s) of all the scheduled commercial banks put together. However, it may be raised to 20% with prior approval of the trustees. Also, parking of funds in short term deposits of associate and sponsor scheduled commercial banks together shall not exceed 20% of total deployment by the mutual fund in short term deposits.
 - The scheme shall not park more than 10% of the net assets in short term deposit(s), with any one scheduled commercial bank including its subsidiaries.
 - No funds of the scheme may be parked in short term deposit of a bank which has invested in that scheme.
 - Short Term for such parking of fund by Mutual Fund shall be treated as a period not exceeding 91 days.
 - No investment and advisory fees shall be charged for parking of funds in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks.

- The Scheme shall not make any investment in:
 - any unlisted security of an associate or group company of the sponsor; or
 - any security issued by way of private placement by an associate or group company of the sponsor; or
 - the listed securities of group companies of the sponsor which is in excess of 25% of the net assets
- The Scheme shall not invest in any Fund of Funds Scheme

- The Scheme shall not invest more than 10% of its NAV in the equity shares or equity related instruments of any Company.

Provided that, the limit of 10 per cent shall not be applicable for investments in index fund or sector or industry specific scheme.

- The Scheme shall not invest more than 5% of its net assets in the unlisted equity shares or equity related instruments.
- Aggregate value of “Illiquid Securities” of the Scheme, which are defined as non-traded, thinly traded and unlisted equity share, shall not exceed 15% of the total assets of the Scheme.
- Investment in foreign Securities:-

- In accordance with RBI Circular A.P. (DIR) Series Circular No. 3 dated July 26, 2006 read with SEBI Circular SEBI/IMD/CIR No.7/104753/07 dated September 26, 2007, the Fund is permitted to invest only up to US\$ 300 million in identified overseas securities. Such limit and/or identified securities may be revised at the discretion of the Fund in alignment with the provision that may be prescribed in this regard by SEBI/RBI from time to time.

Where the Scheme may invest a part of its corpus in debt oriented and money market securities/instruments/funds, to manage its liquidity requirements, the investment restrictions specific to debt securities have been provided here below:-

- A mutual fund scheme shall not invest more than 10% of its NAV in debt instruments comprising money market instruments and non-money market instruments issued by a single issuer which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating agency authorised to carry out such activity under the Act. Such investment limit may be extended to 12% of the NAV of the scheme with the prior approval of the Board of Trustees and the Board of directors of the asset management company:

Provided that such limit shall not be applicable for investments in Government Securities, treasury bills and Tri Party Repo Dealing System (TREPS):

Provided further that investment within such limit can be made in mortgaged backed securitised debt which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating agency registered with the Board.

- The Scheme shall not invest more than 10% of its NAV in unrated debt instruments (of any residual maturity period) issued by a single issuer and the total investment in such instruments shall not exceed 25% of the NAV of the scheme. All such investments shall be made with the prior approval of the Board of Trustees and the Board of the AMC.
- The scheme shall not invest in unlisted debt instruments including commercial papers except for government securities, other money market instruments and derivative products used by mutual funds for hedging.

Provided that mutual fund schemes may invest in unlisted Non-Convertible Debentures (NCDs) not exceeding 10% of the debt portfolio of the scheme subject to the condition as may be specified by SEBI from time to time.

For the above clause, listed debt instruments shall include listed and to be listed debt instruments.

Investments in CPs will be made only in CPs which are listed or to be listed with effect from one month from the date of operationalization of framework for listing of CPs or January 01, 2020, whichever is later

The Scheme shall not invest more than 5% of its NAV in unrated debt instruments. Investments will only be made in such instruments, including bills re-discounting, usance bills, etc., that are generally not rated and for which separate investment norms or limits are not provided in SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations, 1996 and various circulars issued thereunder. Investments in unrated debt instruments shall be subject to norms and guidelines as specified by SEBI from time to time. All such investments shall be made with the prior approval of the Board of Trustees and the Board of AMC.

Further the investments by the Scheme shall be in compliance with SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/IMD/DF2/CIR/P/2019/104 dated October 1, 2019 and as amended by SEBI from time to time.

These investment limitations/parameters (as expressed/linked to the net asset/NAV/capital) shall in the ordinary course apply as of the date of the most recent transaction or commitment to invest, and changes do not have to be effected merely because, owing to appreciation or depreciation in value, or by reason of the receipt of any rights, bonuses or benefits in the nature of capital, or of any scheme of arrangement, or for amalgamation, reconstruction or exchange, or at any repayment or repurchase or other reason outside the control of the Fund, any such limits would thereby be breached. If these limits are exceeded for reasons beyond its control, the AMC shall adopt as a priority objective the remedying of that situation, taking due account of the interests of the unit holders.

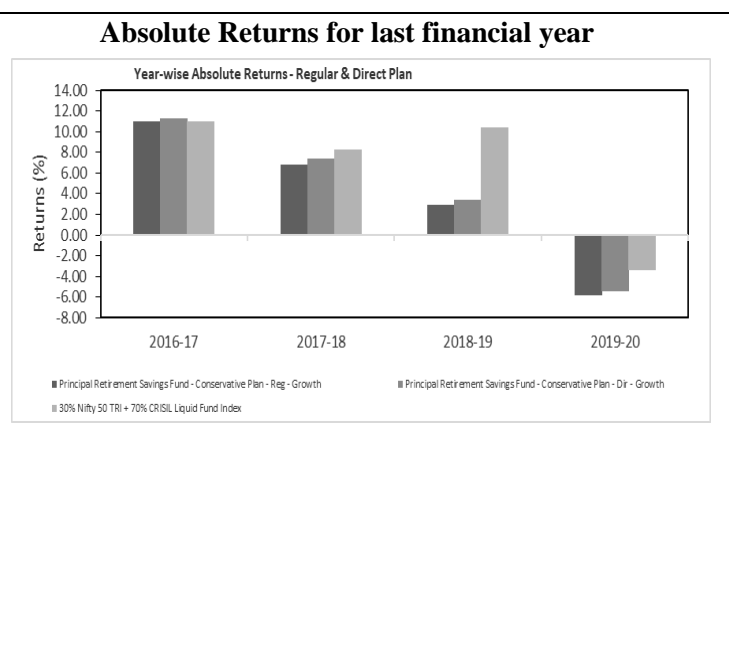
In addition, certain investment parameters (like limits on exposure to sectors, industries, issuers, etc.) may be adopted internally by the AMC, as amended from time to time, to ensure appropriate diversification/security for the Fund. The AMC may alter these above stated limitations from time to time, and also to the extent the SEBI Regulations change, so as to permit the Fund to make its investments in the full spectrum of permitted investments for Mutual Funds to achieve its investment objective. As such all investments of the Fund will be made in accordance with SEBI Regulations including Schedule VII thereof.

K. HOW HAS THE SCHEME PERFORMED?

Returns (%) of Growth Option as at August 31, 2020

Principal Retirement Savings Fund – Conservative Plan (erstwhile known as Principal Asset Allocation Fund of Funds - Conservative Plan)

Period	Returns (%)	30% Nifty 50 + 70% CRISIL Liquid Fund Index (%)
Regular Sub-Plan		
Last 1 Year	2.62	6.11
Last 3 Year	2.14	6.94
Since Inception*	4.92	8.23
Direct Sub-Plan		
Last 1 Year	3.08	6.11
Last 3 Year	2.62	6.94
Since Inception*	5.40	8.23



5 years performance is not mentioned as the scheme has not completed 5 years.

Past performance may or may not be sustained in the future.

***Inception Date:** Regular Sub-Plan – December 14, 2015; Direct Sub-Plan – – December 14, 2015

Principal Retirement Savings Fund – Moderate Plan (erstwhile known as Principal Asset Allocation Fund of Funds - Moderate Plan)

Period	Returns (%)	CRISIL Hybrid 35 + 65 - Aggressive Index (%)
Regular Sub-Plan		
Last 1 Year	4.24	9.07
Last 3 Year	2.29	6.70
Since Inception*	5.54	10.33
Direct Sub-Plan		
Last 1 Year	4.97	9.07
Last 3 Year	2.88	6.70
Since Inception*	6.22	10.33

Absolute Returns for last financial year

Year-wise Absolute Returns - Regular & Direct Plan

Legend: ■ Principal Retirement Savings Fund - Moderate Plan - Reg - Growth ■ Principal Retirement Savings Fund - Moderate Plan - Dir - Growth ■ CRISIL Hybrid 35 + 65 - Aggressive Index

5 years performance is not mentioned as the scheme has not completed 5 years.

Past performance may or may not be sustained in the future.

***Inception Date:** Regular Sub-Plan – December 14, 2015; Direct Sub-Plan – December 14, 2015

Principal Retirement Savings Fund – Progressive Plan (erstwhile known as Principal Asset Allocation Fund of Funds - Aggressive Plan)

Period	Returns (%)	Nifty 200 Full Marketcap Index (%)
Regular Sub-Plan		
Last 1 Year	0.59	4.43
Last 3 Year	0.56	4.29
Since Inception*	5.95	9.72
Direct Sub-Plan		
Last 1 Year	1.72	4.43
Last 3 Year	1.26	4.29
Since Inception*	6.68	9.72

Absolute Returns for last financial year

Year-wise Absolute Returns - Regular & Direct Plan

Legend: ■ Principal Retirement Savings Fund - Progressive Plan - Reg - Growth ■ Principal Retirement Savings Fund - Progressive Plan - Dir - Growth ■ Nifty 200 Full Marketcap Index

Past performance may or may not be sustained in the future.

***Inception Date:** Regular Sub-Plan – December 14, 2015; Direct Sub-Plan – December 14, 2015

Portfolio Turnover Ratio* (As on August 31, 2020)

PRINCIPAL RETIREMENT SAVINGS FUND - MODERATE PLAN	4.15
PRINCIPAL RETIREMENT SAVINGS FUND - CONSERVATIVE PLAN	5.81
PRINCIPAL RETIREMENT SAVINGS FUND - PROGRESSIVE PLAN	0.71

*The Portfolio Turnover Rate (PTR) means the lower of aggregate sales or purchases made during the 12 month rolling year/period divided by the 12 month rolling year/period Average asset under Management for the relevant year/period.

PORTFOLIO -

Principal Retirement Savings Fund – Conservative Plan (erstwhile known as Principal Asset Allocation Fund of Funds - Conservative Plan)		
Top 10 issuer exposure as on August 31, 2020		
Issuer Name	Market Value (Amount in Rupees)	% to NAV
Dr. Reddy's Laboratories Ltd.	10,66,175	8.72
Hindustan Unilever Ltd.	7,32,603	5.99
JSW Steel Ltd.	7,28,460	5.96
Sun Pharmaceutical Industries Ltd.	7,28,350	5.96
ICICI Bank Ltd.	6,68,847	5.47
ITC Ltd.	6,48,593	5.30
Axis Bank Ltd.	6,38,324	5.22
Coal India Ltd.	4,97,095	4.06
Reliance Industries Ltd.	2,74,652	2.25
HDFC Bank Ltd.	2,27,633	1.86

Principal Retirement Savings Fund – Moderate Plan (erstwhile known as Principal Asset Allocation Fund of Funds - Moderate Plan)		
Top 10 issuer exposure as on August 31, 2020		
Issuer Name	Market Value (Amount in Rupees)	% to NAV
ITC Ltd.	6,17,635	9.22
Indian Oil Corporation Ltd.	4,89,060	7.30
Reliance Industries Ltd.	2,95,459	4.41
HDFC Bank Ltd.	2,51,066	3.75

Infosys Ltd.	1,82,934	2.73
Tata Consultancy Services Ltd.	1,48,979	2.22
ICICI Bank Ltd.	1,42,451	2.13
Housing Development Finance Corporation Ltd.	1,17,286	1.75
Divi's Laboratories Ltd.	1,09,298	1.63
Bharti Airtel Ltd.	1,08,777	1.62

Principal Retirement Savings Fund – Progressive Plan (erstwhile known as Principal Asset Allocation Fund of Funds - Aggressive Plan)

Top 10 issuer exposure as on August 31, 2020

Issuer Name	Market Value (Amount in Rupees)	% to NAV
Reliance Industries Ltd.	19,76,665	8.76
HDFC Bank Ltd.	15,76,696	6.99
Infosys Ltd.	11,47,750	5.09
Tata Consultancy Services Ltd.	8,66,784	3.84
ICICI Bank Ltd.	8,55,098	3.79
Housing Development Finance Corporation Ltd.	6,79,895	3.01
Bharti Airtel Ltd.	6,28,034	2.78
Divi's Laboratories Ltd.	6,24,560	2.77
Hindustan Unilever Ltd.	5,94,975	2.64
Kotak Mahindra Bank Ltd.	5,89,968	2.62

SECTOR ALLOCATION –

Principal Retirement Savings Fund – Conservative Plan (erstwhile known as Principal Asset Allocation Fund of Funds - Conservative Plan)		
Sector Allocation as on <u>August 31, 2020</u>		
Sector Allocation	Market Value Amount in Rupees	% to NAV
Financial Services	20,41,801	16.70
Pharma	20,40,796	16.69
Consumer Goods	16,61,759	13.59
Metals	12,64,319	10.34
IT	3,13,069	2.56
Oil & Gas	3,04,280	2.49
Automobile	2,09,429	1.71
Fertilisers & Pesticides	1,19,083	0.97
Chemicals	1,11,132	0.91
Industrial Manufacturing	1,02,403	0.84

Principal Retirement Savings Fund – Moderate Plan (erstwhile known as Principal Asset Allocation Fund of Funds - Moderate Plan)		
Sector Allocation as on <u>August 31, 2020</u>		
Sector Allocation	Market Value Amount in Rupees	% to NAV
Consumer Goods	10,17,332	15.19
Financial Services	9,81,117	14.65
Oil & Gas	8,19,186	12.23
IT	3,31,913	4.96
Pharma	2,57,888	3.85
Automobile	2,26,769	3.39
Fertilisers & Pesticides	1,42,645	2.13
Cement & Cement Products	1,23,728	1.85
Chemicals	1,14,704	1.71
Telecom	1,08,777	1.62

Principal Retirement Savings Fund – Progressive Plan (erstwhile known as Principal Asset Allocation Fund of Funds - Aggressive Plan)

Sector Allocation as on August 31, 2020

Sector Allocation	Market Value Amount in Rupees	% to NAV
Financial Services	59,40,316	26.34
Consumer Goods	26,04,646	11.55
Oil & Gas	21,77,006	9.65
IT	20,14,534	8.93
Automobile	14,99,608	6.65
Pharma	14,99,379	6.65
Fertilisers & Pesticides	7,85,133	3.48
Chemicals	6,96,205	3.09
Cement & Cement Products	6,68,675	2.96
Telecom	6,28,034	2.78

Website link for Monthly Portfolio Holding - www.principalindia.com

L. INVESTMENT BY AMC AND ITS ASSOCIATES

The AMC, and investment companies managed by the Sponsor, its affiliates, its associate companies and subsidiaries may invest either directly or indirectly in the Scheme. The money managed by these affiliates, associates, the Sponsor, subsidiaries of the Sponsor and/or the AMC may acquire a substantial portion of the Scheme's units and collectively constitute a major investment in the Scheme. The AMC reserves the right to invest its own funds in the Scheme as may be decided by the AMC from time to time and in accordance with SEBI Circular no. SEBI/IMD/CIR No. 10/22701/03 dated December 12, 2003 and SEBI/IMD/CIR No. 1/42529/05 dated June 14, 2005 regarding minimum number of investors in the Scheme/Plan. The AMC shall not charge any fees on investment by the AMC in the units of the Scheme.

The Aggregate Investment in the scheme under the following categories as on August 31, 2020:

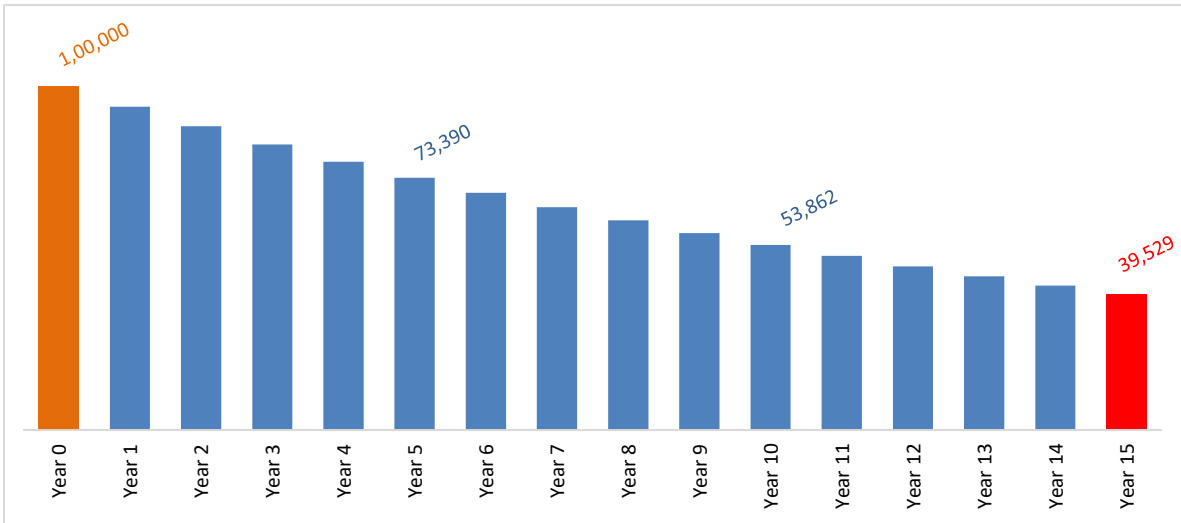
Sr.	Categories	Aggregate Investment in the scheme (in Rs.)
1.	AMC's Board of Directors	Nil
2.	Fund Manager of the Scheme	Nil
3.	Key Personnel of AMC	Nil

IMPORTANCE OF SAVING FOR RETIREMENT:

Importance of savings:

- Retirement is one of the most important life-stage goals.
- Post retirement, the source of income stops, yet the requirement to lead the same lifestyle (or better) remains critical.
- India does not have a formal Social Security System.
- Break-up of joint family system means that the individual has no option but to be self-dependent.
- Risk of inflation is underestimated.

Graph below depicts the value of Rs. 100,000 will be reduced to Rs. 39,529 over a period of 15 years assuming an inflation rate of 6% per annum.



The above graphical representation is for illustration purpose only. It has no direct or indirect reference to the performance of the schemes. Investors are advised to refer to financial advisor / tax advisor independently before investment.

The above data shows that the value of money erodes by 2.5 times over 15 years at 6% inflation. Hence it is important to prudently invest into instruments which are not only able to beat inflation but also have potential for wealth creation in longer run.

The table below depicts a simulation of Rs 10,000 invested for 15 years and eventually 2.5 times (Rs. 25,000) of this amount is withdrawn monthly after 15 years. The assumed rate of return is 9% (Data as on 31st May 2018; Source: MFI Explorer).

Investment Stage	
Amount Invested per month	10,000.00
Assumed rate of return	9% p.a.
Period of Investment	15 years
Investment Frequency	Monthly
Total amount invested	1,800,000.00

Retirement Stage	
RWP Amount	25,000.00
Assumed rate of return	9% p.a.
Period of RWP	15 Years
RWP Frequency	Monthly
Total RWP Amount	4,500,000.00
Balance Corpus after RWP Period	1,246,110.43

Value of corpus at end of Period	3,822,438.12
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Mantra to a peaceful retired life “Invest today, reap tomorrow”

Note: Past performance is not indicative of future returns. It may or may not be sustained in future.

M. PRODUCT DIFFERENTIATION

The fund is a retirement solution oriented fund which enables investors to invest over the long term towards their retirement savings goals, by investing in a mix of securities comprising of equity, equity related instruments and fixed income securities.

At present there are no other funds under the Retirement Fund category.

SECTION IV: UNITS AND OFFER

This section provides details you need to know for investing in the Scheme.

A. NFO Details

This section does not apply to the scheme, as the ongoing offer of the scheme has commenced after the NFO, and the units are available for continuous subscription and redemption.

B. Ongoing Offer Details

<p>Ongoing Offer Period This is the date from which the scheme will reopen for subscriptions/redemptions after the closure of the New Fund Offer (NFO) period</p>	<p>Date of Inception of Regular and Direct Sub-Plan is December 14, 2015 The Scheme being open ended, Investors can subscribe to the units on an ongoing basis.</p> <p>The Scheme being open ended scheme Investors can subscribe to the units on an ongoing basis. To provide liquidity to the investors, the Scheme will offer Redemption / Switch-out of Units at NAV based prices subject to the lock-in period and applicable exit load.</p>
<p>Ongoing price for subscription (purchase)/switch-in (from other schemes/plans of the mutual fund) by investors. This is the price you need to pay for purchase/switch-in.</p>	<p>At applicable NAV.</p>
<p>Ongoing price for redemption (sale) /switch outs (to other schemes/plans of the Mutual Fund) by investors. This is the price you will receive for redemptions/switch outs.</p>	<p>At the applicable NAV, subject to prevailing exit load.</p> <p>Methodology of calculating the repurchase price: Repurchase or redemption price is the price or NAV at which the investor redeems his investments after deducting the exit load applicable at the time of investment. Repurchase Price will be calculated using the following formula: Repurchase Price = Applicable NAV*(1 – Exit Load, if any). Example for calculation of Repurchase Price If the Applicable NAV is Rs. 11.25 and a 1.00% exit load is charged, the repurchase price will be calculated as follows: Repurchase Price = Rs. 11.25 x (1-1.00%) = Rs. 11.25 – Rs. 0.1125 = Rs. 11.1375 per unit</p>
<p>Sub-Plans / Options offered</p>	<p>The Scheme/Plan will have two Sub-Plans i.e. Regular Sub-Plan & Direct Sub-Plan. Both the Sub-Plans, offer Growth Option and Dividend Option.</p> <p>Each Plan will have a separate portfolio. However, the Sub-Plans (Regular and Direct Sub-Plan) under the Plan(s) will share a common portfolio.</p> <p>Regular Sub-Plan: Investors opting to invest through a Distributor shall be allotted units under the Regular Sub-Plan. Kindly ensure that a Distributor code is provided in the relevant space on the application form. In the absence of the Distributor Code, the application will be processed under the DIRECT Sub-Plan, by default.</p> <p>Direct Sub-Plan:</p>

“Direct Sub-Plan” is only for investors who purchase /subscribe Units in a Scheme directly with the Fund. This plan is not available for investors who wish to purchase/ subscribe units through a Distributor. All categories of investors (whether existing or new Unitholders) as permitted under the Scheme Information Document of the Scheme are eligible to subscribe under Direct Sub-Plan. Investments under Direct Sub-Plan can be made through various modes offered by the Mutual Fund for investing directly with the Mutual Fund [except through Stock Exchange Platforms for Mutual Funds and all other Platform(s) where investors’ applications for subscription of units are routed through Distributors].

Investors desirous of subscribing under Direct Sub-Plan of the Scheme/Plan will have to ensure to indicate “Direct Sub-Plan” against the Scheme/Plan name in the application form. Further, Investors should also indicate “Direct” in the ARN column of the application form.

Growth Option

Under this option, the Mutual Fund will not declare any dividend. The income earned by the Scheme/Plan will remain invested in the Scheme/Plan concerned and will be reflected in the NAV. This Option is suitable for investors who are not looking for current income but who have invested only with the intention of capital appreciation-

Dividend Option:

Under Dividend Option, dividend will be declared subject to availability of distributable surplus and at the discretion of AMC/Trustee. The undistributed portion of the income will remain in the Option and be reflected in the NAV, on an ongoing basis. The Trustee decision with regard to availability and adequacy, rate, timing and frequency of distribution of dividend shall be final.

Further, the Dividend Option will have the facility of Re-investment, Payout and Sweep. Applicants should indicate the Option/Facility for which the subscription is made by indicating the choice in the appropriate box provided for this purpose in the Application Form. Applicants can allocate the investment in both the Options subject to a minimum investment amount of the Scheme.

Dividend option will have the facility of Payout, Re-investment and Sweep.

Dividend Payout Facility

Under this Facility, the unit holders would receive payout of their dividend.

Dividend Re-investment Facility

Under this Facility, dividend declared will be re-invested in the Scheme/Option itself, at applicable NAV based prices

Dividend Sweep Facility

Under this facility, the unit holders may reinvest their dividend in any other open ended scheme of the Fund at the applicable NAV based prices, subject to the minimum investment and eligibility requirements of the scheme in which the dividend is being invested. The appropriate number of units shall be credited to unit holder’s account at the applicable NAV on the same date when the NAV is ex-dividend.

Default Plan for scheme: In case investor fails to specify any Plan, then units shall, by default, be issued under the following Plan depending upon the age of the investors:

- i) In case the age of investor is less than 52 years then units shall, by default, be allotted under “Progressive Plan”.
- ii) In case the age of investor is 52 years or more but less than 57 years then units shall, by default, be allotted under “Moderate Plan”
- iii) In case the age of investor is 57 years or more then units shall, by default, be allotted under “Conservative Plan”.

In case the investor doesn't specify :

- 1. the Plan under which the investor intends to make an investment; or
- 2. the age of the investor at the time of investment,

then the units shall be allotted under “Moderate Plan” (default plan).

Default Sub-Plan

Refer table below for understanding the result for various options selected by the investor for applications –

Scenario	Broker Code mentioned by the investor	Plan mentioned by the investor	Default Sub-Plan to be captured
1	Not mentioned	Not mentioned	Direct Sub-Plan
2	Not mentioned	Direct	Direct Sub-Plan
3	Not mentioned	Regular	Direct Sub-Plan
4	Mentioned	Direct	Direct Sub-Plan
5	Direct	Not Mentioned	Direct Sub-Plan
6	Direct	Regular	Direct Sub-Plan
7	Mentioned	Regular	Regular Sub-Plan
8	Mentioned	Not Mentioned	Regular Sub-Plan

As mentioned above Investors should indicate the Sub-Plan for which the subscription is made by indicating the choice in the appropriate box provided for this purpose in the application form.

If the investor doesn't specify the choice of option at the time of investment, application will be processed under Growth Option.

In cases of wrong/invalid/incomplete ARN codes mentioned on the application form, the application shall be processed under Regular sub-plan. The AMC shall contact and obtain the correct ARN code within 30 calendar days of the receipt of the application form from the investor/distributor. In case, the correct code is not received within 30 calendar days, the AMC will reprocess the transaction under Direct sub-plan from the date of application without any exit load.

Allotment

The allotment will be made where applications received are complete in all respects. However, an offer to purchase units is not binding on, and may be rejected

	<p>by AMC, until it has been confirmed through an Account/Transaction Statement and payment has been received.</p> <p>The Fund reserves the right to reject the application in whole or in part</p>
<p>Refund</p>	<p>Refund of subscription money to investors whose application is invalid for any reason whatsoever, or whose application has not been accepted in full will be made without incurring any liability whatsoever for interest or other sum.</p>
<p>Who can invest</p> <p>This is an indicative list and you are requested to consult your financial advisor to ascertain whether the scheme is suitable to your risk profile.</p>	<p>The following persons (subject wherever relevant to, purchase of Units being permitted under their respective constitutions and relevant State Regulations) are eligible to apply for purchase of units under the Scheme/Plan.</p> <p>(i) Resident Indian Nationals who are :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Adult individuals as sole holder, ○ Adult individuals not exceeding three jointly or on an either/anyone or survivor basis. ○ Parents/Lawful guardians on behalf of Minors. <p>ii) Non-Resident Indians (NRIs), Persons of Indian Origin residing abroad (PIO) and Overseas Citizen of India (OCI) on full repatriation basis and on non-repatriation basis but not (a) United States Persons within the meaning of Regulation (S) under the United States Securities Act of 1933 or as defined by the U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission, as amended from time to time or (b) persons resident of Canada.</p> <p>iii) Payment by Employer on behalf of employee under Systematic Investment Plan(s) or Lumpsum/One time subscription in order to fund the Retirement Corpus of the investor;</p> <p>The Fund reserves the right to include / exclude new / existing categories of investors to invest in the Schemes, subject to SEBI Regulations and other prevailing statutory regulations, if any.</p> <p>The Scheme/Plan has not been and will not be registered in any country outside India. To ensure compliance with any domestic / international Laws, Acts, Enactment, etc. including by way of Circulars, Press Releases, or Notifications of Government of India, the Fund may require/give verification of identity/any special/additional subscription-related information from/ of the unitholders (which may result in delay in dealing with the applications, Units, benefits, distribution, etc./giving subscription details, etc.). Each unitholder must provide such information asked for and also represent and warrant to the Trustees/AMC that, among other things, he is able to acquire Units without violating applicable laws. The Trustees will not knowingly offer or sell Units to any person to whom such offer or sale would be unlawful, or might result in the Fund incurring any liability or suffering any other pecuniary disadvantages which the Fund might not otherwise incur or suffer. Units may not be held by any person who fails to provide the information called for or in breach of the law or requirements of any governmental, statutory authority including, without limitation, exchange control regulations. The AMC/Trustees may compulsorily redeem any Units held directly or beneficially by any person who fails to provide the information called for or found to be held in contravention of these requirements / prohibitions. In view of the individual nature of investment portfolio and its consequence, each unitholder is advised to consult his/her own professional advisor concerning possible consequences of purchasing, holding, selling, converting or otherwise disposing of the Units under the laws of</p>

his/her state/country of incorporation, establishment, citizenship, residence or domicile.

Kindly note that neither the Statement of Additional Information; nor this Scheme Information Document, nor the Application for the Units, nor the Units (“these Documents”) have been registered in any jurisdiction. The distribution of these Documents in certain jurisdictions may be prohibited or restricted or subject to registration requirements and accordingly, persons who come into possession of any of these Documents are required to inform themselves about and to observe, any such restrictions. No person receiving a copy of any of these Documents in such jurisdiction may act or treat these Document or any part/portion thereof as constituting an invitation to him to subscribe for Units, nor should he in any event use any such Documents, unless in the relevant jurisdiction such an invitation could lawfully be made to him and such Documents could lawfully be used without compliance with any registration or other legal requirements. Accordingly, none of these Documents (including or any part/portion thereof) constitute an offer or solicitation by any one in any jurisdiction in which such offer or solicitation is not lawful or in which the person making such offer or solicitation is not qualified to do so or to any one to whom it is unlawful to make such offer or solicitation. It is the responsibility of any persons in possession of any of these Documents and any persons wishing to apply for Units pursuant to these Documents to inform themselves of and to observe, all applicable laws and Regulations of such relevant jurisdiction.

***Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (‘FATCA’) and Common Reporting Standards (CRS) requirements:**

The Government of India and the United States of America (US) have reached an agreement in substance on the terms of an Inter- Governmental Agreement (IGA) and India is now treated as having an IGA in effect from April 11, 2014. On similar lines the Organization of economic Development (OECD) along with G-20 countries has released a ‘Standard for Automatic exchange of Financial Account Information in Tax Matters’ commonly known as Common reporting Standard (‘CRS’). India is signatory to the Multilateral Competent Authority Agreement (MCAA) for the purposes of CRS. Under FATCA/CRS provisions, Financial Institutions are obligated to obtain information about the financial accounts maintained by investors and report to the local Government/ notified tax authorities. In accordance with FATCA and CRS provisions, the AMC / Mutual Fund is required to undertake due diligence process and identify foreign reportable accounts and collect such information / documentary evidences of the FATCA/CRS status of its investors / Unit holders and disclose such information (through its agents or service providers) as far as may be legally permitted about the holdings/ investment returns to US Internal revenue Service (IRS)/any other foreign government or the Indian Tax Authorities, as the case may be for the purpose of onward transmission to the IrS/ any other foreign government pursuant to the new reporting regime under FATCA/CRS.

FATCA/CRS due diligence will be directed at each investor / Unit holder (including joint investor/Unitholder) and on being identified as a reportable person, all the folios will be reported. In case of folios with joint holders, the entire account value of the investment portfolio will be attributable under each such reportable person. An investor / Unit holder will therefore be required to comply with the request of the AMC / Mutual Fund to furnish such information as and when sought

by the AMC for the AMC / Mutual Fund to comply with the information reporting requirements stated in IGA/MCAA and circulars issued by SeBI / AMFI in this regard. The information disclosed may include (but is not limited to) the identity of the investors/Unitholder(s) and their direct or indirect beneficiaries, beneficial owners and controlling persons. Investors / Unitholders should consult their own tax advisors regarding FATCA/CRS requirements with respect to their own situation.

The AMC/Mutual Fund reserves the right to reject any application/freeze any folio(s) held directly or beneficially for transactions in the event the applicant/Unitholder(s) fail to furnish the relevant information and/or documentation in accordance with FATCA/CRS provisions and as requested by the AMC/Mutual Fund.

Central Know Your Customers (CKYC)

In line with AMFI Best Practices Guidelines Circular No.68/2016-17 dated December 22, 2016 on Uniform implementation of CKYC by Mutual Fund/ AMCs, while onboarding a new individual investor, for those investors whose KYC is not registered or verified in the KRA system, the AMC shall use new CKYC Form to conduct and register the KYC of the investor.

In case the investor uses the old KRA KYC form, the investor is required to provide the additional information using a ‘Supplementary CKYC Form’ or to fill the new ‘CKYC Form’

In case the new investors have completed CKYC and quote KYC Identification Number (KIN) in their application forms, AMC shall use the KIN provided by the customer to download KYC information from CKYCR system and update the records. AMC is also required to check that in case the investor has not updated the PAN details in the CKYC system, self-certified copy of the PAN card is required to be obtained and uploaded in the CKYC system. Accordingly, investors may be requested to provide the same.

The new CKYC forms have been uploaded on the AMC Website-
<http://principalindia.com>

For further details, please refer the SAI.

Who cannot invest

It should be noted that the following persons cannot invest in the Scheme/Plan:

1. Any person who is a foreign national;
2. United States Persons within the meaning of Regulation S under the United States Securities Act of 1933 or as defined by the U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission or as defined under Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act (FATCA) or as defined under any other extant laws of the United States of America or as per such further amended definitions, interpretations, legislations, rules etc, as may be in force from time to time and Persons resident of Canada
3. Overseas Corporate Bodies (OCBs) shall not be allowed to invest in the Scheme. These would be firms and societies, which are held directly or indirectly but ultimately to the extent of at least 60% by NRIs and trusts in which at least 60% of the beneficial interest is similarly held irrevocably by such persons (OCBs).

4. Religious and charitable trusts, wakfs or other public trusts that have not received necessary approvals and a private trust that is not authorised to invest in Mutual Fund schemes under its trust deed. The Mutual Fund will not be responsible for or any adverse consequences as a result of an investment by a public or a private trust if it is ineligible to make such investments.
5. Any other person determined by the AMC or the Trustee as not being eligible to invest in the Scheme.
6. Partnership Firms
7. Hindu Undivided Families(HUF), through their Karta acting or on behalf of the HUF
8. Institutions, Companies, Bodies Corporate, Public Sector Undertakings, Societies registered under the Societies Registration Act 1860, or Co-operative Societies.
9. Banks (including Co-operative Banks and Regional Rural Banks), Funds, Financial and Investment Institutions
10. Religious and Charitable Trusts, drafts or endowments and Private Trusts, under the provisions of Section 11(5) of Income tax Act, 1961 read with Rule 17(C) of Income tax Rules 1962 registered under the Societies Registration Act/Indian Trusts Act, Trustees of Private Trusts authorized to invest in mutual fund schemes under their trust deeds
11. Scientific and Industrial Research Organizations
12. Association of Persons/Body of Individuals, whether incorporated or not
13. Army/Air Force/Navy, other paramilitary units and bodies created by such institutions
14. Mutual Funds registered with SEBI
15. Multilateral Funding Agencies/Bodies Corporate incorporated outside India with the permission of Government of India/Reserve Bank of India.
16. Overseas Financial Organizations
17. Such other individuals/institutions/body corporate, etc. as may be decided by the Fund from time to time.
18. Other Schemes of Principal Mutual Fund
19. Provident/Pension/Gratuity/Superannuation Fund(s) and such other retirement and employee benefit and other similar Funds.
20. Foreign Portfolio Investor (FPI) registered with SEBI;
21. Qualified Foreign Investor (QFI) subject to the conditions prescribed by SEBI, RBI, any other regulatory authorities and the AMC from time to time.


The Fund reserves the right to include / exclude new / existing categories of investors to invest in the Scheme from time to time, subject to SEBI Regulations and other prevailing statutory regulations, if any.

As Units may not be held by any person in breach of the SEBI Regulations, any law or requirements of any governmental, statutory authority including, without limitation, exchange control regulations, the Mutual Fund / Trustee / AMC may mandatorily redeem all the Units of any Unitholder where the Units are held by a Unitholder in breach of the same.

The Mutual Fund / Trustee / AMC may redeem Units of any Unitholder in the event it is found that the Unitholder has submitted information either in the application or otherwise that is false, misleading or incomplete.

	<p>Note:</p> <p>22. RBI has vide Schedule 5 of the Foreign Exchange Management (Transfer or Issue of Security by a Person Resident Outside India) Regulations, 2000, granted a general permission to NRIs / Persons of Indian Origin residing abroad (PIOs) and FIIs for purchasing / redeeming Units of the mutual funds subject to conditions stipulated therein.</p> <p>23. Returned cheques are liable not to be presented again for collection, and the accompanying application forms are liable to be rejected. In case the returned cheques are presented again, the necessary charges are liable to be debited to the investor</p>
<p>Where can you submit the filled up applications.</p>	<p>The applications filled up and duly signed by the applicants should be submitted at offices nearest to you of AMC or KFin Technologies Private Limited ('KFin') – Registrar and Transfer Agent, which have been identified as Investor Service Centres (ISCs) / Official Points of Acceptance and whose names and addresses are mentioned on the last / back cover page of this SID. Existing Investors can also subscribe and redeem units from the official website of AMC i.e. www.principalindia.com</p> <p>Please refer the last / back cover page of this Scheme Information Document for name, address, contact no. and website address of the R&T.</p> <p>Investors can also subscribe to the Units of Regular Sub-Plan under the Scheme (Except Sweep facility of Dividend Option under Regular Sub-Plan) through MFSS facility of NSE and BSEStAR MF Platform facility of BSE. Please refer to section “Trading in units through Stock Exchange Mechanism” under Section B ‘Ongoing Offer Details’, for detailed provisions.</p> <p>Investors can also subscribe to the Units through the Online Transaction Portal of MF Utility at www.mfuonline.com and through the POS of MFU. The list of POS of MFU is published on the website of MFU at www.mfuindia.com as updated from time to time.</p> <p>For all investments it would be assumed that the investors have suitably authorized their respective brokers and are aware that their investments are subject to terms, conditions and risk factors set forth in this Scheme Information Document.</p>
<p>How to Apply</p>	<p>Please refer to the SAI and Application form for the instructions.</p>
<p>Listing</p>	<p>Being an open ended scheme, the Units of the Scheme /Plan are not to be listed.</p>
<p>Cut off timing for subscription/redemptions/ switches This is the time before which your application (complete in all respects) should reach the Official Points of Acceptance</p>	<p>Cut Off Time For Subscriptions/ Switch-in</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In respect of valid applications received upto 3.00 pm with a local cheque or demand draft payable at par at the Official Points of Acceptance of Transactions where it is received, the closing NAV of the day of receipt of application shall be applicable; • In respect of valid applications received after 3.00 pm with a local cheque or demand draft payable at par at the Official Points of Acceptance of Transactions where it is received, the closing NAV of the next business day shall be applicable; and <p>In respect of purchase/switch- in, in the Scheme/Plan for an amount equal to or more than Rs.2 Lakhs, the closing NAV (Net Asset Value) of the day shall be</p>

	<p>applicable subject to realisation of the funds upto 3.00 p.m. and receipt of application (duly time stamped).</p> <p>Further, in case of multiple applications for purchases/switch-ins in any of the Scheme/Plan (irrespective of its Sub-Plan) for an aggregate investment amount equal to or more than Rs.2 Lakh on the same business day, such application shall be consolidated at PAN level to determine the NAV applicability.</p> <p>Cut Off Time For Redemptions / Switch-out</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In respect of valid applications received upto 3.00 p.m. at the Official Points of Acceptance of Transactions, same day's closing NAV will be applicable • In respect of valid applications received after 3.00 p.m. at the Official Points of Acceptance of Transactions, the closing NAV of the next business day shall be applicable. <p>In case of 'switch' transactions from one scheme to another, the allocation shall be in line with redemption payouts.</p> <p>The above cut-off timings shall also be applicable to investments made through "Sweep" mode available in the Dividend Option.</p> <p>Cut off time as mentioned above shall be reckoned at the Official Points of Acceptance of transactions as disclosed in the SID and the website www.principalindia.com.</p>
<p>Minimum amount for purchase/redemption/switches</p>	<p>Rs.5,000/- under each of the Plans/Sub-Plans and any amount thereafter.</p> <p>Additional Purchase – Rs.1000/- and any amount thereafter under each Plans/Sub-Plans</p> <p>Systematic Investment Plan: Minimum Six installments of Rs.2000/- each.</p> <p>Systematic Transfer Plan: Minimum Six installments of Rs.1000/- each . (available after lock-in period.)</p> <p>Regular Withdrawal Plan: Minimum Six installments of Rs.500/- each (available after lock-in period.)</p> <p>Minimum Redemption / Sale Amount:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Where the holding amount / units exceed Rs. 500/- / 50 units - Rs. 500/- or 50 units; • Where the holding is less than Rs. 500/- or 50 units - entire balance needs to be redeemed. In case redemptions sought is for lesser value / quantity, entire balance will be redeemed
<p>Minimum balance to be maintained and consequences of non-maintenance</p>	<p>There is no minimum balance requirement in the Scheme/Plan.</p>
<p>Cash Investments</p>	<p>Pursuant to SEBI Circular dated September 13, 2012 and May 22, 2014 it is permitted to accept cash transactions to the extent of Rs. 50,000/-, subject to compliance with Prevention of Money Laundering Act 2002 and rules framed there under and the SEBI circular(s) on Anti-Money Laundering (AML) and other</p>



applicable AML rules, regulations and guidelines. Provided that the limit shall be applicable per investor for investment done in a financial year across all schemes of Mutual Fund, subject to sufficient systems and procedure in place for such acceptance. However any form of re-payment either by way of redemption, dividend, etc. with respect to such cash investments shall be paid only through banking channel.

The AMC is in the process of implementing adequate systems and controls to accept Cash Investments in the Scheme. Information in this regard will be provided to investors as and when the facility is made available.

Special Products / facilities

The Fund reserves the right to amend or terminate or introduce special facilities in the SID. The current special facilities offered in the Scheme/Plan are as follows:

1. Switch Option

Switch option is available across the three plans namely Progressive Plan, Moderate Plan & Conservative Plan during lock – in period without any exit load.

Investors can also opt to switch between Regular Sub-Plan & Direct Sub-Plan at NAV based prices. Switching will also be allowed from any select open ended scheme(s) managed under the Fund into either scheme existing on the date of switch or during the NFO period of the new scheme(s) that may be launched in the future at NAV based prices.

In the case of NRIs, etc. this will be subject to necessary approval (if any) from the Reserve Bank of India and any other approval as applicable. Tax deduction at source, if any, will be effected at the appropriate rate in case of a switch and the balance amount would be utilized to exchange units to the other Scheme.

A request for switch may be specified either in terms of amount or in terms of the number of units of the scheme/plan/option from which the switch is sought. Such instructions may be provided in writing by completing the switch form or using the relevant tear off section of the Transaction Slip that may be enclosed with the Account Statement and lodging the same on any business day at any of the designated Official Points of Acceptance. The switch will be effected by redeeming units from the scheme(s) in which the units are held and investing the net proceeds in the other Scheme, subject to the minimum balance applicable for the respective Scheme(s).

2. Systematic Investment Plan

Systematic Investment Plan (SIP) is available for planned and regular investments. Under SIP, unit holders can benefit by investing specified rupee amounts periodically for a continuous period. This concept is called Rupee Cost Averaging. This program allows unit holders to save a fixed amount of rupees every month/quarterly by purchasing additional units of the Scheme(s).

Example

Let us take an example of a unit holder who invests Rs.3000/- per month

Month	NAV	Amount (Rs.)	Units
April 1	10.50	3000	285.71
May 1	10.65	3000	281.69
June 1	10.05	3000	298.50
July 1	9.75	3000	307.69
August 1	9.60	3000	312.50
September 1	9.50	3000	315.79
October 1	9.25	3000	324.32
November 1	9.05	3000	331.49
December 1	8.90	3000	337.08
January 1	8.75	3000	342.86
February 1	8.50	3000	352.94
March 1	8.80	3000	340.91
TOTAL		36000	3831.48

Note: The figures of NAV are hypothetical and are for illustrative purposes only.

At the end of one year the unitholder would have 3831.48 units, at an average per unit cost of Rs. 9.40.

Rupee Cost Averaging does not guarantee a profit nor protect against a loss. Rupee Cost Averaging can smooth out the market's ups and downs and reduce the risk of investing in volatile markets.

Features of the SIP

1. The investor can select 'any day of the month' for Systematic Investment Plan ("SIP"). However, in case the chosen date falls on a Non Business Day, the SIP will be processed on the immediate next Business Day. Where the SIP date is not available in a particular month, the same will be processed on the last day of that month. The first cheque and subsequent cheque should not fall in the same month in case of Monthly SIP and in the same quarter in case of Quarterly SIP. The cheques should be drawn in favour of respective Scheme(s) e.g. "XYZ Scheme Name A/c PAN" or "XYZ Scheme Name A/c First Investor Name" or "XYZ Scheme A/c. Folio Number"; and crossed "A/c Payee only". The default date will be considered as 10th of the month in case the installment date is not selected in the SIP form. The above option will be available under both Monthly and Quarterly frequency. SIP can be registered with minimum six instalments of INR 2000/- each.
2. Investors, who wish to opt for ECS (debit clearing) facility available with select banks, should ensure that there is a minimum time gap of 30 days between the first cheque for SIP enrolment and first installment of SIP through ECS or Direct Debit. Dishonoured cheque(s) may not be presented again for collection.
3. Unit holders need not submit a copy of cancelled cheque provided the SIP Auto Debit Facility Enrolment Form is attested by the Bank from which SIP installments will be debited.
4. Unit holders have the right to discontinue the SIP facility at any time by sending a written request to any of the designated Investor Service Centers (ISCs) of Principal Mutual Fund. Please also note that notice of such discontinuation should be received at least 18 working days prior to the due date of the next SIP installment.
5. SIP enrolment will be discontinued by AMC in case [a] the SIP installment is not honored consecutively for three SIP installments [b] if any installment of a SIP transaction gets rejected due to the bank account of the Investor being closed, the SIP would be suspended for subsequent SIP transactions and registration will be cancelled for SIP through Auto Debit / Post Dated Cheques (PDCs)/ Direct Debit / Standing Instructions (SIs) [c] the Bank account [for ECS (Debit Clearing) and / or Direct Debit / Standing Instruction and / or PDCs for direct debit] is closed and the request for change in bank account / Bank Branch is not submitted by the concerned unit holder at least 15 working days before the due date of next SIP installment[d] if the Bank account is frozen for further commercial transaction by the Bank. Further, in such cases the balance cheques, if any, will be returned to the unit holder.
6. **Systematic Investment Plan (SIP) Top Up Facility:**

SIP Top-Up' is a facility which will enable investors to increase the amount of SIP installments at pre-defined frequency by a fixed amount during the tenure of SIP. The features, terms and conditions for availing the 'SIP Top-Up' facility shall be as follows:

- SIP Top-Up facility would be available to all existing and new SIP enrolments. Existing investors who have enrolled for SIP are also eligible to avail Top-Up facility and will be required to submit 'Systematic Investment Plan (SIP) with Top-up Facility' at least 25 calendar days prior to the Top-Up start month.
- SIP Top-Up facility can be availed at half yearly and yearly intervals. In case the Top-Up frequency is not specified, Default will be considered as yearly frequency.
- Minimum Top-Up amount would be Rs.500/- & in multiples of Re. 1/- thereafter for all the schemes of the Fund that offer SIP.
- In case the investor does not specify Top-Up amount, Rs.500/- will be considered as the Top-Up amount and the request will be processed accordingly.
- SIP Top-up facility can be started after minimum 6 months from the date of 1st SIP. If the end-date of the Top-up facility is not mentioned the Top-up facility will be continued up till the tenure of the SIP. For example, if the SIP is registered up till 2099, and the end date of the Top-up facility is not mentioned; then the Top-up will continue till 2099. However, for investors availing SIP Top-Up facility, the maximum amount of SIP Installment including SIP Top-Up will be limited to Rs. 5,00,000/- (Rupees Five Lakhs) or the limit of bank mandate authorisation, whichever is lesser, subject to scheme specific transaction limits where applicable.
- SIP Top-Up will be subject to minimum SIP investment requirement, as applicable to the eligible schemes from time to time.
- SIP Top-Up facility is currently available only for SIP registration and installment payments made directly with the fund and through modes like Electronic Clearing System (ECS)/Auto Debit/One Time Mandate (OTM) mode. SIP Top-Up facility is currently not available for SIP registration and installment being made by submission of Post-dated cheques (PDCs) and where SIP is registered and installments are sent through Mutual Fund Utility (MFU), MFSS system of NSE or BSE StAR MF platform of BSE or any other platforms of these stock exchanges or Channel Partners. As and when relevant systems are put in place, this facility will be automatically offered.
- The Top-up details cannot be modified once enrolled. In order to make any changes, the investor must cancel the existing SIP and enroll for a fresh SIP with Top-up option.

An Illustration: The Top-Up facility will work as follows:

Details of SIP registered	Details of Top-up opted for
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fixed SIP Installment amount: Rs.2,000/- • SIP Period: 01-April-2017 till 31-March-2020 (3 years) 	Example: •Top-Up Amount: Rs.1,000/-

• SIP date: 1st of every month (36 installments)

•Top-Up Frequency: Every 6 months

Based on above details, SIP Installments shall be as follows:

InstallmentNo(s).	SIP Installment (inRs.) (A)	Top-Up amount (in Rs.) (B)	Monthly SIP Installment amount after Top-up (in Rs.) (A+B)
1 to 6 months	5,000	Top up after months	5,000
7 to 12 months	5,000	1,000	6,000
13 to 18 months	6,000	1,000	7,000
19 to 24 months	7,000	1,000	8,000
25 to 30 months	8,000	1,000	9,000
31 to 36 months	9,000	1,000	10,000

7. SIP Pause Facility:

Investor has an option to ‘temporarily suspend’ the SIP deduction for a specified time limit and on expiry of the suspended period, the SIP can be re-commenced.

- Investors can pause their existing SIP without discontinuing it. SIP restarts automatically after the pause period is over. This facility can be availed only once during the tenure of the existing SIP. SIP can be paused for a minimum period of 1 month to a maximum period of 6 months.
- Notice of Pause should be submitted at least 25 calendar days prior to the subsequent SIP date.
- Pause SIP is applicable only for AMC initiated debit feeds i.e. ECS/NACH/Direct Debit, etc.
- SIP Pause facility will be available for monthly/ quarterly SIPs except for SIPs registered through Mutual Fund Utility (MFU) or MFSS system of NSE or any other platforms of these stock exchanges and Channel Partners or those who have standing instructions with Banks as the SIP are registered directly with them and not with the fund house.
- If the Pause period coincides with the Top up month, the topped up amount shall be debited in the next installment (after the completion of the pause period).
- AMC reserves the right to withdraw / modify any of the offerings as provided above.

Micro SIP:

Pursuant to SEBI’s communication to AMFI vide its letter dated June 19, 2009; AMFI has issued guidelines for uniform implementation of the said SEBI letter. In accordance to the same, Systematic Investment Plans (SIP) up to Rs 50,000/- per year per investor (‘Micro SIP’) shall be exempt from requirement of PAN.

This exemption will be applicable ONLY to investments by individuals (including NRIs but not PIOs), Minors and Sole proprietary firms. HUFs and other categories will not be eligible for Micro SIPs. Details on Micro SIP are available in Statement of Additional Information.

However, effective January 1, 2012, new Investors registering for Micro SIP have to mandatorily submit KYC acknowledgement letter.

Systematic Investment Plan (SIP) for Corporate Employees.

With a view to encourage employees of Corporate to invest their savings into the various Schemes of our Mutual Fund through payroll deductions, Principal Mutual Fund provides an investment facility to the employees of Corporate under the Employee Savings Plan (ESP).

This feature will be guided by the terms and conditions as laid down below:

1. Under this feature the employees can submit application vide the normal application and/or ESP Forms. The employee is required to fill the details in the normal application/ ESP form providing the details of amount and duration of such SIP installments and the details of such investment should also be provided to the Human Resources Department of such Corporate (HRD).
2. The employees should instruct the HRD to deduct the amount of Investment every month / quarter from their salary for such period as indicated by him / her. Such periodicity shall be monthly or quarterly.
3. The minimum amount and periodicity, to be contributed to open an account under this option is as per the minimum scheme requirements as prescribed under Systematic Investment Plan/additional subscription of the Scheme.
4. The periodic employee contribution should at least be equal to the minimum application amount of SIP. The employee has an option to select either 1st or 5th of every month for such investment.
5. The employee can seek redemption independently.
6. The applicable NAV for application received under such plan, will be as per the date and time (refer to section on cut off timing) on which the request / payment instrument and sheet detailing the list of Investment of such employees, is received from HRD of such Employees at the Official Points of Acceptance of AMC .

3. Regular Withdrawal Plan

A unitholder may avail of the Regular Withdrawal Plan and receive regular payments from the account after the completion of the lock-in period. The unitholder has an option to select 1st, 11th or 21st day of the month on which the Regular Withdrawal is to be made.

The unitholder may set up a Regular Withdrawal Plan on a monthly, quarterly or semi-annual or annual basis as follows:

- Redeem a fixed number of units
- Redeem a fixed amount

Once the unitholder sets up a Regular Withdrawal Facility the plan would continue until:

- The unitholder instructs the Fund to stop periodic withdrawal in writing; or
- The unitholder's account balance is zero

- On expiry of the time/period specified by the unitholder

Withdrawal payments will be endeavoured to be sent within 3 Business Days after the repurchase date.

The minimum balance amount needed for the Regular Withdrawal Plan may be altered from time to time at the discretion of the AMC.

4. Systematic Switch/Transfer Plan

The unitholder may set up a Systematic Switching/Transfer Plan (STP) after the completion of the lock-in period on a daily, weekly, monthly, quarterly, semi-annual or annual basis to transfer a fixed number of units and /or amount in one scheme to another scheme or one plan/option to another.

Once the unitholder sets up a Systematic Switching / Transfer Plan the plan would continue until:

- the unitholder instructs the Fund to stop periodic switching in writing; or
- the unitholder's account balance is zero.

The unitholder has an option to select 1st, 11th or 21st day of the month on which the Systematic Switch is to be made.

If the selected date is not a business day, the switch will take place on the next business day.

In case of daily and weekly frequency, STP will take place as under:

- (i) Daily – Each Business Day
- (ii) Weekly – Every Monday*

* Next Business Day if Monday is a non-business day.

All switches are subject to the minimum investment and eligibility requirements of the switch in scheme.

The amount subject to an exit load, if any, thus switched shall be converted into the respective scheme units at the applicable NAV, (on which date the payment/switch is scheduled), and such units will be subtracted from the unit balance of that unitholder.

The minimum balance amount needed for the Systematic Switch Plan may be altered from time to time at the discretion of the AMC.

Unitholders may change the amount of regular withdrawal/switch but not below the specified minimum amount of repurchase for a particular Scheme by giving 30 days written notice to the Registrars/AMC. The various triggers for activating a regular withdrawal and/or switch facility can also be used for activating a normal repurchase and/or switch facility

5. TRANSACTIONS THROUGH STOCK EXCHANGE MECHANISM

The scheme [except Direct Sub-Plan and Sweep facility under Dividend Option of Regular Sub-Plan] have been admitted on the order routing platform of NSE and BSE, enabling investors to submit applications for subscription and redemption there under.

The salient features of this facility are as follows:

1. Purchase/redemption of units will be available to both existing and new investors. Currently switching of units, Systematic Investment Plan, Systematic Transfer Plan, Regular Withdrawal Plan will not be permitted through this facility. However, transactions through Systematic Investment Plan is available only through the BSE StAR MF Platform
2. The list of eligible schemes is subject to change from time to time.
3. In order to facilitate transactions through stock exchange infrastructure, NSE & BSE has introduced Mutual Fund Service System (MFSS) and BSE StAR MF Platform respectively. All trading members of NSE & BSE registered as Participants with NSE & BSE [Eligible Brokers] and/or registered Clearing Members of National Securities Clearing Corporation Limited (NSCCL) and Indian Clearing Corporation Limited (ICCL) [Clearing Members] who are registered with AMFI as mutual fund advisors and who are empanelled with Principal Asset Management Pvt. Ltd (formerly known as Principal Pnb Asset Management Company Private Limited). (AMC) will be eligible to offer this facility to the investors. Further, Depository Participant(s) of Depositories are eligible for processing redemption transactions. Condition stipulated in SEBI Circular No. SEBI/IMD/CIR NO.11/183204/2009 dated November 13, 2009 for stock brokers viz. AMFI/NISM certification, code of conduct prescribed by SEBI for Intermediaries of Mutual Fund, shall be applicable for such clearing members and Depository participants as well.

Eligible investors who are willing to transact under this facility are required to register themselves with Eligible Broker/Clearing Members/Depository Participants.

4. The units of eligible schemes are not listed on NSE & BSE and the same cannot be traded on stock exchange like shares. The window for purchase/ redemption of units on NSE/BSE will be available between 9.00 a.m. to 3.00 p.m. or such other timings as may be decided.
5. All Eligible Brokers/Clearing Members/Depository Participants will be considered as the Official Point of Acceptance for the transactions done under this facility.
6. Investors have an option to hold units in physical form or in dematerialized form.
7. Mutual fund Distributor (hereinafter referred as 'distributor') registered with Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI) and empaneled with the AMC, and permitted by the concerned recognized stock exchanges shall be eligible to use recognized stock exchanges' infrastructure to purchase and redeem mutual fund units on behalf of their clients, directly from PMF/ AMC.
8. The distributor shall not handle payout and pay in of funds as well as units on behalf of investor. Pay in will be directly received by recognized clearing corporation and payout will be directly made to investor account. Similarly,

units shall be credited and debited directly from the demat account of investors, where units are held in the dematerialized mode.

9. Non-demat transactions are also permitted through stock exchange platform, as and when they are made available by the recognized stock exchanges.

10. International Security Identification Number (ISIN) in respect of plans/options of the eligible schemes have been created and admitted in National Securities Depository Ltd. (NSDL) and Central Depository Services (India) Ltd. (CDSL).

11. Investors will be able to purchase/redeem units in the eligible schemes in the following manner:

I. Physical Form:

- (a) Investors desirous of transacting (subscription/redemption) through NSE/BSE should approach an Eligible Broker along with duly filled in application form and other documents (including KYC and PAN) as may be required. The payment for subscription should be made to the eligible broker/clearing member.
- (b) Dispatch of accounts statements and payment of redemption proceeds will be made by the Mutual Fund / registrar directly to the investor. Based on the information provided by the investor the redemption payout shall be to the investor's bank account registered with the Mutual Fund.
- (c) In case of a subscription transaction, the allotment of units will be on 'Provisional' basis till the time AMC/ KaFin Technologies Private Limited. (registrar) has received all the required documents from the eligible brokers/clearing members. Any application for redemption of units so allotted on provisional basis will be rejected.
- (d) In case investor desires to convert the existing physical units into dematerialize form, the request for the same will have to be submitted to the Depository Participant.

II. Dematerialized Form:

- (i) Eligible investors having a beneficiary account with a Depository Participant may avail the facility to subscribe units in dematerialize form.
- (ii) Eligible investor desirous in transacting (Subscription / redemption) through NSE/BSE should place an order with Eligible Broker/Clearing Member/Depository Participant:-
 - (a) **In case of subscription**, the payment of subscription money should be made to the Eligible Broker / Clearing Member. Investors shall receive units through Eligible Broker / Clearing Member's pool account. Principal Mutual Fund (PMF) / Principal Asset Management Private Limited (PAMC) (formerly known as Principal Pnb Asset Management Company Private Limited) would credit the units to Eligible Broker / Clearing Member's pool account and the Eligible Broker/Clearing member in turn to the respective investor.
 - (b) **In case of redemption**, investors shall receive redemption amount through Eligible Broker / Clearing Member's /Depository Participant's pool account. Payment of redemption proceeds will be made by PMF / PAMC to the Eligible Broker / Clearing Member /Depository Participant

and the Eligible Broker / Clearing Member/Depository Participant in turn to the respective Investor.

Payment of redemption proceeds to the Eligible Broker/Clearing Members/Depository Participant by PMF / PAMC shall discharge PMF / PAMC of its obligation of payment to individual investor. Similarly, in case of subscription, crediting units into Eligible Broker/Clearing Member pool account shall discharge PMF / PAMC of its obligation to allot units to individual investor.

12. Applications for purchase/redemption of units which are incomplete / invalid are liable to be rejected.
13. For any complaints or grievances against the Eligible Broker / Clearing Member / Depository Participant with respect to transactions done through NSE/BSE, the investor should either contact the concerned Eligible Broker / Clearing Member/Depository Participant or Investor Grievance Cell of respective stock exchanges. In case of non-financial request/applications such as change in address, change in bank details etc. the investors should approach Investors Service Centers of Principal Mutual Fund if units are held in physical mode and the respective Depository Participant if the units are held in dematerialized mode.
1. Investors will have to comply with KYC norms as prescribed by NSE/BSE/CDSL/NSDL and Principal Mutual Fund from time to time.
15. In case of unitholders holding units in dematerialized mode, the fund will not send the account statement to the unitholders. The statement provided by the Depository Participant will equivalent to the account statement for the purpose of adequate compliance with the regulatory requirements applicable on the Fund's part.
16. The applicability of NAV will be subject to guidelines issued by SEBI on uniform cut-off timings for applicability of NAV for Mutual Funds Scheme(s)/plan(s). The date of acceptance will be reckoned as per the date & time, The transaction is entered in Stock exchanges infrastructure for which a system generated confirmation slip will be issued to the investor.
17. This facility shall be subject to the terms and conditions specified and guidelines issued by SEBI/AMFI/NSE/BSE from time to time.
18. AMC reserves the right to change / modify or discontinue this facility at any time in future.

(6) SMS BASED TRANSACTION:

Investors can transact in schemes of Principal Mutual Fund through SMS. In order to avail this facility, the Unitholder(s) should submit SMS transaction registration form along with NACH registration form at the nearest Official Points of Acceptance of Principal Mutual Fund. Investors can send a transaction SMS only through the registered mobile number with the predefined keywords only (available on www.principalindia.com).

The terms and conditions for registering for this facility has been detailed in the SMS transaction – Registration Form. The Trustee/Asset Management Company of PMF reserves the right to modify or discontinue any of these facilities at any time in future on a prospective basis.

(7) Auto Transfer Facility:

Auto Transfer is an optional facility wherein investors' entire investment (Lumpsum/existing SIP) shall be switched automatically from one Plan to another Plan (without any exit load) at any date as may be specified by the investor which is within or after the lock in period. In case the auto transfer option is selected and date is not specified in the application, auto transfer will happen on 5th working day of the following month as per the criteria's laid down below:

- i) When the investor attains 52 years of age, the units held under the "Progressive Plan" will be switched into the "Moderate Plan"
- ii) When the investor attains 57 years of age, the units held under the "Moderate Plan" will be switched into the "Conservative Plan".

The balance SIP installments under existing registration after auto transfer will continue in new Plan where the units have been switched in.

In case the investor is already invested in the Plan which falls in the criteria's as per the age of the investor (as indicated above), no auto transfer will be triggered.

Auto transfer facility under Conservative Plan shall not be available.

If an investor does not opt for auto transfer, the existing and incremental investment will continue in the Plan as selected by the investor at the time of investment.

Even if an investor opts for auto transfer, incremental lumpsum investment or new registration of SIP can be done in any of the three Plans as selected by the investor.

If an investor beyond 52 year of age enters the scheme and opts for auto transfer facility, then it is compulsory for the investor to mention the date for auto transfer or else the auto transfer facility will not be activated.

Auto Transfer facility shall not be available for Units held in Demat mode.

The switches will be processed, net of all applicable taxes, if any, depending upon definition of asset class for the particular sub-plan.

If the investor opts for Auto Transfer and doesn't provide any specified date for Auto Transfer or doesn't even provide the age in the application form, auto transfer facility will not be activated.

(8) KFINTRACK Facility

In addition to the existing investor service centers and other modes of investment, investors / unit holders of Principal Mutual Fund ('the Fund') will now be allowed to transact in schemes of the Fund through www.mfs.kfintech.com as well as [mobile app](#), electronic platforms provided by KFinTech Pvt. Ltd., Registrar &

Transfer Agent of the Fund (**KFin**). The facility to transact in schemes will also be available through mobile application of Karvy i.e. 'KFINTRACK'.

The uniform cut off time as prescribed under the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and as mentioned in Scheme Information Documents ('SIDs')/ Key Information Memorandums ('KIMs') of respective schemes of the Fund will be applicable for transactions received through KFin's electronic platforms and the time of receipt transaction recorded on the server of KFin will be reckoned as the time of receipt of transaction for the purpose of determining applicability of NAV, subject to credit of funds to bank account of scheme(s), wherever applicable.

The facility to transact in eligible schemes of Principal Mutual Fund through KFin's electronic platforms is available subject to such operating guidelines, terms and conditions as may be prescribed from time to time by Principal Asset Management Pvt. Ltd (formerly known as Principal Pnb Asset Management Company Private Limited)., Principal Trustee Company Pvt. Ltd, KFinTech Pvt. Ltd and other applicable laws for the time being in force.

For operating guidelines, terms and conditions, registration form and further details, investors/ unit holders are requested to visit www.mfs.kfintech.com.

Accounts Statements

Pursuant to Regulation 36 of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and amendments thereto read with SEBI Circular No. Cir/ IMD/ DF/16/ 2011 dated September 8, 2011, Investor whose transaction has been accepted by the Fund, shall receive the following :-

- (i) On acceptance of the application for subscription, an allotment confirmation specifying the number of units allotted will be sent by way of an email and/or SMS within 5 Business Days from the date of receipt of transaction request to the Unit holders' registered e-mail address and/or mobile number.
- (ii) A Consolidated Account Statement (CAS) for each calendar month shall be sent to the Unit holder(s) in whose folio(s) transaction (s) has/have taken place during the month on or before 10th of the succeeding month vide e-mail (where e-mail id has been provided)/physical copy (where e-mail id has not been provided).
- (iii) For the purpose of sending CAS, common investors across Mutual Funds shall be identified by their Permanent Account Number(PAN).
- (iv) In case of specific request received from the Unitholders, the AMC/PMF will provide the account statement for the Investors within 5 Business days from the receipt of such request.
- (v) In case of Folio(s) having more than one registered Unitholder, the first named Unitholder shall receive the CAS/Account Statement.
- (vi) The CAS shall not be sent to such Unit holders where the PAN details are not updated /provided in the folio(s).

For the units held in Demat form: Securities Common Account Statement:

MONTHLY SCAS:

A single Securities Consolidated Account Statement ('SCAS')^ for each calendar month to the Unit holder(s) who are holding a demat account ('Beneficial Owner(s)') in whose folio(s) transaction(s) has/have taken place during the month on or before 10th of the succeeding month shall be sent by mail/e-mail.

^Securities Consolidated Account Statement ('SCAS') shall contain details relating to all the transaction(s)** carried out by the Beneficial Owner(s) (including transaction charges paid to the distributor) across all schemes of all mutual funds and transactions in securities held in dematerialized form across demat accounts, during the month and holdings at the end of the month.

**transaction(s) shall include purchase, redemption, switch, total purchase value, dividend payout, dividend reinvestment, systematic investment plan, systematic withdrawal advantage plan, systematic transfer plan, bonus transactions, etc.

For the purpose of sending SCAS, common investor(s) across mutual funds and the database of Depositories shall be identified based on the Permanent Account Number (PAN). In case of multiple holding, identification shall be based on the PAN of the first holder and the pattern of holding.

The SCAS will be sent by e-mail to the investor(s) whose e-mail address is registered with the Depositories. In case an investor does not wish to receive SCAS through e-mail, an option shall be given by the Depository to receive SCAS in physical. The SCAS shall not be received by the Unit holder(s) for the folio(s) not updated with PAN and/or KYC details. The Unit holder(s) are therefore requested to ensure that the folio(s) are updated with their PAN/KYC. Where PAN is not available, the account statement shall be sent to the Unit holder by the AMC.

In case of a specific request received from the Unit holder(s), the AMC/Fund will provide an account statement (reflecting transactions of the Fund) to the Unit holder(s) within 5 Business Days from the receipt of such request. In case an investor does not wish to receive SCAS, an option shall be given by the Depository to indicate negative consent. Investor(s) having multiple demat accounts across the Depositories shall have an option to choose the Depository through which the SCAS will be received.

Half Yearly Account Statement:

In case there is no transaction in the folio, a half yearly SCAS detailing holding across all schemes of mutual funds and securities held in dematerialized form across demat accounts shall be sent by Depositories to investors at the end of every six months (i.e. September/March), on or before 10th day of succeeding month.

The half yearly SCAS will be sent by mail/e-mail as per the mode of receipt opted by the investors to receive monthly SCAS.

In case of demat accounts with NIL balance and no transactions in mutual fund folios and in securities, the depository shall send physical statement to investor(s) in terms of regulations applicable to Depositories. Investors who are not eligible for receiving SCAS shall continue to receive a monthly account statement from the AMC

^CAS detailing holding across all schemes of all mutual funds at the end of every six months (i.e. September/ March), shall be sent by mail/e-mail on or before 10th day of succeeding month, to all such Unit holders in whose folios no transactions** has taken place during that period.

The half yearly consolidated account statement will be sent by e-mail to the Unit holders whose e-mail address is available, unless a specific request is made to receive in physical.

^ Consolidated Account Statement (CAS) shall contain details relating to all the transactions** carried out by the investor across all schemes of all mutual funds during the month and holding at the end of the month including transaction charges paid to the distributor.

** 'Transaction' shall include Purchase, Redemption, Switch, total purchase value, Dividend Payout, Dividend Reinvestment, Systematic Investment Plan, Regular Withdrawal Plan and Systematic Transfer Plan.

Further the CAS issued for the half-year (ended September/March) shall also provide:

a. The amount of actual commission paid by AMCs/Mutual Funds (MFs) to distributors (in absolute terms) during the half-year period against the concerned investor's total investments in each MF scheme. The term 'commission' here refers to all direct monetary payments and other payments made in the form of gifts / rewards, trips, event sponsorships etc. by AMCs/MFs to distributors.

b. The scheme's average Total Expense Ratio (in percentage terms) for the half-year period for each scheme's applicable plan (regular or direct or both) where the concerned investor has actually invested in.

c. Such half-yearly CAS shall be issued to all MF investors, excluding those investors who do not have any holdings in MF schemes and where no commission against their investment has been paid to distributors, during the concerned half-year period.

Account/Folio Number:

Each unit holder will have an account/folio number. The number of units allotted to a unit holder or repurchased by a unit holder will be reflected in his or her account and a statement/advice to this effect will be issued to the unit holder.

Common Account Number:

As an investor friendly measure, (if so desired by the investor), one Common Account Number will be assigned for an investor investing in different schemes of the Fund. In such a case, one consolidated account statement will be provided. Once set up as per the request made by the investor, the AMC reserves the right to assign the existing Common Account Number against multiple applications and/or subsequent purchases under a new application form by an existing unit holder, with identical mode of holding and address.

Account Statement:

The Account Statement shall not be construed as a proof of title and is only a computer-printed statement indicating the details of transactions under the scheme

and is a non-transferable document. The Account Statement shall normally be dispatched within three business days on an ongoing basis.

Unit Certificates:

Normally no unit certificates will be issued under the Scheme. However, the AMC shall issue a Unit certificate to the applicant within 5 Business Days of the receipt of request for the certificate. Unit certificate, if issued, must be surrendered along with the request for Redemption / Switch or any other transaction of Units covered therein. On production of instrument of transfer together with relevant unit certificates, AMC shall register the transfer and return the unit certificate to the transferee within 30 days from the date of such production. The process and timelines for transfer would be as per the terms and conditions as applicable from time to time. However, investors are requested to note that issuance of Unit Certificates or request for transfer of Unit Certificate to any transferee thereof, would attract Stamp Duty/Statutory levies as stipulated by the Government authorities from time to time.

Units With Depository

The unitholders can dematerialise their holding at any time by making an application to their Depository Participant by filling up the Dematerialisation Request Form (DRF). Units held in demat form are freely transferable. The AMC shall issue units in demat form to the unitholder within 2 business days of receipt of request from unitholder.

The same number of Units held in the physical mode shall be continued in the demat mode. The expenses incurred by the AMC in dematting of the referred units may be recovered from unitholders or may be charged to the scheme as per annual recurring expenses.

Units held in the form of Unit Certificates and demat mode are freely transferable.

Rematerialisation of Demat Units:

The unitholders who converted their units in demat mode may also rematerialize their units. The request for rematerialising the demat Units may be given to the respective Depository Participant (DP) of the investor. On receiving the confirmation of demat Units balance, account statement for the physical Units shall be issued. The same number of Units held in the demat mode shall be continued in the physical mode. Rematerialisation of demat Units shall be processed within the thirty days or such other days as may be stipulated under SEBI Regulations from the date of receipt of such a request, provided it is complete and valid in all respects.

Dividend

The dividend warrants shall be dispatched to the unitholders within 30 days of the date of declaration of the dividend. Efforts are being made to directly credit the dividend to the Unitholders account.

Dividend Policy

In the interest of the Scheme and the unitholders the AMC may consider providing returns to the unitholders at appropriate times by way of periodic declaration of dividend under the Scheme after providing for all necessary recurring and other expenses. Distribution of dividend is subject to availability and adequacy of distributable surplus.

Only those unit holders whose names appear in the register of unit holders as on the record date will be entitled for dividend. This date will be fixed by the AMC/Trustees appropriately.

The dividend warrants and/or fresh Account Statement shall be dispatched / credited to the unit holders within 30 days or such stipulated period of the declaration of dividend. In the event of failure to dispatch dividend within the stipulated 30 day period, the AMC shall be liable to pay interest @15 per cent per annum to the unit holder(s).

Dividends will be paid net of taxes as may be applicable and payments will be in favour of the Unit holder's registered name or, if there is more than one registered holder, of the first named registered holder on the folio. The Trustees may not declare a dividend at all in the event of inadequacy of distributable income. There is no assurance or guarantee to unit holders as to the periodicity of dividend and rate of dividends distribution.

All dividend declarations shall be available only to the Unit holders who hold units at the time of its/their declaration.

Since distribution of dividend and shall be paid from the distributable surplus, the NAV of the Scheme(s) shall be adjusted to the extent of dividend paid.

If the dividend amount payable (net of applicable taxes) under the Dividend Payout option of the Schemes is equal to or less than ` 250/- then such dividend will be compulsorily and automatically be reinvested in the option of the Scheme / Plan at the applicable NAV. There shall be no load on dividend so reinvested.

AMC reserves the right to include/remove/modify the frequency for declaration of dividend as may be deemed appropriate, subject to relevant provisions of SEBI regulations.

Redemption

Repurchase Procedure

Lock - in Period in the scheme: 5 years or till attainment of retirement age of 60 years, from the date of allotment of units, whichever is earlier. Lock-in period is applicable at the scheme level. Investors will be allowed to switch between the Plans in the Scheme during the lock in period.

The units of the Scheme/Plan can be repurchased (sold back to the Fund) on any business day subject to the lock-in period in the scheme. The repurchase request can be made on Application Form/Common Transaction form or by using the relevant tear off section of the Transaction Slip that may be enclosed with the Account Statement, which should be submitted at any of the Official Point of Acceptance. Where the date of redemption is a non business day, the deemed date for such redemption will be the next business day.

In case the units are standing in the names of more than one unit holder, where mode of holding is specified as "jointly", repurchase requests will have to be signed by all the joint holders. However, in cases of holding specified as 'either/anyone or survivor', any one of the joint holders (in case of either/anyone or survivor) will have the power to make repurchase request. However, in all cases, the repurchase proceeds will be paid to the first named holder only.

In case a unit holder has subscribed to units on more than one Business Day (either through continuation in case of existing unit holder, or through subsequent subscriptions), the units subscribed to prior in time (that is those units which have been held for the longest period of time), will be deemed to have been repurchased first, that is on a First -In -First-Out basis. However, a unit holder may request the Fund to repurchase units subscribed by him/her at different dates, by indicating the specific date of subscription of the units, which is offered for repurchase.

The repurchase request can be made by specifying the Rupee amount or by specifying the number of units to be repurchased. If a repurchase request is for both a specified Rupee amount and a specified number of units, the specified rupee amount will be considered the definitive request. If only the repurchase amount is specified by the unit holder, the AMC will divide the repurchase amount so specified by the applicable NAV based price to arrive at the number of units. The request for repurchase of units could also be in fractions, up to four decimal places.

If the number of Units held by the Investor as per the records maintained by AMC and/or the Registrar is less than the number of Units requested to be redeemed then, all the Units held by the Unit holder in such folio / Scheme / Plan / Sub-Plan for which application for Redemption is made, shall be redeemed. Provided that, where redeem 'all' is specified in the request, all Unit holdings in that Scheme/Plan shall be redeemed.

The AMC reserves the right to change the minimum repurchase amount on a prospective basis subject to SEBI Regulations. Unit holders may also request for repurchase of their entire holding and close the account by indicating the same at the appropriate place in the Transaction Slip/Repurchase form.

Repurchase Price

The repurchase price will be calculated using the following formula:

Repurchase Price = Applicable NAV*(1 – Exit Load, if any).

Example for calculation of Repurchase Price

If the Applicable NAV is Rs. 11.25 and a 1.00% exit load is charged the repurchase price will be calculated

as follows:

Repurchase Price = Rs.11.25 x (1-1.00% of Rs.11.25)

= Rs. 11.25 – Rs. 0.1125

= Rs.11.1375 per unit

The repurchase price shall not be lower than 93% of the NAV

The AMC reserves the right to modify the exit load. However, any such change in the load structure shall be only on a prospective basis. The unit holder is requested to confirm the applicable exit load at the time of investment from the AMC/OPT.

Repurchase by NRI's

Repurchase of unit balances in the account of an NRI will be subject to any procedures laid down by the RBI. Such repurchase proceeds will be paid by means of a rupee cheque payable to the designated NRE/ NRO account of the unit holder and subject to RBI procedures and approvals and subject to deduction of tax at source, as applicable. All bank charges in connection with such payment will have to be borne by the unit holder and/or the Scheme by way of ongoing expenses.

Payment of Repurchase Proceeds

The time limit set for dispatch of repurchase proceeds will be from the Business Day when the request is accepted within the cut off time, prescribed in this behalf at the Official Point of Acceptance. As per the SEBI Regulations, the Fund shall mail the repurchase proceeds within ten Business Days from the date of acceptance of valid request within the cut off time, prescribed in this behalf at any of the Official Point of Acceptance, in case of a repurchase request being sent by post.

In the event of failure to dispatch the repurchase or repurchase proceeds within the statutory period specified above as per the SEBI Regulations, the AMC shall be liable to pay interest to the unit holders at such rate (currently 15% per annum) as may be specified by SEBI for the period of such delay.

The payment of redemption proceeds and/or dividend amount may also be released through NEFT / RTGS facility in addition to other options available for releasing the payment

Electronic Credit Clearing Services (ECS) Identified Banks

ECS is a facility offered by RBI for facilitating better customer service by direct credit of dividend or repurchase amount to a unit holder's bank account through electronic credit. This helps in avoiding loss of dividend or repurchases warrant in transit or fraudulent encashment. The Fund will endeavour to arrange such facility for payment of dividend/repurchase proceeds to the unit holders. However, this facility is optional for the unit holders. Repurchase proceeds may be released through the ECS facility to unit holders residing in any of the cities where such a facility is available. In order to avail the above facility, the unit holder will have to give a written request to the Registrar. If the unit holder has opted for the ECS facility, his/her bank branch will directly credit the amount due to them in their account whenever the payment is through ECS. The Registrar will send a separate advice to the unit holder informing them of the direct credit. It may be noted that there is no commitment from the Fund that this facility will be made available to the unit holders for payment of dividend/repurchase proceeds. While the Fund will endeavour in arranging the facility, it will be dependent on various factors including sufficient demand for the facility from unit holders at any centre, as required by the authorities. In places where such a facility is not available or if the facility is discontinued by the Fund for any reason the repurchase warrants will be mailed to the unit holder.

Unit holder's Bank Account Details

Unit holders are on a mandatory basis required to mention their bank account details in their applications/ requests for redemption. Redemption Cheques and/or any other instruments will then be made out in favour of the Bank for crediting the respective unit holder's account so specified.

The normal processing time may not be applicable in situations where such details are not provided by unit holders. The AMC will not be responsible for any loss arising out of fraudulent encashment of cheques and delay/loss in transit.

Further, in accordance with AMFI communication no. 135/BP/26/11-12 dated March 21, 2012, following process vis-à-vis change in bank mandate is being followed effective May 1, 2012 (effective date) -

I. Change in Bank Mandate

1. Updation of Bank Account in Customer's Folio shall be either through "Multiple Bank Account Registration Form" or a standalone separate "Change of Bank Mandate Form";
2. In case of standalone change of bank details, documents as entailed below should be submitted as a proof of new bank account details. Based on PAMC's internal risk assessment, PAMC may also consider collecting proof of old bank account and proof of identity of the clients, while effecting the change of bank account;
3. Customers are advised to register multiple bank accounts and choose any of such registered bank accounts for receipt of redemption proceeds;
4. Any unregistered bank account or new bank account forming part of redemption request shall not be entertained or processed;
5. Such Investors, who have not already provided bank mandate at the time of making investment, are required to submit proof of new bank account details as entailed here below. Such Investors are also required to submit valid Proof of Identity as prescribed under KYC guidelines along with Proof of Investment; and
6. Any change of Bank Mandate request received/processed few days prior to submission of a redemption request or on the same day as a standalone change request, PAMC will continue to follow cooling period up to 10 calendar days for validation of the same.

Investors are required to submit any one of the following documents in Original or produce originals for verification or copy attested by the Bank –

New Bank Account Registration

- Cancelled original cheque of new bank mandate with first unitholder name and bank account number printed on the face of the cheque; OR
- Self - attested copy of bank statement; OR
- Bank Passbook with current entries not older than 3 months; OR
- Letter from the bank on its letterhead confirming the bank account holder with the account details, duly signed by the Branch Manager/authorised personnel.

AND Proof of Identity as prescribed under KYC guidelines along with Proof of Investment - only for such investors who have not registered their bank mandate at the time of making investment.

Change in Existing Bank Mandate

- Cancelled original cheque with first unitholder name and bank account number printed on the face of the cheque; OR
- Original bank account statement or pass book; OR
- Original letter issued by the Bank on the letterhead confirming the bank account holder with the account details, duly signed by the Branch Manager; OR
- In case such Bank account is already closed, a duly signed and stamped original letter from such bank on the letter head of bank, confirming the closure of said account.

Updation of email address and mobile number:

Primary holder's (i.e. First holder's) own email address and mobile number should be provided for speed and ease of communication in a convenient and cost effective manner, and to help prevent fraudulent transactions.

Updation of Permanent Account Number (PAN) and KYC requirements for transactions in schemes of Principal Mutual Fund (Fund)

Investors are requested to note that it is mandatory to update Permanent Account Number (PAN) in all non-PAN-exempt folios/ accounts of the schemes of Mutual Fund. PAN is required to be updated with respect to all unitholders in the folio. Where the unitholder is a minor, Guardian PAN will have to be updated. Investors are requested to note that effective October 01, 2019, redemption transactions received in any folio where PAN of all unitholders has not been provided, shall be rejected in case self-attested copy of the PAN card is not submitted alongwith the transaction.

It is mandatory to complete the KYC requirements for all unit holders, including for all joint holders and the guardian in case of folio of a minor investor. Accordingly, financial transactions (including redemptions, switches and all types of systematic plans) and non-financial requests will not be processed if the unit holders have not provided PAN and/ or not completed KYC requirements.

AMC reserves the right to keep the transaction on hold till the time PAN is validated by the AMC or the Registrar and Transfer Agent. Investors can submit the request for PAN update in the folio through a simple request letter, quoting the folio number, in the 'Change in Account Information Form' available on <https://www.principalindia.com/all-downloads/forms>.

Unit holders are advised to use the applicable KYC Form for completing the KYC requirements and submit the form at the point of acceptance. Further, upon updation of PAN details with the KRA (KRA-KYC)/ CERSAI (CKYC), the unit holders are requested to intimate us/our Registrar and Transfer Agent their PAN information along with the folio details for updation in our records

Closure of Unit holder's Account

Unit holders may note that the AMC at its sole discretion may close a unit holder's account after giving notice of 45 days, if at the time of any part repurchase, the value of units (represented by the units in the unit holder's account if such repurchase were to take place, valued at the applicable NAV related price), falls below the minimum investment/balance required for each scheme (or such other amount as the AMC may decide from time to time) or where the units are held by a unit holder in breach of any Regulation.

Restriction on Third Party Payments for subscription of Mutual Fund Units and Registration of Multiple Bank Accounts

Third Party Payments for subscription of Units

Applications for subscription shall not be accepted when accompanied with *Third Party payments, except in the following situations:

- Payment by Parents / Grand-Parents / related persons on behalf of a minor in consideration of natural love and affection or as gift for a value not exceeding Rs.50,000/- (each regular purchase or per SIP installment). However, this limit of Rs. 50,000/- will not be applicable for payments made by a Guardian whose name is registered in the records of Principal Mutual Fund for the concerning Folio;

- Payment by Employer on behalf of employee under Systematic Investment Plan(s) or Lumpsum/One time subscription through Payroll deductions or deductions out of expense reimbursements;
- Payment by AMC to a Distributor (covered under “Who can Invest?”) empanelled with it on account of commission/incentive etc. in the form of Mutual Fund Units of the Funds Managed by AMC through SIP or lump sum/one time subscription.
- Payment by corporate to its agent/distributor/dealer (similar arrangement with Principal-agent relationship), on account of commission/incentive payable for sale of its goods/services, in the form of Mutual Fund units through Systematic Investment Plans or lumpsum/one time subscription, provided the agent/distributor/ dealer are covered under “Who can Invest?”.

*Third Party Payment shall mean those payment made through instruments issued from an account other than that of the beneficiary investor. However, in case of payments from a joint bank account the first holder of the mutual fund folio should be one of the joint holders of the bank account from which payment is made.

In case of exceptional situations stated above, following additional documents shall be mandatorily enclosed along with the Subscription application:

a) KYC Acknowledgement Letter for Investor (Guardian in case of Minor) and the Person making the payment.

b) “Third Party Declaration Form” from the Investor (Guardian in case of Minor) and the person making the payment, giving details of the bank account from which the payment is made and the relationship with the Beneficiary Investor(s). (Declaration Format shall be available at any of our Investor Service Centre or on www.principalindia.com)

Investor along with the subscription application must provide the details of his pay-in bank account (i.e. account from which a subscription payment is made) and his pay-out bank account (i.e. account into which redemption / dividend proceeds are to be paid). In case of payments received from a Bank Account which is not registered and the first unitholder's name is not preprinted on the payment cheque or wherein the bank mandate mentioned in the application form by the investor for effecting payouts is not the same as the bank account from which the investment is made, any one of the following documents in relation to the bank mandate shall be submitted by the investor along with the application form to validate that the bank mandate belongs to the investor:

- i. Cancelled original cheque having first holder name pre-printed on the cheque;
- ii. Original bank statement (with transaction entries not older than 3 months) reflecting the first holder name, bank account number and bank name as specified in the application form;
- iii. Photocopy of the bank statement/bank passbook (with transaction entries not older than 3 months) reflecting the first holder name, bank account number and bank name as specified in the application form, duly attested by the bank manager and bank seal;
- iv. Confirmation by the bank manager with seal/on the bank’s letterhead confirming the investor details and bank mandate information as mentioned in the application form

If the documents are not submitted with the application, the fund reserves the right to reject the application without any liability whatsoever or call for additional details, at its discretion.

Additionally, in case of following mode of payments below stated documents should be enclosed with the subscription application:

a) **Demand Draft/Pay Order, Banker's Cheque and the like:** Certificate from the Issuing Banker, stating the Account holder's name and the Account number which has been debited for issue of such instrument.

As directed by AMFI, a copy of acknowledgement from the Bank wherein the instructions to debit the Investor's bank account and name of the Investor as on account holder are available OR copy of pass book/bank statement evidencing the debit for issuance of a DD, shall also be accepted by the Mutual Fund.

b) **Demand Draft/Pay Order, Banker's Cheque and the like issued against cash by the Bank [for an investment amount less than ` 50,000/- only]:** Certificate from the Banker giving name, address, Bank account number and PAN (if available) of the person who has requested for the demand draft.

c) **Payment vide RTGS, NEFT, ECS, Bank Transfer etc:** copy of the instruction to the bank stating the account number debited must accompany the purchase application.

In such instance, where, post verification it is found that the payment, in any mode, is not made from a registered bank account or is made from an account where the first named unit holder is not an Account holder / one of the account holder in case of Joint Bank Account, the AMC/R&T, reserves the right to reject the transaction / subscription application, without any liability.

Additionally, in order to prevent fraudulent practices, Investors are urged to make the payment instruments (cheque / Demand draft / Pay Order etc.) favouring "XYZ Scheme A/c. First Investor Name" OR "XYZ Scheme A/c. Permanent Account Number" OR "XYZ Scheme A/c. Folio Number".

Multiple Bank Accounts:

Unitholders shall have the facility to register multiple bank accounts at folio level - upto a maximum of 5 Bank Accounts in case of Individual. Such facility can be availed by submitting duly filled in "Multiple Bank Account Registration form" at the Investor Service Centre closest to you, along with copy of any one of the following documents:

a) cancelled cheque leaf of the bank account which has to be registered [the account number and name of the first unitholder should be printed on the cheque leaf];

b) Bank Statement / Pass Book with the account number, name of the Unitholder and Address;

c) Bank letter / certificate on its letter head certifying the account holder's name, account number and branch address [Such letter / certification should be certified by the Bank Manager with his / her full name, signature, employee code.]

	<p>Investors should also present the Original of the above Document submitted along with the subscription application, and such original document shall be returned across the Counter post due verification</p> <p>Subsequent, to successful registration of multiple bank accounts, Investors can select any of the registered bank accounts in the application form for the purpose of subscriptions, redemption and dividend proceeds. Investor shall also have the option to register any one of their account as a default bank account for credit of redemption /dividend proceeds.</p> <p>Further an Investor may also opt to delete a registered default bank account; however, such deletion of a default bank account shall be permitted only if the Investor registers another registered account as a default account and the same shall be in accordance with the procedure as stated in the section titled “change in bank mandate”.</p> <p>In the event of rejection of such registration application for any reason, the redemption/ dividend proceeds shall be processed as per specified service standards and the last registered bank account information in the records of Registrar & Transfer Agent - KFin Technologies Private Limited, will be relied upon and used for such payments.</p> <p>It is clarified that in case of Change of Bank Account along with Redemption application submitted by the Investor, the redemption proceeds shall be credited to the said bank account only if it is a registered bank account in the records of R&T.</p> <p>However, if the new bank account is not one of the registered bank accounts, the redemption proceeds shall be credited to such new bank account post completion of the cooling off period as prescribed by AMFI and within regulatory prescribed timelines.</p>
<p>Delay in payment of redemption proceeds</p>	<p>The Asset Management Company shall be liable to pay interest to the unitholders at such rate as may be specified by SEBI for the period of such delay (presently @ 15% per annum)</p>
<p>The policy regarding the issue of repurchased units including the maximum extent, manner of re-issue, the entity(the scheme or the AMC involved in the same)</p>	<p>Presently the AMC does not intend to reissue the repurchased units. The trustee reserves the right to reissue the repurchased units at a later date after issuing adequate public notices and taking approvals, if any, from SEBI.</p>
<p>Restrictions, if any, on the right to freely retain or dispose of units being offered.</p>	<p>SUSPEND REDEMPTION OF THE UNITS</p> <p>The Fund at its sole discretion reserves the right to restrict Redemption/ switch-out of the Units (including Plan / Option) of the Scheme(s) of the Fund for a period of time not exceeding ten (10) working days in any ninety (90) days period upon occurrence of the below mentioned events, subject to approval of the Board of Directors of the AMC and the Trustee. No restriction on Redemption/ switch out shall be applicable to the Redemption/ switch-out request upto INR 2,00,000/- (Rupees Two Lakhs). In cases where the redemption request is beyond INR 2,00,000/- (Rupees Two Lakhs), no restriction shall be applicable on first INR 2,00,000/- (Rupees Two Lakhs). The AMC shall redeem/ switch out the first INR 2,00,000/- (Rupees Two Lakhs) and the remaining amount shall be subject to such restriction. It is to be noted that such restriction on redemption/ switch- out should apply only during excessive large redemption requests that could arise in overall</p>

market crisis situations and illiquidity is caused in almost all securities affecting the market at large.

The Trustee / AMC reserves the right to restrict Redemption or suspend Redemption of the Units in the Scheme(s) of the Fund on account of circumstances leading to a systemic crisis or event(s) that severely constricts market liquidity or the efficient functioning of the markets such as: -

1. Liquidity issues: when market at large becomes illiquid affecting almost all securities rather than any issuer specific security;
2. Market failures / Exchange closures: when markets are affected by unexpected events which impact the functioning of exchanges or the regular course of transactions. Such unexpected events could also be related to political, economic, military, monetary or other emergencies;
3. Operational issues: when exceptional circumstances are caused by force majeure, unpredictable operational problems and technical failures (e.g. a black out).
4. Any other circumstances as may be notified by SEBI/ AMFI or such circumstances where the approval from SEBI and Trustees/ AMC is obtained.

Any restriction on Redemption or suspension of Redemption of the Units in the Scheme(s) of the Mutual Fund shall be made applicable only after specific approval of the Board of Directors of the AMC and Trustee Company and thereafter, immediately informing the same to SEBI.

SUSPENSION OF SALE/ SWITCH-IN OF THE UNITS:

The AMC reserves the right in its sole discretion to withdraw the facility of Sale and Switching Option of Units into the Scheme(s) (including any one Plan / Option of the Scheme), temporarily or indefinitely. If AMC views that enhancement in the size of the corpus further may prove detrimental to the existing unit holders of the Scheme. Approval of the Board of AMC and Trustee Company shall be obtained prior to such suspension.

C. PERIODIC DISCLOSURES

Net Asset Value This is the value per unit of the scheme on a particular day. You can ascertain the value of your investments by multiplying the NAV with your unit balance.	<p>The Mutual Fund shall declare the Net asset value of the Scheme on every business day on AMFI's website www.amfiindia.com by 11.00 p.m. (<i>time limit for uploading NAV as per applicable guidelines</i>) and also on our website viz. www.principalindia.com</p> <p>In case of delay, the reasons for such delay would be explained to AMFI in writing. NAVs would however be endeavored to be made available before commencement of business hours of the following business day, failing which a press release explaining the material reasons for non-availability would be released. In the event NAV cannot be calculated and/or published because of suspension of trading on the BSE/NSE/RBI, during the existence of a state of emergency and/or a breakdown in communications, the AMC may suspend calculation and/or publication of NAV etc. of the units..</p>
Monthly/ Half yearly Portfolio Disclosures	<p>The Fund shall disclose portfolio (along with ISIN) as on the last day of the month/ half-year for the Scheme on its website www.principalindia.com and on the website of AMFI within 10 days from the close of each month/ half-year respectively in a user friendly and downloadable format.</p> <p>In case of unitholders whose e-mail addresses are registered, the Fund/ AMC shall send via email both the monthly and half-yearly statement of scheme portfolio within 10 days from the close of each month/ half-year respectively.</p> <p>Mutual Fund/ AMC shall publish an advertisement every half-year disclosing the hosting of the half-yearly statement of its schemes portfolio on their respective website and on the website of AMFI and the modes such as SMS, telephone, email or written request (letter) through which a unitholder can submit a request for a physical or electronic copy of the statement of scheme portfolio. Such advertisement shall be published in the all India edition of at least two daily newspapers, one each in English and Hindi.</p> <p>Mutual Fund/ AMC shall provide a physical copy of the statement of its scheme portfolio, without charging any cost, on specific request received from a unitholder.</p>
Half Yearly Financial Results	<p>The AMC shall within one month of the close of each half year that is 31st March and 30th September, host its unaudited financial results of the Scheme on its website: www.principalindia.com in a user friendly and downloadable format (preferably in a spread sheet). An advertisement intimating the same, shall be published in atleast one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation and in a newspaper having wide circulation published in the language of the region where the Head Office of the Mutual Fund is situated</p>
Annual Report	<p>A link to Annual Report or Abridged Summary of the Annual Report will be available on AMC's website www.principalindia.com and a link in this regard shall also be available on the website of AMFI i.e. www.amfiindia.com. Annual Report / Abridged Annual Report shall be sent by way of an e-mail link to the Investor's registered e-mail address not later than four months after the close of each financial year.</p> <p>Investor's need to opt-in to receive physical copies of the abridged summary of the annual report. Physical copy of the annual report shall be provided to only those unit holders who specifically opt-in to receive the same.</p> <p>Investors who have mentioned their e-mail address but still wish to receive physical copy of the Annual Report, may do so by submitting written request at any of our</p>

OPT. The 'opt-in' facility to receive physical copy of the scheme-wise annual report or abridged summary thereof will be/ is provided in the application form.

Mutual Fund/ AMC shall publish an advertisement every year disclosing the hosting of the scheme wise annual report on its respective website and on the website of AMFI and the modes such as SMS, telephone, email or written request (letter), etc. through which unitholders can submit a request for a physical or electronic copy of the scheme wise annual report or abridged summary thereof. Such advertisement shall be published in the all India edition of at least two daily newspapers, one each in English and Hindi.

Physical Copy (ies) of Annual Report will be available at the Registered Offices of the AMC at all times.

Associate Transactions

Please refer to Statement of Additional Information (SAI).

Taxation

The information is provided for general information only. However, in view of the individual nature of the implications, each investor is advised to consult his or her own tax advisors/authorised dealers with respect to the specific amount of tax and other implications arising out of his or her participation in the schemes.

Applicable tax rates for financial year 2020-21 - Updated with the amendments as per the Finance Act, 2020

Particulars	Investors	Mutual Funds
Tax on Distributed Income ¹	As per applicable slab/tax rates For FPIs – 20%	Nil
Capital Gain		
Long-term Capital Gains ²	10% ³	Nil
Short-term Capital Gains	15%	Nil

All the rates given above are exclusive of applicable surcharge and cess. For applicable slab/tax rates or surcharge rates, please refer to the clause on Taxation in the SAI.

¹ With effect from 1 April 2020, income distribution tax has been abolished and now the dividend income will be taxed in the hands of the unitholder. Further, as per section 57, resident unitholders can claim a deduction of interest expense to the extent of 20 per cent of dividend income.

² Capital gains arising on the transfer or redemption of equity-oriented units should be regarded as long-term capital gains if such units are held for a period of more than 12 months, immediately preceding the date of transfer.

³ Long-term capital gains arising on transfer of units of equity oriented mutual funds exceeding INR 100,000 is taxable at the rate of 10% (plus applicable surcharge, and health and education cess at the rate of 4% on income-tax and surcharge). However, as per the third proviso to section 48 of the Act, the capital gains shall be computed without giving effect to first and second proviso to section

48 of the Act, i.e. without taking benefit of foreign currency fluctuation and indexation benefit. Further, the cost of acquisition to compute long-term capital gains is to be higher of (a) Actual cost of acquisition; and (b) Lower of (i) fair market value as on 31 January 2018; and (ii) full value of consideration received upon transfer.

Other points

Investors may be subject to Minimum Alternate Tax / Alternate Minimum Tax under section 115JB of the Act / Section 115JC of the Act respectively.

This chart is prepared on assumption that the investment in units of Mutual Fund would be characterised as capital assets in the hands of the unit holder.

Where the Fund receives any income from investments made in overseas jurisdiction, the same may be subject to withholding tax (or any other tax) in the relevant jurisdiction from which the income is received.

As the income of the fund is exempt from tax in India, credit / refund in respect of such foreign taxes may not be available in India.

Upon redemption of the units, securities transaction tax would be payable by the unit holders @ 0.001% of the redemption price.

For further details on taxation please refer to the clause on Taxation in the SAI.

Applicability of Stamp Duty:

With effect from July 01, 2020, a stamp duty @ 0.005% of the transaction value would be levied on mutual fund purchase transactions (include fresh / additional purchases, switches and dividend re-investments) at the time of allotment of units. Pursuant to levy of stamp duty, the number of units allotted on such purchase transactions to the unitholders would be lower to that extent. In case of transfer of units, the stamp duty at the rate of 0.015% is applicable with effect from July 01, 2020.

Investor services

For any enquiries and/or queries or complaints in respect of any terms and conditions of/investments in this Scheme, the investors are advised to address a suitable communication to AMC and marked to the attention of Head Customer Services - Mr. Hariharan Iyer at customer@principalindia.com. Written communications may also be forwarded to Principal Mutual Fund at Exchange Plaza, Ground Floor, B Wing, NSE Building, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra(East), Mumbai – 400 051, India and/or alternatively faxed at +91 22 67720512.

Our Customer Service Executives can also be reached at the following Toll Free No. - 1800 425 5600.

D. COMPUTATION OF NAV

The NAV of the Scheme/Plan for each option at any time shall be determined by dividing the net assets of the Scheme/Plan by the number of outstanding units on the valuation date.

The NAV of the Scheme/Plan will be calculated on a daily basis as shown below:

$$\text{NAV per unit} = \frac{\text{(Market / Fair Value of Securities + Accrued Income + Receivables + other assets - Accrued Expenses - payables-other liabilities)}}{\text{No. of units outstanding of the Scheme / Plan / Sub-Plan}}$$

The NAV will be calculated up to four decimals. The NAVs will be declared on every Business Day by 11.00 p.m.

The computation of Net Asset Value, valuation of assets, computation of applicable Net Asset Value (related price) for repurchase, switch and their frequency of disclosure shall be based upon a formula in accordance with the Regulations and as amended from time to time including by way of Circulars, Press Releases, or Notifications issued by SEBI or the Government of India to regulate the activities and growth of Mutual Funds.

The dividend paid on units under the Dividend Option of the Fund shall be deducted in computing the NAV of the units under the Dividend Option, each time a dividend is declared and till it is distributed. Consequently, once the dividend is distributed, the NAV of the units will always remain lower than the NAV of the units under the Growth Option. The income earned and profits realized attributable to the units under the Growth Option shall remain invested and shall be deemed to have remained invested in the Growth Option (exclusive of the units under the Dividend Option) and would be reflected in the NAV of the units under the Growth Option.

The valuation of the Scheme's assets and calculation of the Scheme's NAV shall be subject to audit on an annual basis and such regulations as may be prescribed by SEBI from time to time.

SECTION V: FEES AND EXPENSES

This section outlines the expenses that will be charged to the Scheme/Plan.

A. ANNUAL SCHEME RECURRING EXPENSES

These are the fees and expenses for operating the Scheme/Plan. These expenses include Investment Management and Advisory Fee charged by the AMC, Registrar and Transfer Agents' fee, marketing and selling costs etc. as given in the table below:

The AMC has estimated the following percentage of the daily net assets of the Scheme/Plan will be charged to the Scheme/Plan as expenses. For the actual current expenses being charged, the investor should refer to the website of the mutual fund.

	Regular Sub-Plan
Nature of Expense	% of daily net assets
Investment Management and Advisory Fees	Upto 2.25%
Trustee fee	
Audit fees	
Custodian fees	
RTA Fees	
Marketing & Selling expense incl. agent commission	
Cost related to investor communications	
Cost of fund transfer from location to location	
Cost of providing account statements and dividend redemption cheques and warrants	
Costs of statutory Advertisements	
Cost towards investor education & awareness (at least 2 bps)	
Brokerage & transaction cost over and above 12 bps and 5 bps for cash and derivative market trades resp.	
GST on expenses other than investment and advisory fees	
GST on brokerage* and transaction cost	
Other Expenses	
Maximum total expense ratio (TER) permissible under Regulation 52 (6) (c) (i) and (6) (a)	Upto 2.25%
Additional expenses under regulation 52 (6A) (c)^	Upto 0.05%
Additional expenses for gross new inflows from specified cities #	Upto 0.30%

Direct Sub-Plan under the aforementioned Scheme shall have a lower expense ratio excluding distribution expenses, commission, etc. and no commission for distribution of Units will be paid / charged under the Direct Sub-Plan.

#Expenses charged under this clause shall be utilised for distribution expenses incurred for bringing inflows from B15 cities.

Provided further that amount incurred as expense on account of inflows from such cities shall be credited back to the scheme in case the said inflows are redeemed within a period of one year from the date of investment.

The AMC may charge investment management and advisory fees and other expenses up to 2.25% of the daily net assets. The AMC reserves the right to change the estimates; both inter se or in total, subject to prevailing SEBI Regulations.

^The nature of expenses can be any permissible expenses including Investment Management & Advisory Fees. The purpose of the above table is to assist in understanding the various costs and expenses that the Unit Holders in the Scheme will bear directly or indirectly.

The AMC may incur actual expenses which may be more or less than those estimated above under any head and / or in total. The AMC will charge the Scheme such actual expenses incurred, subject to the statutory limit prescribed in the SEBI Regulations, as given below.

Maximum Recurring Expenses

Daily net assets	As a % of daily net Assets (per annum)	Additional Total Expense Ratio as per SEBI Regulations 52 (6A) (c) #	Additional Total Expense Ratio as per SEBI Regulations 52 (6A) (b) #
First Rs. 500 crores	2.25%	0.05%	0.30%
Next Rs. 250 crores	2.00%	0.05%	0.30%
Next Rs. 1,250 crores	1.75%	0.05%	0.30%
Next 3,000 crores	1.60%	0.05%	0.30%
Next 5,000 crores	1.50%	0.05%	0.30%
Next 40,000 crores	Reduction of 0.05% for every increase of 5000 crores	0.05%	0.30%
Balance of assets over and above Rs. 50,000 crores	1.05%	0.05%	0.30%

Further, in addition to the limits on total expenses specified in Regulation 52(6) of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 (the Regulation) the following expenses may be charged to the Scheme under Regulation 52 (6A) -

- Brokerage and transaction costs incurred for the purpose of execution of trades and included in the cost of investment, not exceeding 0.12% of the value of trades in case of cash market transactions and 0.05% of the value of trades in case of derivative transactions;
- Expenses not exceeding 0.30% of daily net assets, if the new inflows from such cities as specified by SEBI from time to time are atleast (i) 30% of gross inflows in the Scheme OR (ii) 15% of the average assets under management (year to date) of the Scheme - whichever is higher.

However if inflows from such cities is less than the higher of (i) & (ii) as mentioned above, such expenses on daily net assets of the Scheme may be charged on proportionate basis. Further, the expenses charged under this clause shall be utilized for distribution expenses incurred for bringing inflows from such cities. The amount incurred as expense on account of inflows from such cities shall be credited back to the scheme in case the said inflows are redeemed within a period of one year from the date of investment. . Inflows of amount upto Rs. 2,00,000/- per transaction, by individual investors shall be considered as inflows from “retail investor”.

- (c) Additional expenses incurred towards different heads mentioned under sub-regulation 52(2) & 52(4) of the Regulation not exceeding 0.05% of the daily net assets of the scheme or as specified by the Board.

“Provided that such additional expenses shall not be charged to the schemes where the exit load is not levied or applicable.”

The mutual fund would update the current expense ratios on the website at least three working days prior to the effective date of the change. Additionally, AMCs shall upload the TER details on the website under the below link:

<https://www.principalindia.com/downloads-disclosures.aspx>

AMC may charge GST on investment and advisory fees of the scheme in addition to the maximum limit of TER as per the Regulation 52(6) and (6A).

Further, the following may be charged to the Schemes within the maximum limit of Total Expense Ratio as per Regulation 52 of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, as amended from time to time -

- (a) GST on expenses other than investment and advisory fees, if any;
 - (b) *GST on brokerage and transaction costs on execution of trades, if any; and
 - (c) Investor Education and awareness fees of at least 2 basis point on daily net assets of respective schemes.
- The GST on brokerage and transaction costs which are incurred for the purpose of execution of trade, will be within the limit of prescribed under Regulation 52 of SEBI Regulations.

These estimates have been made in good faith by the AMC as per the information available to AMC – the investment manager, based on the past experience and are subject to change inter-se. The expenses may be more than as specified in the table above, but the total recurring expenses that can be charged to the Scheme will be subject to limits prescribed from time to time under the SEBI Regulations. Expenses over and above the permissible limits will be borne by the AMC and/or the Trust and/ or the sponsor. The purpose of the above table is to assist the unitholder in understanding the various costs and expenses that a unitholder in the Scheme will bear directly or indirectly.

Any other expenses that are directly attributable to the Scheme, and permissible under SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 from time to time, may be charged within the overall limits as specified in the Regulations.

All scheme related expenses including commission paid to distributors, by whatever name it may be called and in whatever manner it may be paid, shall necessarily be paid from the scheme only within the regulatory limits and not from the books of the Asset Management Companies (AMC), its associate, sponsor, trustee or any other entity through any route.

The Scheme shall strive to reduce the level of these expenses so as to keep them well within the maximum limits currently allowed by SEBI and any revision in the said expenses limits by SEBI would be applicable. All fees and expenses charged in a direct plan (in percentage terms) under various heads including the investment and advisory fee shall not exceed the fees and expenses charged under such heads in a regular plan.

Illustration of impact of expense ratio on Scheme's returns:

Particulars		Regular Sub-Plan	Direct Sub-Plan
Opening NAV per unit	A	10.0000	10.0000
Gross Scheme Returns @ 8.75%	B	0.8750	0.8750
Expense Ratio @ 1.50 % p.a.	$C = (A \times 1.50\%)$	0.1500	0.1500
Distribution Expense Ratio @ 0.25 % p.a. ¹	$D = (A \times 0.25\%)$	0.0250	0.0000
Total Expenses	$E = C + D$	0.1750	0.1500
Closing NAV per unit	$F = A + B - E$	10.7000	10.7250
Net 1 Year Return	$F/A - 1$	7.00%	7.25%

¹ Distribution/Brokerage expense is not levied on Direct Sub-Plan

B. LOAD STRUCTURE & TRANSACTION CHARGES

- 1) Exit Load is an amount which is paid by the investor to redeem the units from the scheme.
- 2) Load details:

Type of Load : Load Chargeable (As a %age of NAV)	
Entry Load	Not Applicable Pursuant to SEBI circular no. SEBI/IMD/CIR No.4/ 168230/09 dated June 30, 2009, no entry load will be charged by the Scheme to the investor. The upfront commission on investment made by the investor, if any, shall be paid to the ARN Holder (AMFI registered Distributor) directly by the investor, based on the investor's assessment of various factors including service rendered by the ARN Holder.
Exit Load (applicable for each of the Plan(s) under the Scheme)	i. Nil in case of RWP/Redemption/Switch out from Principal Retirement Savings Fund after completion of 5 years lock in period, or after attainment of retirement age of 60 years whichever is earlier. ii. Nil in case of Auto transfer facility and switch option across the three plans namely Progressive Plan, Moderate Plan & Conservative Plan during lock – in period. (Note: Age will be computed with reference to years completed on the date of transaction)

- 3) In accordance with the requirements specified by the SEBI circular no. SEBI/IMD/CIR No.4/168230/09 dated June 30, 2009 inter alia no entry load will be charged by the Fund with effect from August 01, 2009. Upfront commission on investment made by the investor, if any, shall be paid to the ARN Holder directly by the investor, based on the investor's assessment of various factors including service rendered by the ARN holder.

Effective October 01, 2012, exit load (if any) charged to the unit holders by the Mutual Fund on redemption (including switch out) of units shall be credited to the respective scheme net of GST. GST on exit load, if any, shall be paid out of the exit load proceeds.

- 4) Load structure is variable and subject to change from time to time, in alignment with provisions of the relevant SEBI Regulations/Guidelines. The AMC reserves the right to change/modify exit/switchover load (including zero load), depending upon the circumstances prevailing at any given time. A public notice shall be given in respect of such changes in one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation as well as in a newspaper published in the language of region where the Head Office of the Mutual Fund is situated [and also display the same on the website / Investor service center.](#)

The AMC may also:

- i. Attach the Addendum to Scheme Information Document and Key Information Memorandum and / or circulate the same to Distributors / Brokers so that the same can be attached to all Scheme Information Documents and Key Information Memoranda already in stock.
- ii. Arrange to display the addendum to the Scheme Information Document in the form of a notice in all the investor service centres and distributors/brokers office.
- iii. Disclose exit load/ CDSC in the statement of accounts issued after the introduction of such load/CDSC.
- iv. take other measures which it may feel necessary.

The investor is requested to check the prevailing load structure of the scheme before investing. For the current applicable structure, he may refer to the website of the AMC - www.principalindia.com or may call at may call at 1800 425 5600 or your distributor.

- 5) Units issued on reinvestment of dividends shall not be subject to exit load.

Load on switch out will be same as exit load applicable to the respective schemes.

If the Applicable NAV is Rs. 11.25 and a 1% exit load is charged the repurchase price will be calculated as follows:

E.g. Repurchase Price = Applicable NAV x (1-Exit Load, if any).

Therefore, the Repurchase Price would be Rs. 11.25 x (1-1.00% of Rs. 11.25) = Rs. 11.1375.

- 6) The repurchase price shall not be lower than 93% of the NAV and the sale price shall not be higher than 107% of the NAV. However, the difference between the repurchase price and sale price shall not exceed 7% on the sale price.
- 7) The exit load may be linked to the period of holding. Any imposition/enhancement or change in load structure shall be applicable on prospective investment only. However, any change at a later stage shall not affect the existing unit holders adversely.
- 8) No load shall be charged for switches between the options under the same Sub-Plan.

Transaction Charges –

In accordance with SEBI Circular No. Cir/ IMD/ DF/13/ 2011 dated August 22, 2011, Principal Asset Management Private Limited (PAMC) (formerly known as Principal Pnb Asset Management Company Private Limited) /Principal Mutual Fund(PMF) shall deduct Transaction Charges on purchase / subscription received from the Investors through Distributors/Agents (who have opted to receive the transaction charges) as under:

(i) **First Time Mutual Fund Investor (across Mutual Funds):** Transaction charge of ` 150/- for subscription of ` 10,000 and above will be deducted from the subscription amount and paid to the Distributor/Agent of the first time investor and the balance shall be invested.

First time investor in this regard shall mean an Investor who invests for the first time ever in any Mutual Fund either by way of Subscription or Systematic Investment Plan.

(ii) **Investor other than First Time Mutual Fund Investor:** Transaction charge of ` 100/- per subscription of 10,000 and above will be deducted from the subscription amount and paid to the Distributor/Agent of the investor and the balance shall be invested.

Further, in accordance with SEBI CIR/IMD/DF/21/2012 dated September 13, 2012, the Distributors/Agents shall have the option to either opt-in or opt-out of levying transaction charges based on type of product.

(iii) **Transaction charges shall not be deducted for:**

- purchases /subscriptions for an amount less than ` 10,000/-;
- transaction other than purchases/ subscriptions relating to new inflows such as Switch/ Systematic Transfer Plan/Sweep facility under the Dividend Option of the Scheme(s) etc.;
- purchases/subscriptions made directly with the Fund (i.e. not through any Distributor/Agent);
- transactions routed through Stock Exchange route.

Statement of Account issued to such Investors shall state the net investment as gross subscription less transaction charge and mention the number of units allotted against the net investment.

Further, in accordance with SEBI Circular No. SEBI/IMD/CIR/No.4/168230/09 dated June 30, 2009, upfront commission to Distributors/Agents shall continue to be paid by the Investor directly to the Distributor/Agent by a separate cheque based on his assessment of various factors including the service rendered by the Distributor/Agent.

SECTION VI. RIGHTS OF UNITHOLDERS

Please refer to Statement of Additional Information for details.

SECTION VII. PENALTIES, PENDING LITIGATION OR PROCEEDINGS, FINDINGS OF INSPECTIONS OR INVESTIGATIONS FOR WHICH ACTION MAY HAVE BEEN TAKEN OR IS IN THE PROCESS OF BEING TAKEN BY ANY REGULATORY AUTHORITY.

This section shall contain the details of penalties, pending litigation, and action taken by SEBI and other regulatory and Govt. Agencies.

1	Penalties and action(s) taken against foreign Sponsor(s) may be limited to the jurisdiction of the country where the principal activities (in terms of income / revenue) of the Sponsor(s) are carried out or where the headquarters of the Sponsor(s) is situated. Further, only top 10 monetary penalties during the last three years shall be disclosed.	Nil
2	In case of Indian Sponsor(s), details of all monetary penalties imposed and/ or action taken during the last three years or pending with any financial regulatory body or governmental authority, against Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees /Trustee Company; for irregularities or for violations in the financial services sector, or for defaults with respect to shareholders or debenture holders and depositors, or for economic offences, or for violation of securities law. Details of settlement, if any, arrived at with the aforesaid authorities during the last three years shall also be disclosed.	Nil
3	Details of all enforcement actions taken by SEBI in the last three years and/ or pending with SEBI for the violation of SEBI Act, 1992 and Rules and Regulations framed there under including debarment and/ or suspension and/ or cancellation and/ or imposition of monetary penalty/adjudication/enquiry proceedings, if any, to which the Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees /Trustee Company and/ or any of the directors and/ or key personnel (especially the fund managers) of the AMC and Trustee Company were/ are a party. The details of the violation shall also be disclosed.	Nil
4	Any pending material civil or criminal litigation incidental to the business of the Mutual Fund to which the Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees /Trustee Company and/ or any of the directors and/ or key personnel are a party should also be disclosed separately.	*As mentioned below
5	Any deficiency in the systems and operations of the Sponsor(s) and/ or the AMC and/ or the Board of Trustees/Trustee Company which SEBI has specifically advised to be disclosed in the SID, or which has been notified by any other regulatory agency, shall be disclosed.	Nil

*There is a legal case pending against Mr. Rajat Jain, Chief Investment Officer of Principal Asset Management Pvt. Ltd (formerly known as Principal Pnb Asset Management Company Private Limited). in the “Court of Sessions of Greater Bombay”. The case was filed at the instance of CBI, Economic Offences Wing, Mumbai pertaining to a matter alleged during Mr. Jain’s previous employment with SBI Mutual Fund, prior to his joining Principal Asset Management Pvt. Ltd (formerly known as Principal Pnb Asset Management Company Private Limited). The case pertains to the purchase of certain shares at SBI Mutual Fund where Mr. Rajat Jain was, at that time, Chief Investment Officer.

Notwithstanding anything contained in this Scheme Information Document, the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines there under shall be applicable.

Note: Principal Asset Allocation Fund of Funds was approved by the Board of Directors of Principal Trustee Company Private Limited vide their resolution dated November 21, 2013. Change in Fundamental attributes of Principal Asset Allocation Fund of Funds and Plans thereunder to convert the fund as Principal Retirement Savings Fund and the Plans was approved by the Board of Principal Trustee Company Private Limited vide their resolution dated December 5, 2017. The Trustees have ensured that the Scheme/ Plan approved is a new product offered by Principal Mutual Fund and is not a minor modification of its existing schemes.

Offices of AMC Identified as Official Point of Acceptance / Investor Service Centres

Principal Asset Management Private Limited (formerly known as Principal Pnb Asset Management Company Private Limited) - OPA & ISC:

Mumbai: Exchange Plaza, 'B' wing, Ground Floor, NSE Building, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai - 400 051.

New Delhi: A-121, 12th Floor, Himalaya House, 23 K. G. Marg, New Delhi – 110 001.

Ahmedabad: 301, 3rd Floor, Amarnath Business Centre-2, St. Xaviers College Corner, Off. C. G. Road, Navrangpura, Ahmedabad - 380 009.

Bengaluru: 410, 4th Floor, Prestige Meridian -1, No.29, M G Road, Bengaluru - 560 001.

Pune: Office No.2, 2nd Floor, Aditya Centeegra, Ferguson College Road, Dnyaneshwar Paduka Chowk, Shivajinagar, Pune - 411 004.

Chandigarh: SCO NO 2471-72, 2ND Floor, Sector 22C, Chandigarh, Pincode - 160 022. Tel: 0172 - 4044467, 4044468

Jaipur: Office Number 445, 4th Floor, Ganpati Plaza, M. I. Road, Jaipur, Pincode - 302 001

Chennai: Amara Sri, Regus Anna Salai, Old No.313, New No.455, Block No.75, 7th Floor, Anna Salai, Teynampet, Chennai – 600018

Hyderabad: Regus Solitaire Business Centre Pvt Ltd., Level 4, 411 Gumidelli Towers, Old Airport Road, Begumpet, Hyderabad – 500016

Lucknow: 406, 4th Floor, Regus Business Centre, Halwasiya Court, Hazratganj, Lucknow - 226 001

Kolkata: The Legacy, 1st Floor, 25-A, Shakespeare Sarani, Kolkata - 700017

Centres of KFin Technologies Private Limited (R&T to Principal Mutual Fund) which have been identified as Official Point of Acceptance:

Anantapur: Plot No: 12-313, Balaji Towers, Suryanagar, Ananthapur Village, Anantapur - 515001. • **Agartala:** OLS RMS Chowmuhani, Mantri Bari Road, 1st Floor, Near Traffic Point, Tripura West, Agartala - 799001. • **Agra:** 1st Floor, Deepak Wasan Plaza, Behind Holiday Inn, Opp. Megdoot Furnitures, Sanjay Place, Agra-282 002 • **Ahmedabad:** Office No. 401, on 4th Floor, ABC-I, Off. C.G. Road, Ahmedabad - 380009. • **Ajmer:** 302, 3rd Floor, Ajmer Auto Building, Opp. City Power House, Jaipur Road, Ajmer - 305 001 • **Akola:** Yamuna Tarang Complex, Shop No. 30, Ground Floor N. H. No. 06 Murtizapur Road, Opp. Radhakrishna Talkies, Akola - 444004. • **Alleppy:** 1st Floor JP Towers, Mullackal, KSRTC Bus Stand, Alleppy - 688011 • **Alwar:** Office Number 137, First Floor, Jai Complex Road No - 2, Alwar - 301001 • **Aligarh:** Sebti Complex, Centre Point, In The city of Aligarh - 202 001 • **Allahabad:** Saroj Bhawan, Patrika Marg, Civil Lines, In The City of Allahabad - 211 001 • **Amritsar:** 72-A, Taylor's Road, Opp. Aga Heritage Club, Amritsar-143 001 • **Ambala:** 6349, 2nd Floor, Nicholson Road, Adjacent Kos Hospital Ambala Cant, Ambala - 13300 • **Amaravathi:** Shop No. 21, 2nd Floor, Gulshan Tower, Near Panchsheel Talkies, Jaistambh Square, Amaravathi - 444601 • **Anand:** B-42 Vaibhav Commercial Center, Nr TVS Down Town Show Room, Grid Char Rasta, Anand-380 001 • **Asansol:** 112/N G. T. ROAD BHANGA PACHIL, G.T Road Asansol Pin - 713 303; Paschim Bardhaman West Bengal, Asansol - 713303.. • **Aurangabad:** Ramkunj Niwas, Railway Station Road, Near Osmanpura Circle, Aurangabad-431 005 • **Azamgarh:** House No. 290, Ground Floor, Civil Lines, Near Sahara Office, Azamgarh - 276001. • **Balasore:** 1-B. 1st Floor, Kalinga Hotel Lane, Baleshwar, Baleshwar Sadar, Balasore - 756001. • **Bangalore:** No. 35, Puttanna Road, Basavanagudi, Bangalore - 560004. • **Bankura:** Ambika Market Complex, Gr. Floor, Nutanganj, Post & Dist Bankura, Bankura-722 101 • **Bareilly:** 54-CIVIL LINES, Ayub Khan Chauraha, Bareilly - 243001 • **Begusarai:** C/o. Dr. Hazari Prasad Sahu, Ward No. 13, Behind Alka Cinema, Begusarai (Bihar), Begusarai - 851117. • **Bellary:** Shree Gayathri Towers, #4, 1st Floor, K.H.B.Colony, Gopalaswamy Mudaliar Road, Gandhi Nagar, Bellary - 583 103. • **Belgaum:** Premises No. 101, CTS No. 1893, Shree Guru Darshani Tower Anandwadi, Hindwadi, Belgaum - 590011. • **Berhampur:** Opp Divya Nandan Kalyan Mandap, 3rd Lane, Dharam Nagar, Near Lohiya Motor, Berhampur (Or) - 760001 • **Bharuch:** Shop No. 147-148, Aditya Complex, Near Kasak Circle, Bharuch-392 001 • **Bhagalpur:** 2nd Floor, Chandralok Complex, Ghantaghar, Radha Rani Sinha Road, Bhagalpur - 812001. • **Bhavnagar:** 303, Sterling Point, Waghawadi Road, Bhavnagar - 364 001. • **Bhatinda:** MCB -Z-3-01043, 2 Floor, Goniana Road, Opposite Nippon India MF GT Road, Near Hanuman Chowk, Bhatinda - 151001. • **Bhilai:** Office No. 2, 1st Floor, Plot No. 9/6, Nehru Nagar [East], Bhilai - 490020. • **Bhilwara:** Office No. 14 B, Prem Bhawan, Pur Road, Gandhi Nagar, Near CanaraBank, Bhilwara - 311001. (Rajasthan) • **Bhopal:** Kay Kay Business Centre, 133, Zone I, M.P. Nagar, Above City Bank, Bhopal-462 011 • **Bikaner:** 70-71 2nd Floor, Dr. Chahar Building, Panchsati Circle, Sadul Ganj, Bikaner - 334003. • **Bhubaneshwar:** A/181, Saheed Nagar; Janardan House; rdR oom #: 07; 3 Floor; Bhubaneshwar; Pin-751007 • **Bilaspur:** Shop.No. 306, 3rd Floor, Anandam Plaza, Vyapar Vihar Main Road, Bilaspur - 495001. • **Bokaro:** B-1, 1st Floor, City Centre, Sector-4, Near Sona Chandi Jewellers, Bokaro-827 004 • **Burdwan:** Anima Bhavan, 1st Floor, Holding No.

42, Sreepally, G. T. Road, Burdwan – 713103, West Bengal. • **Chandigarh:** First Floor, SCO 2469-70, Sec. 22-C, Chandigarh, Pin code- 160022 • **Calicut:** Second Floor, Manimuriyil Centre, Bank Road, Kasaba Village, Calicut - 673001. • **Chennai:** F-11, Akshaya Plaza, 1st Floor, 108, Adhithanar Salai, Egmore, Opp. Chief Metropolitan Court, Chennai-600 002 • **Chinsura:** No. 96, PO: Chinsurah, Doctors Lane, Chinsurah - 712101. • **Cochin:** Ali Arcade, 1st Floor, Kizhavana Road, Panampilly Nagar, Near Atlantis Junction, Ernakulam-682 036 • **Coimbatore:** 3rd Floor, Jaya Enclave, 1056/1057 Avinashi Road, Coimbatore-641 018 • **Cuttack:** P.O. - Buxi Bazar, Cuttack, Opp. Dargha Bazar, Dargha Bazar, Cuttack-753 001 • **Darbhanga:** Jaya Complex, 2nd Floor, Above Furniture Planet, Donar Chowk, Darbhanga - 846003. 54. • **Davangere:** D. No 162/6 , 1st Floor, 3rd Main, P. J. Extension, Davangere Taluk, Davangere Manda, Davangere - 577002. • **Dehradun:** Kaulagarh Road, Near Sirmaur Margabove, Reliance Webworld, Dehradun-248 001 • **Deoria:** K. K. Plaza, Above Apurwa Sweets, Civil Lines Road, Deoria - 274001. • **Dhanbad:** 208 New Market, 2nd Floor, Bank More, Dhanbad-826 001 • **Dharwad:** 307/9-A, 1st Floor, Nagarkar Colony, Elite Business Center, Nagarkar Colony, P.B. Road, Dharwad - 580001. • **Dhule:** Ground Floor, Ideal Laundry Lane No. 4, Khol Galli, Near Muthoot Finance, Opp. Bhavasar General Store, Dhule 424001. • **Dindigul:** No 59B, New Pensioner Street, Palani Road, Opp. Gomathi Lodge, Dindigul - 624001 • **Durgapur:** Mwav-16 Bengal Ambuja, 2nd Floor, City Centre, 16 Dt Burdwan, Durgapur-713 216 • **Erode :** Address No. 38/1 Ground Floor, Sathy Road,(VCTV Main Road), Sorna Krishna Complex, Erode - 638003. • **Eluru:** D.No-23A-7-72/73, K.K. S Plaza, Munukutla Vari Street, Opp. Andhra Hospitals, R. R. Peta, Eluru - 534002. • **Faridabad:** A-2B, 1st Floor, Nehru Groundnit, Faridabad-121 001 • **Ferozpur:** The Mall Road, Chawla Bulding, 1st Floor, Opp. Central Jail, Near Hanuman Mandir, Ferozpur - 152002. • **Gaya:** Property No. 711045129, Ground Floor, Hotel Skylark, Swaraipuri Road, Gaya - 823001. • **Gulbarga:** H. No. 2-231, Krishna Complex, 2nd Floor, Opp. Municipal Corporation Office, Jagat, Station Main Road, Kalaburagi, Gulbarga - 585105 • **Ghaziabad:** FF - 31, Konark Building, Rajnagar, Ghaziabad - 201003 • **Ghazipur:** House No. 148/19, Mahua Bagh, Ghazipur - 233001. • **Goa:** Flat No. 1-A, H. No. 13/70, Timotio Bldg. Heliodoro Salgado Road, Next to Navhind Bhavan (Market Area), Panaji, Goa - 403 001 • **Gonda:** H No. 782, Shiv Sadan, ITI Road, Near Raghukul Vidyapeeth, Civil Lines, Gonda - 271001. • **Gorakhpur:** Above V.I.P. House adjacent, A.D. Girls College, Bank Road, Gorakhpur-273 001 • **Gurgaon:** 2 Floor, Vipul Agora, M. G. Road, In The City of Gurgaon, Haryana - 122001. • **Guntur:** D No 6-10-27, Srinilayam, Arundelpet, 10/1, Guntur - 522 002. **Guwahati:** 1st Floor, Bajrangbali Building, Near Bora Service Station, G.S. Road, Guwahati - 781 007 • **Gwalior:** 2nd Floor, Rajeev Plaza, Jayendra Ganj, Lashkar, Gwalior. M.P.-474 009 • **Haldwani:** Shop No. 5, KMVN Shopping Complex, Haldwani - 263139. • **Haridwar:** Shop No.13, 1st Floor, Bhatia Complex, Near Jamuna Palace, Haridwar - 249410. • **Hassan:** SAS No-212, Ground Floor, Sampige Road, 1st Cross, Near Hotel Souther Star, K.R. Puram, Hassan - 573201. • **Hissar:** Shop No. 20, Ground Floor, R. D. City Centre, Railway Road, Hissar - 125001. • **Hoshiarpur:** 1st Floor, The Mall Tower, Opp. Kapila Hospital, Sutheri Road, Hoshiarpur - 146001. • **Hubli:** R. R. Mahalaxmi Mansion, Above IndusInd Bank, 2nd Floor, Desai Cross, Pinto Road, Hubli - 580029.. • **Hyderabad:** Karvy HOUSE, No. 46, 8-2-609/K, Avenue 4, Street No. 1, Banjara Hills, Hyderabad - 500 034. • **KARVY SELENIUM,** Plot No. 31 & 32, Tower B, Survey No. 115 /22, 115/24 &115/25, Financial District, Gachibowli, Nanakramguda, Serlingampally Mandal, Ranga Reddy District, Hyderabad - 500 032 • **Indore:** 2nd Floor, 203-205, Balaji Corporates, Above ICICI Bank, 19/1 New Palasia, Indore-452 001 • **Jabalpur:** Grover Chamber, 43 Naya Bazar Malviya Chowk, Opp. Shyam Market, Jabalpur-482 002 • **Jaipur:** Of fice Number 101, 1 Floor, Okay Plus Tower, Next to Kalyan Jewellers, Government Hostel Circle , Ajmer Road , Jaipur - 320001 • **Jalandhar:** Office No. 7, 3rd Floor, City Square Building, E-H197 Civil Lines, Jalandhar - 144001. • **Jalgaon:** 269 Jaee Vishwa, 1st Floor, Above United Bank of India, Baliram Peth, Near Kishor Agencies, Jalgaon - 425 001 • **Jalpaiguri:** D.B. C. Road, Opp. Nirala Hotel, Opp. Nirala Hotel, Opp. Nirala Hotel, Jalpaiguri - 735101. • **Jammu:** Gupta's Tower, 2nd Floor, CB-12, Rail Head Complex, Jammu-180 012 • **Jamnagar:** 131 Madhav Plazza, ,Opp. SBI Bank, Nr. Lal Bungalow, Jamnagar - 361008. • **Jamshedpur:** Madhukunj, 3rd Floor, Q Road, Sakchi, Bistupur, East Singhbhum, Jamshedpur-831001. • **Jodhpur:** 203, Modi Arcade, Chopasni Road, Jodhpur-342 001 • **Junagadh:** 124-125 Punit Shopping Center, M.G. Road, Ranavav Chowk, Junagadh-362 001 • **Jaunpur:** R. N. Complex, 1-1-9-G, R. N. Complex, Opposite Pathak Honda, Above Oriental Bank of Commerce, Jaunpur - 222002. • **Jhansi:** 1st Floor, Puja Tower, Near 48 Chambers, ELITE Crossing, Jhansi - 284001. • **Kannur:** 2nd Floor, Global Village, Bank Road, Kannur- 670001 • **Karur:** No. 88/11, BB Plaza, NRMP Street, K.S. Mess Back side, Karur - 639002. • **Kanpur:** 15/46, B, Gr. Floor, Opp. Muir Mills, Civil Lines, Kanpur-208 001 • **Karimnagar:** 2nd Shutter, H No. 7-2-607 Sri Matha, Complex Mankammathota, Karimnagar - 505001. • **Karnal:** 18/369, Char Chaman, Kunjpura Road, Behind Miglani Hospital, Karnal-132 001 • **Khammam:** 11-4-3/3, Shop No. S-9, 1st Floor, Srivenkata Sairam Arcade, Old CPI Office, Near PriyaDarshini College Nehru Nagar, Khammam - 507002. • **Kharagpur:** KFin Technologies Pvt. Ltd., Holding No. 254/220, SBI Building, Malancha Road, Ward No.16, P.O. Kharagpur, PS: Kharagpur, Dist: Paschim Medinipur, Kharagpur - 721304. • **Kolhapur:** 605/1/4, E Ward, Shahupuri 2nd Lane, Laxmi Niwas, Near Sultane Chambers, Kolhapur-416 001 • **Kollam:** Ground Floor, Narayanan Shopping Complex, Kausthubhsree Block, Kadapakada, Kollam - 691008. • **Kolkata:** Apeejay House (Beside Park Hotel), 15 Park Street, C Block, 3rd Floor, Kolkata-700 016 • **Korba:** Nidhi Biz Complex, Plot No. 5, Near Patidar Bhawan, T. P. Nagar, Korba - 495677. • **Kota:** 29, 1st Floor, Near Lala Lajpat Rai Circle,

Shopping Centre, Kota-324 007 • **Kottayam:** 1st Floor Csiascension Square, Railway Station Road, Collectorate P.O., Kottayam - 686002. • **Kurnool:** Shop No:47, 2 Floor, S. Komda Shoping Mall, Kurnool - 518001. • **Lucknow:** 1st Floor, A. A. Complex, Thaper House, 5 Park Road, Hazratganj, Lucknow - 226 001 • **Ludhiana:** SCO 122, Second Floor, Above HDFC Mutual Fund, Feroze Gandhi Market, Ludhiana 141001. • **Madurai:** No. G-16/17, AR Plaza, 1st Floor, North Veli Street, Madurai - 625010. • **Margao:** 2nd Floor, Dalal Commercial Complex, Pajifond, Margao - 403601. • **Malda:** Ram Krishna Pally; Ground Floor; English Bazar; Malda - 732101 • **Malappuram:** 2nd Floor, Peekays Arcade, Down Hill, Malappuram - 676505. • **Mangalore:** Mahendra Arcade, Opp. Court Road, Karangal Padi, Mangalore-575 003 • **Mandi:** House No. 99/11, 3rd Floor, Opposite GSS Boy School, School Bazar, Mandi - 175001. • **Mathura:** Shop No. 9, Ground Floor, Vihari Lal Plaza, Opposite Brijwasi Centrum, Near New Bus Stand, Mathura - 281001. • **Meerut:** H No. 5, Purva Eran, Opp. Syndicate Bank, Hapur Road, Meerut - 250001 • **Mehsana:** UI-47, Apollo Enclave, Opp. Simandhar Temple, Modhera Cross Road, Mehsana-384 002 • **Moradabad:** Chadha Complex, G. M. D. Road, Near Tadi Khana, Chowk, In The City of Moradabad - 244 001 • **Moga:** 1st Floor, Dutt Road, Mandir Wali Gali, Civil Lines, Barat Ghar, Moga - 142001. • **Mirzapur:** Ground Floor, Triveni Campus, Ratan Ganj, Mirzapur - 231001. 66. • **Morena:** House No. HIG 959, Near Court, Front of Dr. Lal Lab, Old Housing Board Colony, Morena - 476001. • **Mumbai:** 24/B, Raja Bahadur Compound, Ambalal Doshi Marg, Behind BSE Bldg., Fort, Mumbai-400 001 • **Mumbai - Borivali:** Gomati Smti, Ground Floor, Jambli Gully, Near Railway Station, Borivali (West), Mumbai - 400 092 • **Mumbai - Thane:** 101, Yashwant Building, Ram Ganesh, Godkari Path, Ram Maruti Road, Naupada, Thane-400 602 • **Mumbai - Vashi:** C , Wing Flat No. 324 ,1 Floor , Vashi Plaza, Sector 17, Vashi, Navi Mumbai - 400 703. • **Mumbai - Vile Parle:** Shop No: 1, Ground Floor, Dipti Jyothi Co-operative Hsg. Society, Near MTNL Office, P. M. Road, Vile Parle - East Mumbai - 400057. • **Muzaffarpur:** First Floor Saroj Complex, Diwam Road, Near Kalyani Chowk, Muzaffarpur, Bihar - 842001 • **Mysore:** L-350, Silver Tower, Ashoka Road, Opp. Clock Tower, Mysore-570 001 • **Nadiad:** 104/105, Near Paras Cinema, City Point Nadiad, Nadiad-387 001 • **Nagercoil:** H No 45 ,1st Floor, East Car Street, Nagercoil - 629001. • **Nagpur:** Plot No. 2/1, House No 102/1, Mangaldeep Appartment, Mata Mandir Road, Opp. Khandelwal Jewelers, Dharampeth, Nagpur-440 010 • **Nasik:** S-9, Second Floor, Suyojit Sankul, Sharanpur Road, Nashik - 422 002. • **Nanded:** Shop No.4, Santakripa Market, G.G. Road, Opp. Bank of India, Nanded - 431601. • **Navsari:** 103, 1st Floor, Landmark Mall, Near Sayaji Library, Navsari - 396 445, Gujarat. • **Nellore:** D No:16-5-66 Ramarao Complex, No. 2 Shop No. 305, 3rd Floor, Nagula Mitta Rodad, Opp. Bank of Baroda, Nellore – 524 001 • **New Delhi:** 305, New Delhi House, 27, Barakhamba Road, New Delhi -110 001 • **Noida:** F - 21, Sector - 18, In The City of Noida, Noida - 20130 • **Palghat:** No. 20 & 21, Metro Complex, H.P.O. Road, Palakkad, H.P.O. Road, Palakkad - 678001. • **Panipat:** 1st Floor, Java Complex, Above Vijaya Bank, G.T. Road, Panipat-132103 • **Pathankot:** 2nd Floor, Sahni Arcade Complex, Adj. Indra Colony Gate Railway Road, Pathankot - 145001. • **Patiala:** SCO-27 D, Chotti Baradari, Near Car Bazaar, Patiala-147 001 • **Patna:** 3-A, 3rd Floor, Anand Tower, Exhibition Road, Opp. ICICI Bank, Patna-800 001 • **Pollachi:** 146/4 Ramanathan Building ,1st Floor, New Scheme Road, Pollachi - 642002. • **Pondicherry:** No 122(10b), Muthumariamman Koil Street, Pondicherry - 605001. • **Pune:** Mozaic Bldg, CTS No.1216/1, Final Plot No. 576/1 TP, Scheme No.1, F. C. Road, Bhamburda, Shivaji Nagar, Pune - 411 004 • **Raipur:** Office No S-13, Second Floor, Raheja Tower, Fafadih Chowk, Jail Road, Raipur (C.G.) - 492 001 • **Rajahmundry:** D.No.6-1-4,Rangachary Street, T.Nagar, Near Axis Bank Street, Rajahmundry - 533 101. **Rajkot:** 302, Metro Plaza, Near Moti Tanki Chowky, Rajkot, Gujarat - 360 001 • **Ranchi:** Room No. 307, 3rd Floor, Commerce Tower, Beside Mahabir Tower, Ranchi-834 001 • **Ratlam:** 1 Nagpal Bhawan Free Ganj Road, Do Batti, Near Nokia Care, Ratlam - 457001. • **Renukoot:** C/o. Mallick Medical Store, Bangali Katra Main Road, Dist. Sonbhadra (U.P.), Renukoot - 231217. 68. • **Rewa:** Shop No. 2, Shree Sai Anmol Complex, Ground Floor, Opp. Teerth Memorial Hospital, Rewa - 486001. • **Rohtak:** Shop No. 14, Ground Floor, Delhi Road, Rohtak - 124001. • **Roorkee :** Shree Ashadeep Complex 16, Civil Lines, Near Income Tax Office, Roorkee - 247667. • **Rourkela:** 2nd Floor, Main Road, Udit Nagar, Rourkela; Sundargarh; Pin - 769012 • **Sagar:** II Floor, Above Shiva Kanch Mandir,5 Civil Lines, Sagar, Sagar – 470 002 • **Sambalpur:** First Floor, Shop No. 219, Sahej Plaza, Golebazar, Sambalpur - 768001. • **Saharanpur:** 18 Mission Market, Court Road, Saharanpur - 247001. • **Satna:** 1st Floor Gopal Complex, Near Bus Stand, Rewa Road, Satna - 485001. • **Salem:** No. 40, 2nd Floor, Brindavan Road, Fairlands, Near Perumal Koil, Salem-636 016 • **Shillong:** Annex Mani Bhawan, Lower Thana Road, Near R K M Lp School, Shillong-793 001 • **Shimoga:** Jayarama Nilaya, 2nd Corss, Mission Compound, Shimoga - 577201. • **Shimla:** 1st Floor, Hills View Complex, Near Tara Hall, Shimla - 171001. • **Shivpuri:** A. B. Road, In Front of Sawarkar Park, Near Hotel Vanasthali, Shivpuri - 473551. • **Sikar:** First Floor, Super Tower, Behind Ram Mandir, Near Taparya Bagichi, Sikar - 332001. • **Sitapur:** 12/12 Surya Complex, Station Road, Uttar Pradesh, Sitapur - 261001. 75. • **Solan:** Disha Complex, 1st Floor, Above Axis Bank, Rajgarh Road, Solan - 173212. • **Solapur:** Block No. 06, Vaman Nagar, Opp. D-Mart, Jule Solapur, Solapur - 413004. • **Sonepat:** 2nd Floor, DP Tower, Model Town, Near Subhash Chowk, Sonapat - 131001. • **Sri Ganganagar:** Shop No. 5, Opposite Bihani Petrol Pump, NH - 15, Near Baba Ramdev Mandir, Sri Ganganagar - 335001 • **Sultanpur:** 1st Floor, Ramashanker Market, Civil Line, Sultanpur - 228001. • **Surat:** G-5, Empire State Buliding, Near Udhna Darwaja, Ring Road, Surat-395 002 • **Silchar:** N.N. Dutta Road, Chowchakra Complex, Premtala, Silchar - 788001. • **Srikakulam:** D. No. 4-4-97, First Floor, Behind Sri Vijayaganapathi Temple, Pedda Relli

Veedhi, Palakonda Road, Srikakulam - 532001. • **Gandhinagar:** 123, First Floor, Megh Malhar Complex, Opp. Vijay Petrol Pump, Sector - 11, Gandhinagar, Gujarat, Pin code – 382011. • **Thanjavur:** No .1, Basement, Nallaiyah Complex, Srinivasam Pillai Road, Thanjavur - 613001. • **Tirupathi:** H.No:10-13-425, 1st Floor, Tilak Road, Opp. Sridevi Complex, Tirupathi - 517 501. • **Tirunelveli:** 55/18, Jeney Building, S.N. Road, Near Aravind Eye Hospital, Tirunelveli-627 001 • **Tirupur:** No. 669A, Kamaraj Road, Near Old Collector Office, Tirupur - 641604. • **Thiruvalla:** 2nd Floor, Erinjery Complex, Ramanchira, Opp, Axis Bank, Thiruvalla - 689107 • **Trichur:** 2nd Floor, Brothers Complex, Naikkanal Junction, Shornur Road Near Dhanalakshmi Bank H O, Thrissur-680 001 • **Trichy:** No. 23C/1 E V R Road, Near Vekkaliyamma Kalyana Mandapam, Putthur, Trichy - 6200017 • **Trivandrum:** 2nd Floor, Akshaya Tower, Sasthamangalam, Trivandrum-695 010 • **Tuticorin:** 4 - B A34 - A37, Mangalmal Mani Nagar, Opp. Rajaji Park, Palayamkottai Road, Tuticorin - 628003. • **Udaipur:** 201-202, Madhav Chambers, Opp. GPO, Chetak Circle, Udaipur-313 001 • **Ujjain:** 101 Aashta Tower, 13/1 Dhanwantri Marg, Freeganj, Ujjain – 456 010 • **Vadodara:** 203, Corner point, Jetalpur Road, Vadodara - 390 007 • **Valsad:** 406 Dreamland Arcade, Opp. Jade Blue, Tithal Road, Valsad - 396001 • **Vapi:** Shop No. 12, Ground Floor, Sheetal Appatment, Near K.P. Tower, Vapi-396 195 • **Varanasi:** D-64/132, 2nd Floor, KA, Mauza, Shivpurwa, Settlement Plot No 478, Pargana : Dehat Amanat, Mohalla Sagra, Varanasi - 221010, • **Vellore:** No. 1, M. N. R. Arcade, Officers Line, Krishna Nagar, Vellore-632 001 • **Vijayanagaram:** D. No: 20-20-29, 1st Floor, Surya Nagar, Kalavapuvvu Meda, Near Ayodhya Stadium, Dharmapuri Road, Vizianagaram - 535002. • **Vijayawada:** 39-10-7, Opp. Municipal Water Tank, Labbipet, Vijayawada-520 010 • **Visakhapatnam:** DNO : 48-10-40, Ground Floor, Surya Ratna Arcade, Srinagar, Opp Road to Lalitha Jeweller Showroom , Beside Taj Hotel Ladge, Visakhapatnam - 530016. • **Warangal:** Shop No. 22, Ground Floor, Warangal City Center, 15-1-237, Mulugu Road Junction, Warangal -506002 • **Yamuna Nagar:** B-V, 185/A, 2nd Floor, Jagadri Road, Near DAV Girls College, (UCO Bank Building) Pyara Chowk, Yamuna Nagar - 135001.

In addition to above, for all the Schemes, Eligible Brokers/Clearing Members/Depository Participants as defined in the SID will be considered as the Official Point of Acceptance for the transactions preferred through the MFSS.

Points of Service (“POS”) of MF UTILITIES INDIA PRIVATE LIMITED (“MFUI”) as Official Point of Acceptance: The Online Transaction Portal of MF Utility is www.mfuonline.com and the list of POS of MFUI is published on the website of MFUI at www.mfuindia.com as updated from time to time.

Name, Address and Website of Registrar:

KFin Technologies Private Limited. (Unit: Principal Mutual Fund),

Karvy Selenium Tower B, Plot number 31 & 32, Financial District, Nanakramguda, Serilingampally Mandal | Hyderabad - 500032.

• Tel.: (040) 2331 2454. • www.mfs.kfintech.com.